For The
BEST AGENCY CONTRACT
GET IN TOUCH WITH
MOHAN SONS & CO.,
135, MAHATMA GANDHI ROAD. FORT. BOMBAY 1.
Tel. 28127.
Chief Agents to :—
THE BOMBAY MUTUAL LIFE
ASSURANCE SOCIETY LTD.. ESTD. 1871

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Eaitor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi.

VOL. XXXV NO. 105 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, MAY 3, 1947 Price: 2 Annas

ZODIAC
cures where other fails RING-WORM ITCHES, ECZEMA PIMPLES and similar skin troubles cured in a short time under money back guarantee.
ZODIAC SOAP & ZODIAC OINTMENT
As 12 each
P. C. RAYA & Co.
207 Samuel St. BOMBAY 3.

LIBRARY OF THE ROYAL BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ASIATIC SOCIETY

Congress Takes Up Frontier Issue With Viceroy

No Tampering With Present Ministry

VERDICT OF PEOPLE MUST NOT BE SCRAPPED TO OBLIGE LEAGUE

Envoys From Bengal & Punjab Wait On Working Committee

NEW DELHI, May 2, (A.P.I.): The Congress Working Committee at its session today, it is understood further considered the situation in the N.W.F.P. with particular reference to the reported desire of the authorities to hold fresh elections in the Province.

LETTER TO VICEROY

The Committee is believed to have addressed a letter to the Viceroy opposing the holding of any general elections now and stressing that the first concern of the Government should be to restore Law and Order. It is believed the Committee's opposition to the holding of the elections was mainly due to the fact that elections held in the Province only last year resulted in the success of the present Ministry. The Committee is understood to have been of the opinion that elections should not be held in response to the orders engineered for upsetting a Government and the interest taken by certain highly placed authorities in favour of an election would be construed as a partisan attitude.

In this connection Congress quarters pointed out that the Muslim League was for liquidating the present Ministry or alternatively have a fresh election.

ADJOURNED TO SUNDAY

The Congress Working Committee after nearly a three-hour sitting adjourned at 5-45 p.m. The Committee will not meet tomorrow, but will meet on Sunday.

MAHATMA ATTENDS MEETING

The Congress Working Committee again met at 3 p.m. today. Mahatma Gandhi was present.

Diwan Chamanlal, Pt. Gopichand Bhargava and Pt. Sri Ram Sharma, Punjab Congress leaders, met the Congress Working Committee and explained to the Committee the latest position in their Province.

PROBLEMS OF PUNJAB AND BENGAL

Chaudhri Lahiri Singh, Bakshi Sir Tekchand, Giani Kartar Singh, Sardar Ujjal Singh and Mr. Prithvi Singh Azad were the other Punjab leaders that waited on the Congress Working Committee this afternoon.

It is understood these leaders placed before the Working Committee a resolution adopted by representatives from Punjab earlier today demanding partition.

Mr. Surendra Mohan Ghose and Mr. Kalipada Mukherjee, President and Secretary of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee respectively and Mr. Kiran Shanker Roy, met the Congress Working Committee this afternoon and discussed with the Committee the Bengal situation with particular reference to the present communal disturbances and the move for the creation of a separate province in West Bengal.

The Bengal Congress leaders are again meeting Mahatma Gandhi tomorrow.

Mr. Kiran Shanker Roy, leader of the Opposition in the Bengal Legislative Assembly met Mahatma Gandhi this morning.

After his meeting Mr. Roy told the Associated Press of India that Mahatma Gandhi would probably visit Calcutta after the completion of his Bihar tour.

Nehru And Rajen Babu Meet Gandhiji

NEW DELHI, May 2. (A.P.I.): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon called on Mahatma Gandhi at noon to-day.

Early in the morning Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President of the Constituent Assembly, called on Mahatma Gandhi and was with him for 45 minutes

Thatte Arrested: Mahatma Abandons Prayer

Mr. L. G. Thatte, General Secretary of the "Anti-Pakistan Front," was arrested today outside the Balmiki temple just before Mahatma Gandhi came out for the evening prayers.

Earlier in the day he had sent a letter to Mahatma Gandhi informing him of his intention to object to the recitation of verses from the Quoran at the prayer.

Another person was arrested a little later when he took exception to the recitation of Quoranic verses during the prayers, and shouted 'Hindu Dharamki Jai.' Mahatma Gandhi then discontinued the prayers.

Mahatma Gandhi deplored such narrow-mindedness on the part of the people. Mere shouting of slogans would not carry Hinduism anywhere, he said. He was at a loss to understand why some Hindus objected to his reading the Quoran. If at places the Muslims had not behaved as they should, then it did not mean that the Hindus should retaliate by opposing the reading of the Quoran, he added.

BENGAL'S DEMAND

CALCUTTA, May 1 (API): Three ex-Mayors of Calcutta—Messrs. Sanat Kumar Roy Choudhury, Devendra Nath Mukherjee and Phanindra Natn Brahma—have sent telegrams to the Viceroy demanding "the partition or Bengal removal of the present Mini-

(Continued on page 7)

Sec. 93 Regime In Frontier?

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, May 2.

As a result of Lord Mountbatten's visit the decision is believed to have been reached to declare Section 93 in N. W. F. Province.

Jinnah Meets Viceroy Again

NEW DELHI, May 2, (A.P.I.): Mr. M. A. Jinnah had another interview with the Viceroy at 3 p.m. today.

The interview lasted two and a half hours. This was Mr. Jinnah's ninth interview with Lord Mountbatten.

SIR C. P. MEETS VICEROY

Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Iyer, who arrived here last night, had an interview with the Viceroy today. He is leaving for Ootacamund tomorrow morning.

****

B. C. ROY EXAMINES MAHATMA

NEW DELHI, May 2. (U.P.I.): Dr. B. C. Roy called on Mahatma Gandhi this morning and examined him. Gandhiji appeared to be somewhat run down due to presumably to the strain of work in the rural areas of Bihar in the extreme summer season.

Dr. Roy found the Mahatma's health quite satisfactory.

****

VICEROY FOR SIMLA

"Having come to the end of his preliminary meetings with representative Indian leaders, H. E. the Viceroy, accompanied by H. E. the Viscountess Mountbatten of Burma will be leaving for a short visit to Simla", says a Press Note issued from the Viceroy's house this evening.

It adds: "His Excellency will leave New Delhi after the weekly Cabinet meeting on Tuesday, 6th May, and will be returning in time to preside over the next meeting".

AUCHINLECK IN LONDON

LONDON, May 1. (Reuter): Field Marshal Sir Claude Auchinleck, Commander-in-Chief India, arrived in London tonight by air. He is to attend conferences with Field Marshal Lord Montgomery, Chief of the Imperial General Staff and at the India Office. Field Marshal Auchinlec expects to remain in this country until June.

'AUK' MEETS LISTOWEL

LONDON, May 2, (Reuter): The Commander-in-Chief in India Field Marshal Sir Claude Auchinleck, who arrived here yesterday, met Lord Listowel, Secretary of State for India, this evening. He had spent the day at the India Offict.

ISMAY LEAVES KARACHI

KARACHI. May 2. (A.P.I.): Lord Ismay accompanied by Sir Condrad Corffield, arrived in Karachi in a special work from New Delhi this morning, and left for London after two hours.

Members of the Constituent Assembly coming out of the Assembly premises

(Consembly report on Page 7)

Burma States Agree To Join Consembly

Henderson Announces Addition Of 45 Seats For Frontier Areas

LONDON, May 2, (Reuter): The Burma Frontiers Commission of Inquiry headed by Lt.-Col. David Rees Williams which had been touring the country since March 2, has presented a unanimous report to the British Government. The representatives of all the States, Districts and local areas, have expressed their desire to be associated with the Burma Constituent Assembly.

Announcing this during a debate on Burma in the House of Commons today, Mr. Arthur Henderson, Under-Secretary for Burma, stated that full details of the report were not available. It was proposed, however, that the Constituent Assembly should be augmented by further 45 seats for the Frontier areas.

In reference to imperialism, Mr. Henderson said it was true that Labour members had steadfastly refused to support 100 per cent what was commonly called imperialism but that did not mean they always wanted to apologise for what Britain had done in the past.

BRITAIN'S CONTRIBUTION

Britain had done a great deal for other countries, whether it be Burma, India or other parts of the British Commonwealth, but that did not prevent the Labour party from taking the view that it was the right of every nation to govern itself and attain full independence and freedom.

The fact that the strength of the Commonwealth depended on free association of peoples made at essential that Britain should allow any nation, whether India or Burma to decide freely for itself whether it would be within or without the Commonwealth.

For the Opposition, Mr. Richard Butler, former Under-Secretary for India and Burma, said that the Conservative Party desired to see Burma advance towards self-Government. He did not think that either Burma or India realised that a completely new period for the British Commonwealth of nations was being entered upon. He thought that the Burmese had a great opportunity to be the first to enter into an agreement with the British Commonwealth—not only with Britain—at this new development in their relations—what he called the fourth period of the British Empire or Commonwealth.

Bombay Govt. Battle For More Cloth

Decontrol Or Allotment Of Increased Quota Urged

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Government of Bombay is still earnestly pressing on the Government of India, their view that it would be far better altogether to decontrol cloth.

In the alternative, the Bombay Government are urging Delhi to considerably increase Bombay's quota of cloth.

In this connection, it is learnt, that Mr. Dinkarrao Desai, Minister for Civil Supplies had telephone conversations to-day with Mr. B. G. Kher, the Bombay Premier who is at Delhi in connection with the meeting of the Constituent Assembly. The Prime Minister was posted with the latest situation and the tremendous clamour that has been set up in the city since the drastic cut was announced in a press note issued on Saturday, April 26.

It is understood, however, that there is no immediate prospect of the Government of India changing their attitude. Their view appears to be that in the past people of other provinces had much less cloth than people in Bombay. (The ration quota in Madras, for instance, was as low as five-yards). The Government of India are now determined that every province will get a fair and reasonable allotment of cloth.

Meanwhile Minister Desai explained to representatives of the press to-day that press criticisms indicated a misunderstanding of the situation. He indicated that the Government of Bombay were completely helpless in the matter and all that they had done was merely to take steps for a fair and equal distribution of their resources.

Mr. Dinkarrao Desai and Mr. J. K. Thakore, Provincial Textile Controller between them presented a formidable array of figures to show that no charge could be laid against the door of the Bombay Government.

PROVINCIAL POSITION

The position in a greatly simplified form is somewhat as follows. After a conference of Ministers of Civil Supplies held in Delhi on January 16, the Government of India decided that the per capita quota of cloth for Bombay shall be 13 yards. Except for Sind, Baluchistan and North-West Frontier Province, which have been allowed a slightly higher per capita allocation on

(Continued on page 7)

VANASPATI CONTROL

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI. May 2.

The regulation of Vanaspati in relation to the availability of groundnut oil is believed to be under examination here. The demand of Vanaspati industry on groundnut oil by the end of 1948 is expected to be 500,000 tons as against the total production of 600,000 tons. This demand could be met either by increased production of groundnuts or reduction in the export of oil, both of which are regarded as impracticable. The production cannot be increased without affecting the other food crops. Exports could not be reduced because that would reduce India's foreign exchanges and adversely affect the imports of foodgrains and capital goods. Government of India have decided that there should be no further expansion of the industry and that it should be controlled from the centre. An amendment of the Government of India Act is envisaged to arm the Government of India with the necessary authority

STOP PRESS

NEUTRALS FAVOURED.

PLUSHING May 2 (U P. A): It is understood that a small Committee, consisting of six to eight and possibly upto 12 "neutrals" such as the Scandinavian and Latin American Nations are favoured by the U. S., Britain and France for the Palestine investigation.

U. S. FLEET'S VISIT TO TURKEY.

ISTANBUL, May 2. (A P. A): An American naval force fresh from intensive Mediterranean manoeuvres rode at anchor in the Bosporus tonight, the start of a five-day visit which Turks accepted as a manifestation of the friendship they so badly want.

Hindu-Sikh Convention Demands Punjab Partition

NEW DELHI, April 2 (API).—A Convention of Hindu and Sikh members of the Punjab Legislative Assembly, the Central Assembly and the Constituent Assembly now in session here, under the Chairmanship of Chaudhri Lahiri Singh, former Minister, unanimously passed the following resolution this morning regarding the partition of the Punjab.

"In view of the repeated insistence of the Muslim League upon a division of India and in view of the recent brutal happenings which have caused unheard of sufferings to the Hindus and Sikhs of the Punjab at the hands of those who believe in the creed of the Muslim League robbing the minorities of any sense of security and assurance that their rights, lives and property are capable of protection at the hands of the majority community in the Punjab, this Convention of the Hindu and Sikh legislators of the Punjab and members of the Central Legislature and the Constituent Assembly has come to the conclusion that the only solution of the political problem in the Punjab lies in a just and equitable division of the Province assuring the non-Muslim population of:

THE ONLY SOLUTION

(A) Such territories and assets as they are entitled to according to their numbers and stake in the Province;

(B) Such a total area by drawing a line along the River Chenab, including the districts of the three divisions of Ambala, Jullundur, and Lahore, and one of the contiguous colony districts of Lyallpur or of Montgomery—an area wherein the non-Muslims are in a substantial majority and

(C) Providing for the preservation of the integriety and homogeneity of the Sikh community, the great bulk of whose population is concentrated in this very area.

The division of the Punjab on the lines suggested by this Convention also assures an equitable and distribution of the irrigation system and of State lands and other Provincial Assets created out of the common resources of the Province.

This Convention declares that no Interim arrangement for the administration of the Punjab on a zonal basis should be made which ignores the fundamentals set out above. Since any such arrangement would affect prejudicially the rights of the non-Muslims in the Punjab."

HINDU AND SIKH LEADERS SEE PUNJAB GOVERNOR

LAHORE, May 2: (A.P.I.): Dar Swaran Singh, leader of the Panthic Assembly Party, Lala Bhim Sen Sachar, leader of the Congress Assembly Party, and Sardar Harman Singh, member of the Constituent Assembly saw the Governor of the Punjab, Sir Evan Jenkins, at 4 p.m. today at Government House.

In a two-hour interview they placed before the Governor the Hindu and Sikh point of view with regard to the partition of the Punjab. It is learnt, they urged upon the Governor the necessity of dividing the Province so as to ensure the solidarity of the Sikhs and an equal distribution of Provincial assets, including a share in the Canal Colonies.

They are also reported to have represented to the Governor that the partition of the Punjab merely on the basis of Muslim and non-Muslim majority districts would prejudicially affect the position of the Sikh community, and would provide no solution of the communal problem. Other factors, such as the stakes of the various communities and the necessity of a homeland for the Sikhs had of necessity to be kept in view.

Sardar Swaran Singh and Lala Bhimsen Sachar are expected to have for Delhi by air tomorrow (Saturday) to appraise their respective High Commands of their talks with the Governor.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER.
NEW YORK, May 2.

Previous Closing	29.06
Today's Opening	28.90
Difference	—16
Today's Closing	29.24
Difference	+18

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.
NEW YORK, May 2.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—
Anaconda Copper Mining $36-1/2.
General Motors $58.
United States Steel Common $70.
United States Steel Pref. $144-1/4.
(Reuter).

New Fetters For Indians In East Africa

Immigration Bill As Counterblast To Delhi's Protest

NAIROBI, May 2. (Reuter): The East African Government has introduced new immigration control proposals designed to meet the objections rased by the Indian Government to the original Bill published in April 1946.

India took such a serious view of the original proposal that it sent a Special Commission to East Afica to discuss them.

The new Bill provides for personal capital requirements of would-be immigrants intending to start their own businesses and lays down that immigrants with assured employment must continue in it for at least five years.

Secret Society Blamed For Killing 10 Workers

PALERMO, (Sicily), May 2. (Reuter): Labour organisations here blame "Mafia"—the secret society in Sicily which Mussolini claimed to have stamped out—for the massacre at Portella Della Paola, near Palermo, of eight people, including women and children who were going to a May Day meeting. Twenty-nine people were wounded.

The police have now cordoned off the whole area and detained 30 people.

Reports yesterday said that six people were killed when heavy machine guns opened fire from a hill around the town upon 4,000 workers going to the meeting, but two more have since died.

BRITISH LOAN TO BURMA

RANGOON, May 2. (Reuter): An Anglo-Burmese Financial Agreement is expected to be announced following the negotiations between the Burma Government and the British Treasury Mission just concluded here.

The agreement, which is complete and unanimous, is understood to concede financial autonomy to Burma and cover internal and external aspects of the country's finances.

The British Mission headed by Mr. J. C. Crombie, is now on its way to London.

According to an authoritative source the British Mission, which, it is reported, was vested with full powers in the negotiations with the Burma Government, agreed to consider further financial assistance for Burma in addition to the recent interest-free loans to cover the 1946-47 budget deficit and also additional credit to finance rehabilitions projects. Besides, the British Government will sponsor Burma as a member of the International Monetary Fund and the International Ban.

Revolutionary Army In Burma

RANGOON. May 2. (Reuter): Thakin Ba Sein, leader of the Dobama (Burma for the Burmese) Party and former member of the Interim Government, announced here today that his campaign to raise a "revolutionary army of 100,000 men" was making satisfactory progress.

Ba Sein, who has just returned here after a tour of the districts, told Reuter "volunteers are coming in large numbers. Recruitment centres have been established at various provincial towns. Plans are now in hand for opening training camps" for the army "to fight British Imperialism and its hirelings in Burma—the Anti-Fascist Peoples Freedom League".

MODERN AIDS TO BETTER BUSINESS . . . NO. 1

When the filing girl fumbles...

When the Filing Girl fumbles and funks, please do not frown at her. Instead, provide her with equipments—the right equipments that will inspire efficiency and aid quick, easy reference. 'Noble' Steel Filing and Card Index Cabinets are the ideal ones, with all their inherent strength and security.

NOBLE STEEL PRODUCTS LIMITED

Fire & Burglar-Resisting Safes
Safe Cabinets • Cash Boxes • Lockers
Almirahs • Shelving Racks
Filing & Card Index Cabinets
Safe Deposit Vaults • Strong Doors
Office, Home & Hospital Furniture
Counters • Partitions • Locks

Head Office & Works:
Near Wireless Station, Worli, BOMBAY 18
Bombay Show Room:
Rustom Building, Churchgate St. 256, Kalbadevi Road, Opp Vithalwadi

NBP 451 Gresham Advts.

LEGAL NOTICES

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY
Insolvency No. 52 of 1947.

Re: Messrs. RAJLUXMI PICTURES, a firm, carrying on business as Cine Film Producers at Chembur in Greater Bombay: .. Debtors.

Ex parte: Messrs. BHIKAMCHAND AMEDMALJI & CO., a Registered firm carrying on business at Thakurdwar, Bombay: .. Petitioning Creditors.

On the 29th day of April, 1947, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed Debtors Insolvents.

Dated this 2nd day of May, 1947.
SAKOSH H. A. VAKIL,
Insolvency Registrar.
(3373)

AUCTION SALES

BOMBAY PORT TRUST RAILWAY.
SALE NOTICE.

Under Sections 55 and 56 of the Indian Railways' Act No. IX of 1890, the Bombay Port Trust Railway will sell by Public Auction, through their Auctioneers, Messrs. Mistry & Co., the undermentioned goods at their Cotton Depot, Grain Depot, Manganese Depot and Wadala stations on SATURDAY, the 17th May, 1947, at 2 P.M., 2-30 P.M. 3-30 P.M. and 4-30 P.M. respectively.

Only licensed dealers can bid for controlled goods.

The highest bidders of the controlled goods will be required to obtain permits from the authorising controllers to enable them to remove the goods from the railway premises.

Certificates of sale of controlled goods will be given at the auction by an officer of this Railway.

The goods bid for must be removed within seven days of sale, otherwise wharfage will be charged.

The railway administration reserves the right to withdraw any of the articles from the auction sale without previous notice.

AT COTTON DEPOT (2 P.M.)
26 bales F. P. Cotton.
28 Tele poles.
1 Wagon load of wooden sleepers.
15 E. I. barrels.
1 Bundle containing 8 E. tins.
1 Bag Ajwan.
3 Bags castor seed.
1 Bag masoor.
1 Bag Groundnut seed
AT GRAIN DEPOT. (2-30 P.M.)
20 Bags Soda Ash.
5 Packages iron sheets.
29 Packages flat iron.
5 Bundles iron wire.
3 Bags G. N. Seed.
3 E. I. casks.
240 Empty broken cases.
68 Gunny bags.
2 Bundles tele. stores.
1 Case containing cooker oil.
1 Wagon fire bricks.
5 E. I. Gas Cylinders.
1 Wagon wooden boxes.
54 Loose tarpaulins.
2 Private ropes.
3 Bags castor seed.
1 Bag lac dall.
2 Bags linseed.
1 Bundle Iron pipes.
9 Tins vegetable oil.
SWEEPINGS.
14 Bags Linseed.
2 Bags G. N. Seed.
1 Bag Castor seed.
6 Bags mixed seed.
AT MANGANESE DEPOT.
(3-30 P.M.)
1 Wagon load hard coke.
AT WADALA. (4-30 P.M.)
1 Wagon Pig Iron.

H. A. GAYDON.
Manager.
Bombay, dated, 28th April, 1947.

AUCTION SALE of complete teak dining, drawing, bedroom and hall furniture, comprising dining table, chairs, sideboard, Adison cottage piano, frigidaire, carpets, upholstered suite, peg tables, writing desks, screens, single teak and iron beds, wardrobes, dressing tables, chest of drawers, complete ping-pong table, H.M.V. Radio, glass and platedware, table fans, table lamps, cane furniture and numerous other articles. TOMORROW SUNDAY 4th inst., at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) at "Bombarci", Altamont Road, Cumballa Hill. Property of Sir George E. Cuffe, Kt. and others. On view.

AUCTION SALE OF FORD MOTOR, CHEVROLET TRUCK, TYPEWRITERS, FURNITURE, etc.

Under instructions from the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, M|s. BENNETT & CO., will TODAY SATURDAY, 3rd May, 1947, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at Head Police Office Compound, opp. Crawford Market: 1 Ford motor, 1 Chevrolet truck, paper clipping and duplicating machines, Underwood and Hermes Typewriters, Cupboards, Tables, Card index boxes, Chairs, Writing Desks, table fan, etc.

Terms: Cash and immediate delivery.

BENNETT & CO.

VERY IMPORTANT TO AIRLINE CONCERNS, FACTORY OWNERS AND TARPAULIN MERCHANTS.
AUCTION SALE OF 7676 DRUMS SHELSPRA F|70(BITUMEN) AND 71 DRUMS SHELL SOIL STABILISATION OIL.

M|s. GANDHI & CO., will, under instructions from the C.R.E., Bombay, sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, 9th inst. at 11 a.m. (S.T.) on Bombay Port Trust Plot, near B. Installation of Burmah Shell Oil Storage and Distribution Co., of India Ltd., Sewree:—

7676 drums containing 1136 Tons approx. Shelspra F|70 (Bitumen) and 71 Drums containing 10 Tons approx. Shell Soil Stabilisation.

Terms: 25% Cash Deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTION SALES

BONAFIDE SALE
AUCTION SALE TOMORROW, SUNDAY at 10-30 a.m. Property of C. Gordon Esqr. and others at Chowpatty Seaface near Vianellis Restaurant of complete household and office furniture, steel almirah, singer machine, safe, typewriter, dining, writing and dressing table, chairs, side board, show case, chesterfield, almirah, bed, tables and teapoys, American large ice box, etc., (Sales Tax) T. 40213. EASTERN AUCTION CO.

NEW BEDFORD
TRUCKS 3 TONNERS

available as Chassis or with Goods Bodies or with 800 Gallon Tankers.
Price very reasonable.

Tyres 1050 x 16 for inspection and further details:

THE NATIONAL GARAGE LTD.,
WARDEN ROAD,
Opp: Mahalaxmi Temple,
BOMBAY No. 26.

Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H the Maharaja Gaekwar of Baroda

THE BANK OF BARODA LTD.

(Incorporated in Baroda the Liability of Members being Limited)

Capital Authorised	Rs.	2,40,00,000
Capital Issued and Subscribed	„	2,00,00,000
Capital called up	„	1,00,00,000
Capital paid-up	„	1,00,00,000
Reserve fund	„	1,05,00,000

Head Office: BARODA
Bombay Offices: Apollo Street, Fort and Zaveri Bazar.
BRANCHES:— Ahmedabad (Bhadra), Ahmedabad (Panchkuva), Amreli, Amritsar (Punjab), Bhavnagar, Billimora, Bombay (Fort) Bombay (Zaveri Bazar), Calcutta, Coimbatore, Dabhoi, Dhulia (West Khandesh), Dwarka, Harij (N. G.), Jalgaon (E. Khandesh), Kadi, Kalol, Kapadwanj, Karjan, Lahore, Mehsana, Mithapur, Navsari, Pachora (Pay Office), Patan, Petlad Port Okha, Sankheda, Sayajigunj (Baroda), Sidhpur, Surat, Unjha (N. G.), Visnagar Vyara.
London Agents:
THE EASTERN BANK LTD.
New York Agents:
THE CHASE NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
General Banking Business Transacted
Mathew S. D'SOUZA.
Manager, Bombay.
W. G GROUNDWATER,
General Manager.

THE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 1906

Capital Subscribed ..	Rs.	3,00,00,000
Capital Paid up	Rs.	1,50,00,000
Reserve Fund	Rs.	2,00,00,000

HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
BRANCHES:
AHMEDABAD: Bhadra (Main Office), Ellis Bridge, Manek Chowk Station Branch.
AMRITSAR
ANDHERI: Near Bombay
BANDRA Near Bombay
BOMBAY: Bullion Exchange. Colaba, Kalbadevi, Malabar Hill
BHUJ (Kutch)
CALICUT
COIMBATORE
CALCUTTA: Clive Street (Main Office), Bara Bazar, Chowringhee Square.
HYDERABAD (Sind)
JAMSHEDPUR.
JUNAGADH,
KARACHI.
MADRAS
NAGPUR: Kingsway, Itwari Bazar.
PALANPUR.
POONA
POONA CITY.
RAJKOT.
SURAT.
SHOLAPUR
VERAVAL.
LONDON BRANCH—17 MOORGATE LONDON E C. 2
NEW YORK AGENTS:
THE CHASE NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS
Except at certain places, interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at ½ per cent per annum interest on balances in excess of Rs. 1,00,000 allowed only by special arrangement
FIXED SHORT AND SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS received on favourable terms. Rates on application.
The Bank acts as EXECUTOR AND TRUSTEE UNDER WILLS AND SETTLEMENTS and undertakes trustee business generally. Rules may be obtained on application.
General Banking Business Transacted.

A. C. CLARKE,
General Manager

HERNIA

Wonderful remedy by outward application. Thousands benefitted without operation. Apply for testimonials and directions:—H. C. Roy, Specialist in Hernia DIVINE TREATMENT HALL, 118 Upper Circular Road Calcutta

BEWARE OF SLUGGISH LIVER

Impurities in the blood caused by a sluggish liver can only be rectified by quick and direct action on the red corpuscles as the blood passes through the liver. This is precisely what Livergen does—that's why Doctors say—Livergen for all liver troubles.

ARYAN PAPER MILLS LTD.
DISTRIBUTORSHIP OF PRODUCTS

Most Successful Share Selling Agents will have preference for District or Divisional Zones.

For Particulars write to
MANAGING AGENTS.
12, Chowringhee Square
CALCUTTA.

Indian Merchants Attack Finance Policy

Social Aims Cannot Be Attained By Revolutionising Tax Structure While Maintaining Present Pattern Of Public Expenditure

BOMBAY, Friday

Mr. Ratilal M. Gandhi, President, Indian Merchants' Chamber, speaking at the first quarterly general meeting of the Chamber referred to this year's Budget proposals. He said:—

"It is necessary at this stage to acknowledge that the Indian commercial and industrial interests are alive to the need for relieving the country from the maladjustments of a primitive economy. They share the anxiety of those in power for efforts for removing the social inequalities. The march of time is irresistible and on the eve of political independence India necessarily has to plan for an era of socio-economic progress. But these objectives cannot be attained overnight by merely revolutionising the tax structure and yet continuing the existing pattern of public expenditure."

Continuing, he said: "Let me again make it clear that the commercial and industrial community are alive to the need for increased revenue resources for enabling Government to secure the necessary structural readjustment of the very basis of our economy. They also realise that the rich in the country will have to bear a comparatively larger burden. They are only anxious that the process should be achieved in an orderly manner. Before making far-reaching changes which 'prima facie' do not show the impress of a careful or scientific examination Government should have gone into the whole problem with the assistance of an Expert Committee so as to examine what adjustments or modifications of the existing tax system as a whole, was necessary in order to produce a properly balanced scientific tax structure, fair in its incidence and adequate to the needs of a development policy."

LABOUR STRIKES

He referred to labour strikes in the country and said:—

"Nobody disputes the right of labour to a fair deal. We also recognise that labour has the inherent right of securing that fair treatment to which it is entitled by all legitimate and reasonable means. At the same time, labour must recognise its duty towards society and should not develop an attitude of intransigence and almost hold the public to ransom as in the case of the recent Tramway strike in this city."

Speaking about the legislation of the Government of India amending the Indian Coinage Act, Mr. Ratilal said: "It is unfortunate that a step, which will be generally looked upon with suspicion by the masses of the land, should have synchronised with the emergence of this country as an independent land. It is necessary to sound a note of warning that our administrators, in their zeal for reform, should not be led to practices and policies in facile imitation of what may be obtaining in other countries: such steps will have to be considered and examined in the context of affairs and conditions obtaining here. The East has used silver in its coins from times immemorial. Rupee and silver used to be more or less synonimous terms with the masses of the land. The reform, dictated perhaps by considerations of expediency will deal a heavy blow to that feeling of confidence in the intrinsic strength of the coin."

STERLING TALKS

Mr. Ramdas Kilachand, Vice-President, Indian Merchants' Chamber in the course of his speech referred to many important matters.

Referring to Sterling Balances talks he said: "We would have very much preferred these negotiations to take place in India. However, the Government of India seem to have agreed to the procedure of having the final talks in London. We would at this stage, therefore, only emphasise the need for sending out a strong and representative delegation. The Delegation should include leaders of thought drawn from the non-official commercial sphere. The Indian Delegation must from the very beginning set their face definitely against any talk of possible reduction of these balances.

WANTED NATIONAL SHIPPING POLICY

Referring to Indian Shipping he said: "We had nothing like a national shipping policy. The country is on the eve of political independence. The attainment of that status throws a definite obligation on us for making our own arrangements to defend that independence. We must also see to it that the development of our foreign and domestic commerce is facilitated by our own resources in the sphere of transport. It is, therefore, of paramount importance that India should have a large and powerful navy, both of supply and of defence, and the national shipping policy should aim at the achievement of this twin objective within a reasonable period of time."

Continuing he said: "Time is long overdue when they must state in clear and categorical terms what help they propose to give to Indian shipping and how they propose to secure for that shipping her just, honourable and adequate place now long overdue in the maritime activities of the world."

CAPITAL GAINS TAX

Referring to the Capital Gains Tax, he said: "It is a matter for serious consideration whether an industrially backward country like India, which has yet to make a great leeway towards industrialisation and which shall have to husband all the enterprise and resources to achieve that objective, can follow in the footsteps of an industrially advanced country like the U.S.A. even where the tax has not failed to produce serious repercussions on private enterprise."

BENGAL CONGRESS AGAINST NEPAL SATYAGRAHA

NEW DELHI, May 2 (API).—Mr. Surendra Mohan Ghose, President of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee, Mr. Kiran Shanker Roy, Leader of the Opposition in the Bengal Assembly, Dr. B. C. Roy and Dr. Dr. Shayama Prasad Mukherjee have jointly issued the following statement:

"It appears that some sort of movement has been started against the Nepal Government for the alleged establishment of some popular rights. We are not aware of the detailed circumstances necessitated such a step. We, however, feel convinced that in view of the crisis in India today and the situation obtaining in Bengal, such a movement directed against Nepal is extremely unwise and importune.

"In recent months Gurkhas and other residents of Nepal in Bengal have worked in close co-operation with us and we attach considerable value to the continued goodwill between Nepal and the Hindus of Bengal in particular. We dissociate ourselves entirely from the movement and strongly urge the people of Bengal not to allow themselves to be mixed up with the internal affairs of Nepal in any manner. We advise the promoters of the movement to stay their hands and pursue methods of friendly negotiations in case they feel that they have any legitimate grievances against the Nepal Government. The greater the unity between us and the Nepalese at this crisis the greater is the chance of our protecting those fundamental rights and liberties which are sought to be encroached upon by our enemies."

Seven Arhar Office-Bearers Resign

LAHORE, May 2. (A.P.I.): Expressing full confidence in the leadership of Maulana Abul Kalam Azad Maulana Syed Hussain Madni and Maulana Habib-ur-Rehman, seven office-bearers, including the President and Vice-President, of the Mawanshahr (Doaba) Majlis-i-Arhar, have severed their connections from that body.

The office-bearers have sent a communication to the President of the Majlis-i-Arhar disapproving the decision recently taken to break up their relations with the Congress.

They are Mian Ghulam Mohd. Syed Niaz Ahmed, Chaudhri Allah Bakhsh, Chaudhri Fazal Mohd Khan, Mr. Mehr Din, Mr. Mohd. Shafi and Syed Sardar Hussain Shah.

"Kesari" Press Loses Security

The Government of Bombay has forfeited the securities of Rs. 3,000 each deposited by Mr. A. R. Bhat, Keeper of the "Kesari" Printing Press, Poona and by Mr. G. V. Ketkar publisher of the "Mahratta", Poona.

ART EDUCATION COMMITTEE

The Committee for Art Education appointed by the Government of Bombay in September, 1946, to survey the whole field of Art Education has now completed the work of collecting valuable data and information regarding Art Education at home and abroad. The Committee co-opted the following persons on the various sub-committees appointed by it.

(A) Teaching of Drawing and Art in Primary and Secondary Schools:—(1) V. K. Gadgil, (2) Pulin Dutta, (3) Bhanu Smart.

(B) Fine Arts: (1) N. S. Bendre, (2) N. G. Pansare, (3) N. R. Acharekar, (4) J. M. Ahivasi.

(C) Crafts: (1) V. S. Adurkar, Director, Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay), (2) R. C. Surkatha.

(D) Architecture: (1) D. W. Ditchburn, (2) H. N. Dallas.

In co-operation with these sub-committees exhaustive questionnaire on Fine Arts Drawing and Art in Primary and Secondary Schools, Architecture, and Crafts were widely circulated. Moreover for supplementing the information gained through numerous replies to these questionnaires it was decided to invite persons of experience and matured judgment in Art Education for interviews. Thus the Committee availed itself of every opportunity of studying responsible opinion of different Artists, Art teachers, Art Societies and Organisations as represented through their replies, schemes and resolutions and other literature sent to the Committee. The Committee now expects to start soon drafting of the recommendations.

BOMBAY-KARACHI RAILWAY LINE

KARACHI, May 2 (API): The survey for the direct Karachi-Bombay railway link has been completed and the plans are being considered by the Railway Board. It is considered likely that the new railway will be constructed on the original route via Hyderabad, Badin and Viramgam. The alternative route, which passed through Cutch State, is said to be difficult as a viaduct is required to be constructed at a cost of more than Rs. three crores.

The Cutch State authorities it is learnt, are now approaching the Jodhpur State Railway administration to extend their branch at Mount Abu to Kundla, a Cutch port, the distance being about 200 miles.

All-India Muslim Newspapers' Convention

NEW DELHI, May 2 (A. P. I): The convener of the All-India Muslim Newspapers' Association, Mr. Altaf Husain announces that a convention of all Muslim-owned daily, Bi-weekly and weekly newspapers in India will be held in Delhi on May 9, 10 and 11, 1947. The convention will be inaugurated by Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan.

Invitations have been sent, it is learned to about 200 Muslim newspapers in various Provinces and States.

Those who may not have received the invitation are, therefore, requested to accept this notice in lieu of invitation and to communicate with the management of "Dawn."

MISRA GOES UNDER

Easy Victory For Tloczynski In Championship Semi-final

BOURNEMOUTH, May 2 (Reuter): Sumant Misra, the Indian Lawn Tennis Champion, was beaten in the semi-final of the Men's Singles in the British Hard Court Championships here to-day by Ignancy Tloczynski, the Polish Davis Cup player, who won 6-1, 6-0, 6-3.

Tloczynski gained an unexpectedly easy victory over the tall Indian, losing only four games. The Pole was the livelier player and his accurate length and hard driving on the Indian's forehand gave him advantage. Misra by comparison seemed lethargic, possibly due to wintry conditions—icy winds swept across the Court. The Pole went from a four to one lead in the first set to two to zero in the third, winning ten games in a row. In the final to-morrow, Tloczynski will meet the South African Eric Sturgess who defeated the holder, Jack Harper of Australia, in the semi-finals 6-8, 6-3, 6-3, 6-2.

In the Men's Doubles Semi-final, D. W. Butler and N. G. Farquharson beat K. I. Ahmed and J. Mehta 6-4, 6-4, 4-6, 6-2.

Worcester Beat S. Africa

WORCESTER, May 2 (Reuter).Playing on a sporting and tricky wicket, which a few weeks ago was ten feet under water during the recent floods, Worcester today defeated the South African touring team by 39 runs in the opening three day match of the English first class cricket season.

Today's details are Worcestershire second innings—all out for 111 runs, Athol Rowan, the off-break bowler, taking five for 34. Norman Mann, slow left-arm spinner, five for 36. The South-Africans in their second innings were all out for 107 runs, Jackson, medium-paced, taking four for 53 and Reginald Northworth, left-arm spinner, six for 38.

SWEDEN DEFEATS CZECHOSLOVAKIA

First Round Of Davis Cup Eliminations

MALMOE, (Sweden), May 2, (U.P.A.): Torsten Johansson of Sweden defeated Vladimir Cernik of Czechoslovakia 7-5, 6-4, 6-8, 6-2, in the opening singles match of Europe's most important Davis Cup elimination today.

GREECE DEFEATED BY SWITZERLAND

ATHENS, May 2, (U.P.A.): Jan Spitzer of Switzerland defeated Andreas Manoulides of Greece 6-2, 7-5, 6-1 in the opening singles match of the first round of the Davis Cup eliminations today.

TIME FOR WEILDING SWORD IS PAST

Hidayatullah's Call For Protection To Minorities In Sind

KARACHI, May 2 (UPI): Performing the opening ceremony of a Muslim boarding house at Halla to-day, Sir Ghulam Hussain Hidayatulla, Premier of Sind, called upon the Muslims of Sind to offer safety and protection to the Hindu minority as they had done in the past. Islam, he said, taught them to be generous to the weak.

Continuing he told the Muslims that the time for weilding the sword was past.

One lakh of rupees were collected from amongst the Muslims for a college in Halla town.

RAMADIER ASKS FOR VOTE OF CONFIDENCE

PARIS, May 2 (Reuter): Appealing to the French National Assembly tonight for a vote of confidence in his wage and price pegging policy which is now opposed by Communists, the French Socialist Premier M. Paul Ramadier challenged "if the Assembly agrees with me, let us carry on. If not, let somebody else take the responsibility."

Under the new constitutional rules, a vote cannot be taken before Sunday.

RAID ON GOVERNMENT FOOD OFFICE

While the National Assembly considered the Premier's appeal for confidence, shopkeepers at Agen, southwestern France, rioted and stormed the offices of the Economic Controller.

After a protest meeting against the Food authorities, the shop-keepers tore down the sign in front of the Government Food Office and then went to the office of the Economic Controller, where they cut telephone wires and threw all documents into the street.

The Economic Controller was attacked in the street by some rioters, who burst open his case and threw its contents among the official papers littering the roadway

YOSHIDA CABINET TO RESIGN ON MAY 6

TOKYO, May 2 (Reuter).—Shigeru Yoshida, the Japanese Prime Minister and his entire Cabinet will resign on May 6 when the Imperial edict will be issued calling for convention of the first Japanese Diet under the new constitution, which comes into force on Saturday. Yoshida's Cabinet was formed on February 2 this year.

Autonomy For Sumatra

BATAVIA, May 2, (Reuter): The Indonesian Republic has made the island of Sumatra an autonomous province under a decree quoted by the Republican News Agency "Antara" today. Sumatra, four times the size of Java, with a population of 10,000,000 will be responsible to a Minister in the Republican Government.

Hyderi At Shillong Govt. House

SHILLONG, May 2. (A.P.I.): Sir Akbar Hyderi, Governor-Designate of Assam accompanied by Lady Hyderi and their two daughters arrived at Government House this afternoon and were welcomed by the retiring Governor Sir Andrew Clow and Lady Clow.

The swearing-in-ceremony of the new Governor takes place tomorrow.

The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

NADKARNI CUP FAILS TO ROUSE PUBLIC ENTHUSIASM

BY J. C. MAITRA.

The Nadkarni Cup Soccer Tournament has now entered its closing stages. But the interest and enthusiasm which we have seen in the past is not noticeable this year. Even when some of the quarter-final matches were played, the attendance at the Cooperage was definitely small. This may be partly due to the disturbed condition of the city and the inconvenient hours during which the games were staged.

But more than that I believe it is due to change of its complexion. In the past, it was open to purely Indian sides, which gave a great fillip to the Indian players and spectators alike. As there are several other competitions in which Indians and Europeans play together I think it would be wiser for the W.I.F.A. to restore it to its former basis.

HIGH GATE CHARGES

There is another thing which has adversely affected the gates is the unreasonably high charges at the eastern enclosure. The members of the W.I.F.A. Committee may consider the rate of five annas is low. But the class of people for whom this tournament is particularly catered for finds it exceedingly difficult to pay even this small sum frequently.

It is for this reason I took great pains to persuade Sri Morarji Desai, Minister for Home and Revenue, to remove the Entertainment Tax from two annas. If the sporting bodies do not take full advantage of this concession, they must thank themselves for their poor collections.

I wish our sports administrators realise that it is always preferable to have more people within the enclosures at cheaper rates than have lesser number at higher charges. And it pays in the long run too. Would the W.I.F.A. try this during the League Season?

LOW STANDARD OF PLAY

The teams that have reached the penultimate stage of the Nadkarni Cup are the G.I.P. Railway, conquerors of Tatas, the holders, Trades, the runners-up, Rangers (the City Police under different name) and Karnatak 'A'. All of them possess almost the same outfit as did Service for them last season. I did not, however, see them in any high colours. We can hardly expect the same players to retain their brilliant form for any number of years. New blood must be introduced every year to vitalise and strengthen the combination. After all a player however healthy and strong he may be, cannot maintain his calibre for ever. He is bound to deteriorate gradually. That is the case with most of our old stars. We are looking forward to the young ones coming on.

COMPOSITION OF SENIOR LEAGUE

We do not yet know who will form the Senior Division of the Harwood League. British Service teams are an uncertain quantity as they are preparing to leave India in steady degrees. The Leicesters having left Bombay, their successors, the Somersets, are expected to join the lists. The R.A.F. is also a probable entrant. The others who are sure to be included are Trades, Tatas, Rangers and G.I.P. Railway. It is a pity the Firestones who won the second division of the League, are unable to field a side. Otherwise they would certainly have figured in the senior division this year. Anyway I hope every effort will be made by the Committee to rouse public enthusiasm during the coming months

"IMPRUDENCE" WINS 1,000 GUINEAS

NEWMARKET May 2 (Reuter).—IMPRUDENCE won the 1,000 Guineas. ROSE GLYNN was second and WILD CHILD third.

Twenty ran.

Betting: Four to one IMPRUDENCE which was favourite, 100 8 ROSE GLYNN, 20 1 WILD CHILD

Won by neck. Head separated second and third.

MYSORE GOVT. LIFTS BAN ON RACING

BANGALORE, May 2 (API): The Government of Mysore has reconsidered its previous decision and has now permitted horse-racing in Bangalore this year. The order banning the entry of horses into the State will also be withdrawn. Instead of eleven days racing allotted for this venue, this year there will be only seven days racing. Racing will commence on June 7 and continue upto 28 as at present contemplated.

Following the prior decision of the Mysore Government not to permit racing in Bangalore, the Royal Calcutta Turf Club extended racing in Ootacamund by two more days and permitted Secunderabad to hold two extra meetings before the actual season. Now that permission has been given for racing in Bangalore, the local Club has asked the Royal Calcutta Turf Club to ask Secunderabad and Ooty to give up the extra days in order to accommodate Bangalore.

III-LEARN HOMOEOPATHY-III

(1) Learn it, if you would serve your country Homoeopathy is getting popular among the educated class and is bound to play a great part in the new world order. It reveals the medicinal effects of Atom-splitting, the great scientific discovery of the age. ATOMIC ENERGY produces the Imperialist's destructive bombs and the commoner's benevolent medicine.

(2) Homoeopathy is easily learnt and practised. Diplomas granted. Scholarships and free Medicine Chests are offered to deserving candidates who enrol earlier.

For Prospectus apply to:— THE GRACE MEDICAL MISSION. Mavelikara, Travancore.

AVAILABLE FOR SALE SILICATE OF CARBIDE GRINDING WHEELS, CARBORUNDUM POWDER, FLUXITE SOLDERING PASTE, PORTABLE ELECTRIC COFFEE GRINDING MILLS ONE LB. PER MINUTE, ELECTRIC STOVES WITH TOASTERS, ELECTRIC FACE CREAM PORTABLE MIXING MACHINE

AVAILABLE FROM STOCK IN AMERICA RECONDITIONED COMPLETE JOB PRINTING AND NEWSPAPER PRINTING PRESSES; 750 & 1,000 TONS SUGAR PRODUCING PLANTS, MACHINE TOOLS, ELECTRIC ARC STEEL SMELTING FURNACE SURPLUS AMERICAN GOVERNMENT STORES PORTABLE, ELECTRIC WELDING SETS, BOILERS, GIN MILL MACHINERY, AUTOMATIC LOOMS, SPINNING PLANTS, WOOLLEN MILL LOOMS, IMPORTERS OF SOAP PLANTS & OIL MILLS MACHINERY, CHLORINE, ALKALI PLANTS, ELECTRICAL FANS FITTINGS ACCESSORIES, FOUNDRY MACHINERY ETC:

For prices & particulars, please apply to:
RUSTOMJI NOWROJI BAPASOLA
Industrial Machinery Supplier, 62, Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay.
Telephone: No. 26623. Telegrams: "BAPASOLA" Bombay

Cool Refreshing
Fragrant
for your daily use

Dab your brow, your neck, your arms with Tata's Eau-de-Cologne on a hot day! Its cool astringent touch brings you relief from heat and fatigue, for its delicate scent is like a breath of cool air from the Hills.

It helps you to look fresh and feel cool in a difficult climate. Keep a bottle always on your dressing-table and use it daily.

Tata's EAU DE COLOGNE
THE TATA OIL MILLS CO. LTD.

Copyright Tata Oil Mills JWT

Digitized by Arya Samaj Foundation Chennai and eGangotri
Government of Maharashtra
on 18 April, 2017

Arab States Receive Second Set-Back

U. N. Assembly's Plenary Session Rejects Motion

FLUSHING MEADOWS, (New York) May 2 (Reuter): The Arab States, whose motion for a full discussion of Palestine independence was rejected by the United Nations General Assembly's Steering Committee on Wednesday night, received a second set back last night when the Assembly itself rejected from its agenda their motion for a declaration of Palestinian independence.

The Plenary Session of the Assembly, specially called to consider the Palestine problem, rejected the motion by 24 votes to 15 with 10 abstentions. Those voting in favour of the Arab proposal includeo India, Soviet Russia, the Ukraine, Yugoslavia, Byelo-Russia, Cuba, Argentine, Boliva, Turkey, Afghanistan, and Persia.

The President assured the delegates, however, that he would give an opportunity for a free discussion of the Palestine question and that it would be freely and openly discussed by the Assembly's Political Committee.

The Assembly had earlier agreed, despite Arab opposition, to place on its agenda the British proposal for the appointment of a fact-finding Committee.

The Arab States are now expected to raise strong opposition to the proposal that Jewish organisations should have a right to appear before the United Nations when the matter comes up before the Steering Committee today.

The United States delegation made it clear that it favours letting Jews and other Palestinian spokesmen State their case before the Political Committee. The British are lukewarm towards this suggestion, but are now not likely to put up a strong objection.

It was learned that the United States have been sounding the delegations on an alternative proposal to appoint a small sub-Committee to hear the Jewish case, but Jewish agency spokesmen emphasised that they would boycott such a small Committee.

WASHINGTON May 2. (Reuter): The State Department announced today the signing of a Bilateral aviation agreement between the United States and Argentina.

NEOCID *saves money in your home*

...you give the inside of cupboards and drawers a light dusting with NEOCID 10% DDT powder every month. If clothes are stored in trunks dust NEOCID lightly between clothes. This will give protection lasting for months. NEOCID definitely saves your beautiful and costly clothes from cockroaches, silverfish and moths—NEOCID does not stain fabrics—brushes out easily before wearing.

NEOCID acts slowly but surely. If not removed, it remains active for months.

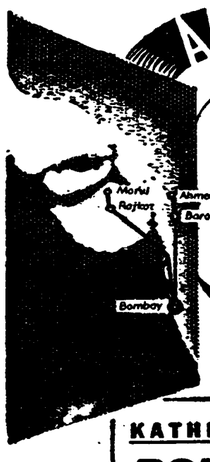
use DDT NEOCID ..and use it right!

GEIGY INSECTICIDES LIMITED
Neville House, Nicol Rd., Ballard Estate, Bombay 1

DDT Geigy DDT

Distributors for Bombay Presidency: Messrs. Darwesh Bros., Shruti Mansion, Princess Street, Bombay

AMBICA AIR LINES



GUJARAT AIR EXPRESS
BOMBAY —BARODA —AHMEDABAD
TUESDAY & FRIDAY Return WEDNESDAY & SATURDAY

KATHIAWAR AIR EXPRESS
BOMBAY —RAJKOT —MORVI
MONDAY THURSDAY SATURDAY

For information, phone or call at
CITY BOOKING OFFICE
N. M. Wadia Building, Bell Lane, Fort, Bombay
Phone: 32354 Juhu Aerodrome 86358

For the convenience of passengers intending to go anywhere in Kathiawar from Rajkot through air-cum-motor tickets will be issued from our Bombay booking-office.

Stabbing Outrage In Running Train

Bombay Nurse's Narrow Escape From Death

JUBBULPORE. May 1 (A.P.I.): Miss Allamba a South Indian nurse employed in Indian Military Hospital Jubbulpore travelling alone at night in a first class compartment narrowly escaped death after being stabbed and thrown out of a moving train according to a report from Harda.

The nurse entrained the Bombay mail last night at Jubbulpore and was bound for Bombay. When the train left Itarsi an unknown assailant entered her compartment stabbed her on the forehead and flung her out of the train the report adds.

She fell on the embankments escaping death Getting up she attended to her injuries and walking eight miles reported the matter to the police at Itarsi.

The police are reported to have recovered a blood stained knife bearing the railway dining car's monogram from Miss Allamba's compartment.

CHARGE OF ACCEPTING BRIBE

Officer Of Remand Home Arrested

BOMBAY Friday.

Alexander Bisahu Joglekar a probationary Officer in the Children's Remand Home Umerkhadi was arrested by the Anti-Corruption Branch on Thursday for alleged acceptance of bribe.

It appears a minor girl was remanded to the Children's Remand Home and Mr. Joglekar was detailed to make enquiries about her. On one date of the hearing of the case the girl's father appeared in the Juvenile Court and made an application for the bail of the girl Mr. Joglekar was deputed to make enquiries about the girl's father made a favourable report after accepting money from him.

On being released on bail the girl was kidnapped by one Kantilal. The Court deputed the accused to make enquiries about Kantila. It is alleged Joglekar also received illegal gratification from him also.

Later Joglekar met the girl's father and promised to divulge the present address of the girl on payment of money. He "agreed" but informed the Anti-corruption Branch.

Inspector Rao Saheb Shete and Sub-Inspector Talwar laid a trap for the accused while receiving marked coins from her father. Joglekar was arrested.

He was produced before the Chief Presidency Magistrate today and released on bail.

CONVICTED FOR ASSAULTING PLEADER

Hassanali Kasam was sentenced today to undergo one month's R. I. and to pay a fine of Rs. 20 by Mr. J. M. Barot, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court for assault on Ratilal Ramkrishna Kalola a pleader in the premises of the Small Causes Court.

Some time ago, it appears the pleader was making some inquiries regarding a case with a clerk of the Court when the accused came there and saying as to how he was concerned in it, assaulted him.

The magistrate took a very serious view of the case and sentenced the accused as above.

12 Govt. Servants Caught Red-Handed

The Anti-Corruption Branch, Poona caught the following 12 Government servants red-handed just after had accepted illegal gratification:—

A Ticket Collector an Uarmed Police Constable an Assistant Veterinary Surgeon, a city Surveyor, an Officer Commanding R.I.A.S.C Buchery, an Assistant Octroi Inspector a Kulkarni, a Talathi, a Canal Inspector a Station Master, a Deputy Station Master and a Forester.

In addition to this, a case for accepting ilegal gratification against a Sub-Range Forest Officer Godhra was also detected after making enquiries into the complaints received from the Public.

TURKISH WHEAT ARRIVES IN KARACHI

KARACHI, May 1. (A.P.I.): A consignment of 3,000 tons of Turkish wheat arrived from a Turkish port in Karachi to-day This is the third shipment of Turkish wheat allotted to India. More shipments are expected during the week.

U. S. Gold For India

NEW YORK, May 1. (Reuter): It is learned that a shipment is being sent by air tomorrow from here of 56 lbs. of gold to Beirut and the Lebanon for reshipment to India

Defamation Case Against Patna Editor

PATNA, May 2 (U.P.I.): The sensational defamation case filed by the Revenue Minister, Mr. Krishna Ballabh Sahay, against Dr. Sachin Sen, Editor, Mr. Mahabir Das, printer and publisher of the "Indian Nation" and Mr. Akhileshwar Prasad, a pleader of Hazaribagh, under Section 500 I.P.C. opened to-day in the Court of the District Magistrate of Patna.

A petition was filed on behalf of the "Indian Nation" for transfer of the case to the Munsif Court which was granted. The court fixed May 5 for hearing of the case and released the accused on a bail of Rs. 500 each.

The case arose out of a letter published in the "Indian Nation" dated March 26 last containing alleged defamatory statements against the Revenue Minister under a caption "Secret About Abolition of Zamindari."

DEMONSTRATION AT TRIESTE

TRIESTE, May 2 (Reuter). About 25,000 Italians demonstrated in the main square of Trieste tonight.

Earlier today, a handgrenade was thrown during the Communist demonstration but there were no casulties.

BLOW TO EUROPEAN CONCERNS

KARACHI, May 2 (U.P.I.): The Food Department of the Government of India have displaced two European firms—Ralli Brothers, Limited, and Volkert Brothers—who were hitherto handling their imported foodgrains from overseas and railing them to the deficit areas. Two Indian firms, namely, the Bachhraj Factories, Limited, and the Bombay Steam Navigation Company, Limited, have been appointed in their places.

It is learnt that on each shipment received here from overseas the companies used to earn about Rs. 10,000 or more as storage, loading and unloading charges etc.

DELHI WARNING TO INDUSTRIES

NEW DELHI May 1 (API.) A Press Note says:—

Industries which have not so far applied for assistance or protection are warned that unless applications are received by the Commerce Department before the end of July the Government of India are likely to allow, after that date, the importation of the articles concerned without any unnecessary restrictions. Each application must make out a "prima facie" case for the desired protection or assistance.

NEW PETROLEUM PLAN

From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, May 1.

The Government of India are making a petroleum plan, the basic feature of which will be the insistance on the participation in the management and control now exercised by oil companies operating in India. Oil has become the sinews of peace and war and the Government of India hold that they should have an effective say in its management. Secondly they will insist upon young Indians being trained by oil companies not only on the business side but also on the operational side of the oil industry.

The Government further intend to spend large sums of money on prospecting oil in India for which purpose upto date machinery is likely to be imported at an early date

SANE GURUJI NEED NOT FAST

The Government of Bombay has noticed a report in the Press that Sane Guruji has begun his contemplated fast to death in order to get the Vithoba Temple at Pandharpur opened to Harijans

The Government is convinced that there is no need for Sane Guruji to go on a fast to achieve the object he has in view, as the efforts of the Government are directed to throwing open not only this temple, but all other temples also in the Province to Harijans

It is worth recalling in this connection that the Government of Bombay has already enacted legislation to remove the other social Disabilities of Harijans The Removal of Social Disabilities Act has not only been passed by the Legislature, but the Government has issued orders and instructions to ensure that the provisions of the Act are actually translated into action in favour of the Harijans

MAHATMA AGAINST SANE'S FAST

NEW DELHI, May 2. (A. P. I.): Mahatma Gandhi has sent a telegram to Mr. Sane, Socialist leader known as "Sane Guruji", asking him to give up the fast which he began yesterday at Pandharpur to secure the entry of Harijans to the temple of Vithoba there.

The telegram states: "On facts before me your fast wholly wrong. Pandharpur Mandir will be opened shortly to Harijans. Your courage and greatness should disdain taunts of men however great or many. Please stop fast and wire."

Mahatma Gandhi has also sent the following telegram to Kaka Saheb Barve, President of the Maharashtra Harijan Sevak Sangh, Pandharpur:—

"Your wire. Have met Balasaheb (Mr. B. G. Kher) and Shankerrao. Am quite clear fast wholly indefensible. Please dissuade Sane Guruji and wire."

Mudie Inspects Lower Sind Barrage

KARACHI, May 1. (A.P.I.): The Governor, Sir Francis Mudie, accompanied by A. P. W. D. official to-day drove towards Jherruck, about 60 miles from Karachi, and inspected the works started under the Lower Sind Barrage. The Governor inspected the Kabri-Baghar feeder and also saw the working of tractors and scraper.

U. S. "Air Letter" Service Opened

WASHINGTON.—The first U.S. "air letter" sheet—the postwar counterpart of the V-mail—was presented to Commerce Secretary Harriman to-day in a ceremony inaugurating the new U. S. postal service. Thirty ambassadors, ministers and other dignitaries were present at the ceremony.

The 'air letter" sheet is designed to go anywhere in the world for ten cents and will be placed on sale at post offices throughout the country Wednesday.

MADAGASCAR REBELS STORM MORAMANGA PRISON

TANANARIVE, May 1 (Reuter). The Madagascar rebels last night raided the town of Moramanga east of Tananarive ransacking the post office and killing four Madagascan postmen, French sources reported today.

Unconfirmed reports added that the rebels had also taken the Moramanga Prison by storm and kidnapped several Madagascar inhabitants with their families.

"DOWN WITH FRANCO REGIME"

STOCKHOLM May 1 (Reuter). Several hundred young men and women demonstrated before the Spanish legation here today pelting doors and windows with oranges and showting "Down With Franco Regime."

The demonstrators disappeared as soon as a flying squad of cars arrived.

Meherally Lunches With Listowel

British Govt. In A Quandary Over Jinnah's Demand, He Says

LONDON, May 2 (U.P.I.): Mr Yusuf Meherally, the Indian Leader who is now in London, lunched today with Lord Listowel Secretary of State for India, and had talks earlier with other members of the British Cabinet.

Although Mr Meherally could not divulge the contents of his talks, he gave the "United Press of India" his own impression that the British Government was now definitely in a quandary over Mr. Jinnah's insistence over complete separation of Pakistan from the Indian Union contrary to their scheme for India and their interests. He thought that the Congress support for partition of Bengal and the Punjab which originated as a counter-bargaining demand was gaining ground and become a serious issue and further complicating the situation.

Mr. Meherally leaves for America by the "Queen Elizabeth" on her next sailing day in two or three days time. He expects to stay in America for about four months for medical treatment.

NO JAPANESE IMMIGRATION INTO CANADA

OTTAWA, May 2 (Reuter): The Canadian Prime Minister Mr. Mackenzie King announced in the House of Commons here today that Canada had no intention of admitting a large number of orientals and would allow no Japanese immigration.

SURAT TEACHERS TO OBSERVE ONE-DAY FAST

SURAT May 2 (A.P.I.): The Surat City Primary Teachers have decided to observe one day fast to sympathise with the Surat District Primary Teachers who have been refused payment by the District Board of their salary for the day when they abstained from schools in observance of "Teachers Day"

A meeting of the City Primary Teachers Association appealed to the Government to intervene in the matter

French Govt's Prices & Wages Policy

Ramadier To Ask For Vote Of Confidence

PARIS, May 2. (Reuter). A three-hour meeting of the French Cabinet broke up last night without bridging the gulf between the Communist leaders and Socialists and the Popular Republicans on the wages policy. It was learned semi-officially.

The Communist Ministers did not however hand in their resignations

The Prime Minister M. Ramadier will ask for a vote of confidence of his financial policy when the National Assembly meets this afternoon. It was understood. This will force the Communists to show their hand publicly, lobby observers considered.

The Minister of Information, M. Pierre Bourdam, made this statement following the Cabinet meeting. "unity of the Government's prices and wages policy no longer exists within the Cabinet and it was decided that the Prime Minister will present Government's programme to the Parliament and will ask for a vote of confidence thereon".

JOINT SOVIET-AMERICAN COMMISSION ON KOREA

WASHINGTON, May 1 (UPA). Authoritative sources said today that the United States would announce within two or three days, possibly tomorrow, its decision on the reconvening of the joint Soviet-American Commission on Korea.

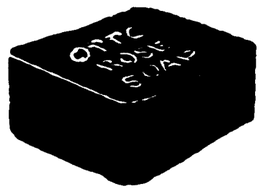
It is expected that the State Department, while expressing its gratification at Moscow's acceptance of Marshall's invitation to resume the sessions which broke off last May, will point out that Russians and the Americans still have not agreed as to which Korean Parties should be "consulted," and will suggest clarification on this point before going to the trouble of reconvening.

PRESIDENT TRUMAN NOT TO ATTEND BAPTIST CONFERENCE

WASHINGTON May 1 (UPA). President Truman's Press Secretary Charley G. Ross, said today that the reports from Copenhagen that the president would attend the Baptist Conference there in July, were absolutely untrue.

TEMPTATION!

Healthy Complexion demands attention. PATANWALA SOAPS preserve skin richness



Patanwala
PERFUMES & COSMETICS
(ORRIS)

FILARIA

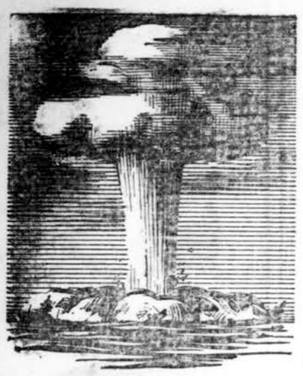
Sure curative odeo. & lasting cure by ROSRAY 'Ora' a Imported. Safe, never failing, never bitter to swallow, give flavour & other drugs. Apply for free booklet & terms. ROSRAY & CO. 186 Chittaranjan Avenue, Calcutta (Phone No B 6088).

a factory is as good

as its Canteen

No matter how efficient the factory, how modern its equipment or how well trained its executives, it will not produce maximum results without an adequate Canteen. For it is here that workers find happiness and health, rest and relaxation. It is here that morale is maintained in the face of long shifts and hard work. A Canteen should be an integral part of the factory—well built, light, airy, well equipped. Its utensils should be clean and shining, its water supply above suspicion. Good food and an efficient staff are necessary. And plentiful supplies of good tea are of course essential. Do not make Canteen organization a sparetime job. Treat it with the seriousness it deserves and it will pay handsome dividends in low absenteeism and industrial peace.

The Indian Tea Market Expansion Board are issuing a number of pamphlets on the subject of Factory Canteens. If you are interested, you may be placed on the free mailing list for Canteen literature by applying to the Commissioner for India, Indian Tea Market Expansion Board, 101, Clive Street, Post Box 2172, Calcutta.



ATOMIC EXPERIMENTS

have not yet succeeded in benefiting mankind but ARGOTONE Nasal Drops confer the greatest possible benefit by giving instant relief to all sufferers from colds and catarrh.

★

The formula of Argotone Nasal Drops is printed BOLDLY and PROUDLY on every carton and label because it is quickly recognised by doctors as the IDEAL TREATMENT FOR CATARRH, COLDS, AND HAY FEVER.

Medical opinions agree that a stable solution of Silver Vitellin and Ephedrine Hydrochloride in normal saline clears congestion of the nose and throat, soothes and heals the inflamed membranes.

The wide use of Argotone throughout the world today is the result of consistent recommendation by doctors and chemists. You cannot do better than take their advice at the first sign of a cold or catarrh. Get a bottle of Argotone today—complete with dropper Rs. 3 available at all chemists.

ARGOTONE
NASAL DROPS
Made in England by
RONA LABORATORIES LIMITED
DJK 5885

BUY
3 YEAR CASH CERTIFICATES
OF
BANK OF DECCAN LTD.,
Kottayam, S. India
And earn 6% simple interest

HAKIM • DOCTOR • VAIDYA

Dr. Amritdhara PRESCRIBES FOR ALL AILMENTS

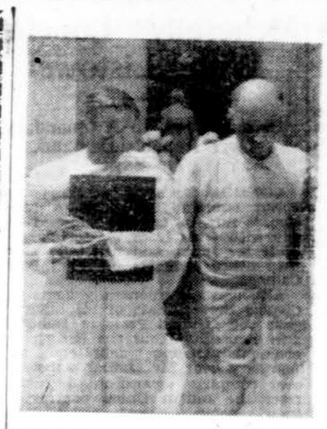
Here is a physician, who combines commands all that is best in Allopathy, Ayurveda and Unani medicine. He inspires faith in all, whether one trusts a Doctor, Vaidya or Hakim. He provides for you the ready services of all the three-Doctor, Vaid and Hakim He is bottled in a small phial, which acts as your body guard against all everyday ailments. A pain-killer, both for external as well as internal use; a reliable First-aid and Germicide; a great remedy for Cold, Cough, Influenza for all digestive disorders including Cholera; a panacea for skin diseases; poisonous stings or bites, it is justly insurance against disease. It saves money and time as it is remedy for a 100 remedies and a ready physician always at your service, to be had every where. Price As. 8. Rs. 1-0 and 2-8 0

AMRITDHARA
Address:—AMRITDHARA LAHORE.

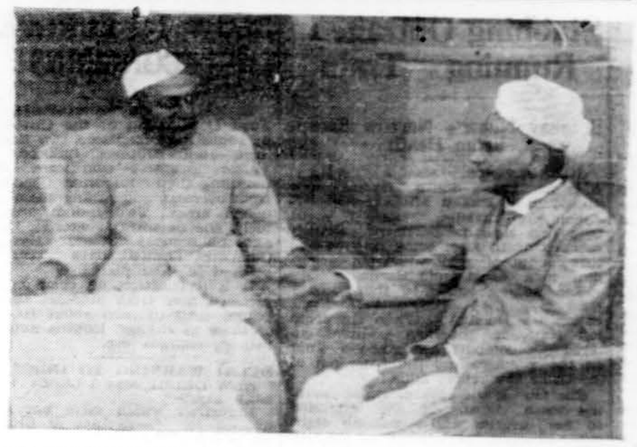
LACTOPEPTINE
ENDS INDIGESTION

INDIGESTION is the cause of nine tenths of human suffering. The food you eat should contain the basis of your health and strength, but how *can* you be well if it is causing you to double up with pain, "burning" you with acidity and producing distension and flatulence? You will obtain immediate relief from these ailments by taking LACTOPEPTINE

Copyright: JWT(E)LTD.



Desh Bandhu Gupta and Dr. S. P. Mukherji at the Consembly on Monday.



Mr. Varadacharya, Chairman of the Central Pay Commission, meets Rajendra Babu.

WHAT SORT OF PEOPLE ARE M.P.s?

(By JOSEPH KALMER)

A recent issue of the "British Journal of Psychology" contains a survey by Mrs. Nancy E. Robertson and Dr. J. A. Waites dealing with the present composition of Britain's House of Commons. The authors, with Geoffrey W. Furness as a co-worker, belonged to a team working for the Psychological Department of Manchester University under the direction of Professor T. H. Pear.

The problem consisted in determining, with tolerable accuracy, by means of statistics, the type of men representing the British people in Parliament and was solved by asking the Members of Parliament themselves.

Answers were received to 67 per cent. of the 640 questionnaires sent out to M.P.s of all Parties, and many of them not only answered the questions but gave additional valuable and unsolicited information.

The questions dealt mainly with the Members' education and career. Fifty-six per cent of the 300-and-odd Labour M.P.s were found to be children of skilled manual workers and 10 per cent. of unskilled workers, which means that 66 per cent. of the Labour Members come from working class homes.

None of the Conservatives is the son of an unskilled worker and only one "Other Party" Member answering the questionnaire falls in this category. One of the Conservative Members, however, stated that he would now be employed on unskilled work were he not concerned with politics.

Manual Workers

Forty-one per cent. of the Conservatives and five per cent. of the Labour M.P.s began their careers in the Fighting Services. Of the other Labour Members 32 per cent. started their careers as manual workers, 31 per cent in the professions and 28 per cent in the black-coated trades and in "dead-end" jobs (messengers and errand boys, etc.)

Over half the Labour M.P.s, 40 per cent of the Conservatives, and 25 per cent of the other Parties make politics a whole-time job.

At what age did the various M.P.s start work? The following table gives the age group percentages.

Age	Labour	Conservatives	Other Parties
Under 14	30	2	9
14-16	33	8	28
17-21	21	57	28
Over 21	16	33	25

It can be seen from this table that at the least 30 per cent of the Labour Members could have had only elementary school education. Actually 37 per cent of Labour Members had attended only elementary schools, whereas 78 per cent. of the Conservatives went to higher private schools.

Professor T. H. Pear stated in a recent publication that the "make-up of the present House conforms more closely to that of the population than ever before." The membership of the House of Commons, considered in the light of present-day employment, gives the following statistical table:

Employment	Labour No.	Labour Per cent	Conservative No.	Conservative Per cent	Other Parties No.	Other Parties Per cent.
Politics as profession	176	56	36	40	8	25
Skilled Workers	16	5	8	9	2	6
Unskilled Workers	—	-	1	1	-	-
Blackcoat	22	7	6	7	1	3
Medicine	5	2	1	1	-	-
Law	27	9	12	13	7	22
Teaching	14	4	1	1	1	3
Journalism	22	7	3	3	4	13
Business	31	100	23	25	9	28
Total	313	100	91	100	32	100

An interesting feature of the investigation concerns the Members' later completion of their education. Thus, the majority of Labour Members who started work at about 13, attended evening classes, specialising in such subjects as book-keeping, economics, history, and sociology—of use to them in their work or political life.

Government Experience

Many Labour M.P.s have acquired "government" experience through membership of local government bodies. About half the Members of the Commons attended universities, the percentages being 40 per cent. Labour and 60 per cent for Conservative Members.

Only a few M.P.s have specialised in the physical sciences, even in this atomic age. Comparatively few Members of the House have business interests, only 12-1,2 per cent of those who answered the questionnaire being in business or industry, whereas in former, and comparatively recent, Parliaments, the per centage of those engaged in business reached 50. Times have, however, changed and, as has been shown, the composition of Parliament reflects the professional structure of the population.

The age of those representing Britain was also the subject of investigation. The average age of M.P.s was 50 years 3 months, which is nine months younger than that of the Members chosen at the 1935 elections. The Conservatives supply the younger age groups.

AIR SERVICES OF INDIA LTD.

Regular Daily Service
BETWEEN
BOMBAY And JUNAGADH
With 21 Seater DAKOTAS

Immediate special rail motor trolley connection from Keshod station, to Junagadh, Bantva Saradiya and Veraval at Rs. 5/- per passenger.

INQUIRE:
THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION Co., Ltd.
Ballard Estate, BOMBAY

Phone: 21919 Head Office
25744 Mandvi Office
86236 Juhu

Telegrams: "AIRTAXIES"

Peace and Quietness

To pass the days of old age in Peace and Quietness is the pleasant privilege of a few who had forestalled the agonising responsibilities of old age in the days of their prime youth — responsibilities of maintaining increasing members of the family, educating the children getting them married etc. An adequate coverage of a sound life insurance policy is what wise men avail themselves of in the early days of their life

Consult us before insuring elsewh

HINDUSTAN CO-OPERATIVE INSURANCE SOCIETY Ltd.
HEAD OFFICE :CALCUTTA
BOMBAY BRANCH
"HORNBY ROADPORT"
BRANCH MANAGER
S. C. SIRKER
India's leading life Office

GEM MICROMATIC IS ITS NAME

Rs.4/6/-
IN ATTRACTIVE SIMULATED CASE WITH 5 BLADES.

THE SENSATIONAL NEW RAZOR AND BLADES

★ New GEM Micromatic Razor. All metal beautifully plated in gold or nickel.

Made in one piece Nothing to take apart. No sections to assemble Easy to clean. Will not clog. A twist of the handle opens the razor to insert the blade. For Singledge or Reversible GEM blades.

GEM BLADES
Singledge or Reversible are now available everywhere to give you a finer, keener shave
As. 14 - per packet of 5 blades.

AVOID '5 O'CLOCK SHADOW'

DJK 6262

Sole Agents India, Burma, and Ceylon:
ALI & ROBERTSON LIMITED
12, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY
Authorised Wholesale Distributors Bombay District:
AKBARALLY MULLA RASSULJEE, MOHAMED AHMED & BROS.,
97, Bhusari Mohalla, BOMBAY. 220, Cutlery Bazar, BOMBAY.

A New Spanish Armada In Action

Growth Of Communist Party

(From Our Correspondent)
LONDON, April 26.

A new Spanish Armada has appeared. It consists of about 300 vessels and is already in action in what are called Britain's "South-Western fishing grounds." "The Spaniards are sweeping the ground like a vacuum cleaner", says Mr. Owen Limbrick, chairman of Milford Trawler Owners' Association. "They get practically all the fish", he said. "And if our vessels are to get there they must drive through their gear, which means some heavy costs. If something is not done quickly to ease the situation I am afraid it will come to free fights on the high seas." The Spaniards, who have built up a modern fleet during and since the war, are running a shuttle service to the area of South Eire. They are so monopolising the ground that British boats are finding it difficult even to nose in. Asked what was the solution to the problem Mr. Limbrick answered unhesitatingly. "International limitation of fishing which the Spaniards refused to accept at the last convention." He said that the Spaniards would not agree to any limitation in their fleet until they had completed the building of all their fishing vessels then under construction.

COMMUNISTS OF THE WORLD

In view of the revival of anti-Communism in most parts of the world the following table showing the strength of Communist parties in different countries should be of interest:

COUNTRY	MEMBERSHIP
U.S.S.R.	6,000,000
EUROPE:—	
Austria	150,000
Belgium	1,00,000
Great Britain	43,000
Bulgaria	450,000
Czechoslovakia	1,000,000
Denmark	60,000
Finland	28,000
France	1,300,000
GERMANY:	
Soviet Zone	1,576,000
Western Zones	350,000
Greece	400,000
Hungary	650,000
Iceland	1,000
Ireland (N)	500
Italy	2,200,000
Luxembourg	5,000
Netherlands	50,000
Norway	33,000
Poland	400,000
Rumania	500,000
Slovakia	250,000
Sweden	46,000
Switzerland	21,000
Yugoslavia	1,00,000
NORTH & SOUTH AMERICA:	
Argentine	30,000
Brazil	130,000
Canada	23,000
Chile	50,000
Columbia	10,000
Costa Rica	20,000
Cuba	152,000
Ecuador	2,500
Haiti	500
Mexico	25,000
Nicaragua	500
Panama	500
Paraguay	8,000
Peru	35,000
Puerto Rico	1,200
U. S. A.	74,000
Uruguay	15,000
Santo Domingo	2,000
Venezuala	20,000
ASIA:	
Burma	4,000
China	2,000,000
Cyprus	4,000
India	53,700
Japan	40,000
Korea	50,000
Lebanon	15,000
Malaya	10,000
Palestine	1,400
Syria	8,000
AFRICA:	
Eritrea	200
AUSTRALASIA:	
Australia	25,000
New Zealand	2,000

SUGAR CONTROL TO END?

(From Our Correspondent.)
NEW DELHI, May 2

The Government of India have asked Provincial Governments for their views on the necessity for the continuance of sugar control, I learn.

The Government of India has also convened a conference to meet here on May 7 and 8 to discuss the petrol position with special reference to the continuance of petrol rationing.

SANE GURUJI'S FAST

PHANDHARPUR, May 2 (UPI).—The condition of Sane Guruji who began his fast unto death yesterday was found satisfactory by Drs. Shrikhande and Malatibai Gurjar who examined him this morning.

Sane Guruji is firm in his resolve and he wants those who are anxious about him to endeavour to persuade the "Badwas" of the Vithoba temple to throw open the same to the Harijans under the Temple Worship Act of 1938 nuder which they can by a majority make a declaration in writing that the temple should be opened to Harijans notwithstanding any instrument, decree, orders or usages to the contrary.

News In Brief

NANKING, May 2. (Reuter): The first Indian warship to visit Nanking, the 1,400-ton sloop "Godavari", arrived here yesterday under the command of Capt. Karmarkar, and fired 21 guns salute in the Yangatse river.

RANGOON, May 2. (A. P. A.): Customs officers here made their "biggest ever" seizure of smuggled opium when they discovered 700 pounds of the narcotic valued at 6,50,000 rupees on board the S. S. "Shadess" on its arrival from Calcutta, it was officially stated.

NANKING, May 2. (Reuter): The United States Embassy here has sent to the Chinese Government a proposal for international suppression of opium traffic. It suggests direct exchange of information about opium smuggling activities.

BUENOS AIRES, May 2. (A. P. A.): Vittorio Mussolini who is now living in Argentina gave the Associated Press of America his first interview. Mussolini said he arrived in Argentina clandestinely a month ago and expressed the hope that he would be permitted to remain here and bring his family from Italy so that he can live and work in peace.

LEOPOLDVILLE (BELGIAN CONGO), May 1. (Reuter): A landslide caused by exceptional rains partly buried an African Village near Nyodo in Belgian Congo today. Fifty Africans are missing.

France's New Plans For Indo-China?

SAIGON, May 2 (Reuter): The French authorities here are planning a new "Associate State" for Indo-China, where fighting has now been going on between the French and Viet Nam Nationalists for nearly five months, it was stated here to-night.

The plan envisages "early and full devolution of all powers into Annamite hands."

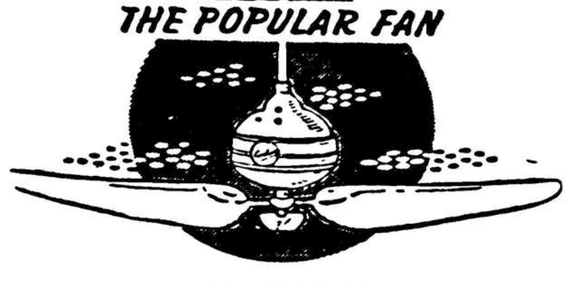
The first significant change is the omission of the word "Federal" from the designation of the Governments of the five countries comprising Indo-China-Annam, Tonking, Cochin-China Combodia and Laos.

Under the plan each of these countries would have separate administrative services so that the French official role would eventually be confined to safeguarding commercial and personal interests of the French population, an official spokesman said.

NEW DELHI, May 2, (A. P. I.): Nawab Mir Nawaz Jung will represent the Indian States as a member of the delegation at the meeting of the Assembly of the Indian Civil Aviation organisation opening in Montreal on May 6, 1947 says a Press Note. Nawab Mir Nawaz Jung is the Trade Commissioner for Hyderabad in the United Kingdom.

NATH BANK LIMITED
Head Office: 135, Canning Street,
Central Office: 21/20, Strand Road, CALCUTTA
OFFICES
ASSAM CIRCLE: Dhubri, Fancy Bazar (Gauhati), Gauhati, Nowgong, Shillong, Tezpur, BENGAL CIRCLE: Chandpur, (Puranbazar), Chaumuhani, Chittagong, Dacca Kusthia, Mymensingh, Narayanganj Noakhali, BEHAR CIRCLE Bhagalpur Chas-bassa, Gaya, Jamshedpur, Jharia, Muzaffarpur Patna, Patna City, Ranchi BOMBAY CIRCLE: Bombay, Zaveri Bazar CALCUTTA CIRCLE: Ballygunge, Barabazar, Bhowanipur Sowbazar, Calcutta, Cossipure, Harrison Road, Hatkhola, Howrah, Lake Market, Shambazar, Salkia, Sibpur, C. P. CIRCLE: Nagpur, MADRAS CIRCLE: Coimbatore, Madras, Madura, ORISSA CIRCLE: Sambalpur, PUNJAB CIRCLE: Lahore, U.P. CIRCLE: Cawnpore, Delhi, Lucknow, Meston Road (Cawnpore), New Delhi.
K. N. DALAL,
Managing Director.

Cooler
THE POPULAR FAN



MANUFACTURERS:
SWASTIKA ELECTRIC WORKS LTD.
6, Clive Street, CALCUTTA.
Phone: Cal 4874
Sole Agents for INDIA, BURMA & CEYLON
MESSRS. M. P. (INDIA) LTD.
84-A, Nalini Seth Road, CALCUTTA.
Phone: B. B. 3750.
Sole Selling Agents for Bombay.
Messrs. AMAR ELECTRIC WORKS
Kalbadevi Road Vithalwadi BOMBAY 2.

MESSAGE TO THE MODERN YOUTHS

2nd Houseful Week

SHE RAN AFTER HIM
BUT HE DESERTED HER ...
UPRIGHT'S

CHEHRA

Full of songs and music

Producer: H. K. MALHOTRA

Starring:
NAJMA * KAMAL ZAMINDAR
MUSTAFA * S. KAPOOR
JUGALKISHORE and S. NAZIR

Director:
RAJENDRA SHARMA
Music:
M. A. MUKHTAR

At
OPERA HOUSE
Daily 3-30, 6-30, 9-30. Sat. Sat., Sun. at 1 p.m.
(A RAJNI Release)

Ad. Booking 10 to 12

FREEDOM—
FREEDOM—
FREEDOM—

DAY & NIGHT HE THOUGHT OF NOTHING BUT FREEDOM—

NETAJI SUBHAS

TO ACHIEVE IT, HE PUT A HEROIC FIGHT.
DON'T FAIL TO SEE IT AT—

3rd WEEK

SWASTIK

Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30. Sunday Mat. 1 p.m.

It's the TALK of the TOWN

DEMON JALANDHAR
—he challenged God
SATI TULSI
—she worshipped God

JAYANT DESAI PRODUCTIONS, Ltd.,
bring to the screen their inspiring story in—

Mahasati
TULSI VRUNDA

Daily—
3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Sunday—
Mat. 1 p.m.

ISHWARLAL-RANJANA
UMAKANT, REVASHANKER,
BHAGWANDAS, KANTILAL

Director—ISHWARLAL

Reservation—10 to 12, 4 to 6

CENTRAL

PALACE

Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

You'll Thrill to every exciting moment of its intense Drama!

M-G-M's TECHNICOLOR HIT!

Lassie's COURAGE OF Lassie — IT'S THE BEST YET!

WITH
ELIZABETH TAYLOR, FRANK MORGAN.

Tomorrow Morning at 10-30 a.m.
"THE VIRGINIAN"
In Technicolor, with
Joel McCrea, Brian Donlevy

EDWARD

Kalbadevi Road—

7TH WEEK!

Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
Sweet drama of Romance

SASSI-PUNNU

JAIRAJ, GEETA NIZAMI

Sun. Morning at 10 a.m.
CLEOPATRA
Claudette Colbert, Henry Wilcoxen

THIRD WEEK OF
A Tale of Money's Doings!
SUNRISE PICTURE

DHANWAN

PARO, JAIRAJ
Direction: V. M. VYAS
Story: M. G. DAVE

KRISHNA Talkies
Dubash Theatre
Sun. Matinee at 1 p.m.
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
Booking 10 to 12 & 4 to 6
LIBERTY Release.

"The Northern Lights of Bombay"

AURORA

Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
A MASTERPIECE OF SUSPENSE AND INTRIGUE!

CARY GRANT
INGRID BERGMAN
in ALFRED HITCHCOCK'S
Notorious!
with CLAUDE RAINS
LOUIS CALHERN • MADAME KONSTANTIN
Directed by ALFRED HITCHCOCK
Written by Ben Hecht

Tomorrow Morning at 10-30 a.m.
WHOLE SERIAL SHOW!
"Zorro's Black Whip"

DAILY 4 SHOWS
1-15, 4, 6-45 & 9-30 p.m.

CITY LIGHT

Matunga (B. B.)

Now Showing!

BOMBAY TALKIES Picture

BASANT

MUMTAZ SHANTI, ULLHAS.

8TH WEEK!

FAZLI BROS PICTURE

DIL

NOORJEHAN, BABY ZUBEDA

Daily: 4, 6-45 & 9-30 p.m.
Matinee: Sunday 1 p.m.

CAPITOL
LAMINGTON

A "PEARL" Release

SEPOY RELIEVED OF RS. 5,000

Fatal Assault By Hold-Up Gang On Way From Bank

BOMBAY, Friday.

A sepoy of the Podar College, Matunga, was relieved of a wallet containing Rs. 5,000, in currency notes by a hold-up gang of three yesterday, it is learnt.

The sepoy was returning from the Dadar branch of the Imperial Bank of India after cashing a cheque for Rs. 5,000. As he was walking along the road to Matunga, three persons are said to have pounced on him from behind. One of the men struck him with a rod, forcing him down. Before he could get up and raise an alarm, the trio relieved him of his wallet and vanished without leaving a trace.

Police search for the robbers had not yielded fruit till this afternoon.

Tukaram Rane, the peon, died today in the K. E. M. Hospital where he had been admitted for treatment of injuries sustained during the assault.

The hostel fee for students, other than students belonging to the cultivator and Backward classes, of Bombay Province admitted at the three Government Poultry Farms at Dhulia Dharwar and Kirkee is Rs. 2 per month and not Rs. 20 as mentioned earlier.

FULL OF EXCITEMENT & ENTERTAINMENT

3rd WEEK!

SARVOTTAM BADAMI'S

UTTARA ABHIMANYU

SHANTA APTE
ASHOK KUMAR

Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

Matinee Sat. Sun. 1 p.m.

ROXY

Ad. Booking 9-30 to 12 & 4 to 6

KAPOORCHAND AND CO. Release

REGAL Air-Cooled Phone: 35017

Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

SHE SAID THE ONE THING MEN NEVER FORGIVE!

Rugged Drama of Six Men & A Girl!

COLUMBIA'S

"MR. DISTRICT ATTORNEY"

DENNIS O'KEEFE
ADOLPHE MENJOU
MARGUERITE CHAPMAN
MICHAEL O'SHEA

SUNDAY MORNING AT 10:

"IRISH EYES ARE SMILING"

MONTY WOOLLEY
JUNE HAVER
DICK HAYMES

BEHIND THE 'TICKING' OF THE WATCH WERE HIDDEN THE HEART-THROBS OF HER YOUTH

A heart-piercing tale of the struggle of two hearts

MEHBOOB Productions'

ANMOL GHADI

Music: NAUSHAD

NURJEHAN, SURENDRA, ZAHUR
RAJA, SURAIYA

MAJESTIC
&
SUPER

Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Mat., Today & Tomorrow at 1
Ad. Booking: 9-30 to 11-30
(JAYASINH Release).

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Vaishakh Shud 13, 2003.
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Akher 11, 1366.
Parsi: Ader 2, 1316.
Sunrise: 6-10 a.m. Sunset: 7-02 p.m.
Hightide: 11-12, 23-07.
Lowtide: 04-50, 17-04.

Today's Engagements

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: "Masters of Wisdom" (Celebrating Buddha Jayanti) is subject of lecture to be delivered today, at 6-15 p.m., at Wadia Building, Opp. Flora Fountain.

IMPERIAL CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES HEAD-DYES OFFICE EMPLOYEES' UNION: Special General Body Meeting at Cama Hall, at 2 p.m., today.

IMPERIAL HIGH SCHOOL: Parents' Day Prize Distrigution Gathering at 5 p.m., today, at the Beasant Hall, Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge, Chowpatti. Mrs. Mithan Lam, the Sheriff of Bombay, will preside.

CENTENARY CELEBRATIONS: J. J. GROUP OF HOSPITALS.

The Executive Council, has decided to keep the work of centenary celebrations in abeyance till normal time return in the country. Audited account when ready be available to the public at the centenary office

BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS: All members are required to be present in Mufti on parade ground, Bora Bazar Street, at 6-30 a.m., tomorrow (Sunday) to attend the parade. The Managing Committee will meet at 8 a.m the same day.

BOMBAY INSURANCE EMPLOYEES' ASSOCIATION: A meeting of the Executive Board of the Bombay Insurance Employees' Association will be held at Congress House, Bombay, 4, today, at 4-30 p.m.

AYURVEDIC CONFERENCE.

The 35th Session of the All-India Ayurvedic Congress will be held at Hardwar from the 11th of May to 13th of May, 1947, along with the All-India Ayurvedic Educational Conference. Bhisagratna A. Lakhmipathi, Madras, and Rajvaidya Kaviraj Manindra Kumar Mukhopadhyaya, Prahacharya, of Calcutta, will respectively preside.

A Correction

Mr. N. A. F. Meemanage, Member of Ceylon Delegation to the Asian Relations Conference, writes:—

I read in your issue of the 27th April 1947 an account of a reception given to me and friend by the B. P. O. C. but I regret to find some important errors which I hope you will put to right.

"—" Ours Ministers are a disgrace "says Sama Samaj Party Leader" — should read as follows "Some of our Ministers are a disgrace" says a Lanka Swarajist.

I am not even a member of the Sama Samaj Party.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL ACT

The Bill to amend the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888 passed by the Bombay Legislature has received the assent of His Excellency the Governor of Bombay and has now become an Act, which is published in the Bombay Government Gazette dated May 1.

CEMENT FOR AGRICULTURISTS

The Government of Bombay has decided to make arrangements for supplying cement to the "bonafide" agriculturists. Cultivators desirous of obtaining demand for agricultural purposes are requested to submit their indents to the District Magistrate concerned, who will make arrangements for obtaining the cement through the Regional Honorary Cement Adviser.

A SOCIETY WEDDING

The marriage of Himatlal Parekh, the brother of Dhirajlal J. Parekh of Narsindas Manoharadas firm was celebrated at Marine Drive in a decorated pandal on Thursday. Notable personalities of all walks of life, including the highest Government officials, Congress organisers, industrialists and prominent members of the mercantile community took part in the celebration, amongst whom were: Major-General A. H. Harty, Surgeon-General to the Government of Bombay, Mr. B. K. Patel, Municipal Commissioner, Col. Jelal Shah, Sir Jehangir Bohman-Behram, Dr. C. S. Patel, Dr. B. B. Yodh, Major Waters, Mr. Rameshwar Birla, Mr. Ramdev Podar, Mr. and Mrs. Jivraj Mehta, Dr. Tirodkar, Col. Bhatnagar, Sjt. Dhayabai Patel. Mr. Parekh announced a donation of Rs. 51,000.

SPECIAL HINDUSTANI CLASS: A special Hindustani class will be started from 4th May, 1947, for adult in the Lamington Road Municipal Marathi Boys' School, Lamington Road. Those who wish to join should enrol their names. The time will be 3 to 5-30 p.m. on Sundays only.

TODAY ON RADIO

SATURDAY, May 3.

BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—7-30 a.m. Swar Kalika (by D'Amel) 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Yeshwantrao Kerkar (Gat Tora on Tabla) 8-45 Marathi Gani (Bhavgeet) 9-0 Vimal Narvekar (Deskar).

12-0 p.m. Nabhovanichya Parisarat (M) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Bhavgeeten 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Music 4-20 Gangabai Rao (Marathi songs) 4-35 R. D. Nigoshkar (Purla) 5-0 Yeshwantrao Kerkar (Gat Tora on Tabla) 5-15 Programme in Gujarati for children 5-45 Topic of Day 5-55 Locals 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Gangabai Rao (Bhavgeeten) 6-30 Radha Mundkur (Kayal Vilambit and Drut: Eman) 6-45 Narayandas Jekisandas and Party (Gujarati Bhajan) 7-0 R. C. Mehta (Maligaura) 7-30 Replies to listeners' letters (H) 7-40 Musical Interlude 7-45 Film Music ("Walmiki") 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Recitation of poems from works of Nand Das by Binoy Roy 8-45 Chemistry in a changing world: Uranium and fate of humanity: (by Prof. P. M. Barve) 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News 9-40 Programme Parade 9-45 Zawwar Husain (Ghazal) 10-0 Vimal Narvekar (Kamod) 10-30 R. C. Mehta (Behag).

Weather News For Farmers

Forecast till Sunday morning:—Isolated very light showers may occur in and near the extreme south of the Konkanpatti.

Outlook for further 2 days:—Rainless weather.

DEVELOP INDUSTRIES

Mr. Sonavala's Advice To Muslims

The only solution to the aftermath of the war, was systematic and planned expansion of industry and commerce, said Mr. Gulamhussain A. Sonavala, presiding over the third annual general meeting of the Bombay Provincial Muslim Chamber of Commerce.

He urged the members to follow up the political gains achieved by Muslims by a great stride forward in the industrial and commercial field.

Industrialisation should be successfully tackled though the Muslim community had to do it in the teeth of opposition from those who enjoyed so far a monopolistic position in the industrial field. He was optimistic however, that in the near future Muslims would regain the proud privilege which was theirs once.

He disclosed that the Chamber was endeavouring to open an employment exchange for the benefit of Muslims.

Mr. Habib Ibrahim Rahimtoola, Mr. Ghulam Hussain A. Sonavala and Mohamed Moosa Killedar were elected President and Vice-Presidents respectively for the year 1947.

JAI HIND COLONY

Mankodi and Company, Solicitors, write:

Our clients Messrs. the Borivli Building Material Supply Co., the owners of the premises situate at Jai Hind Colony Borivli have placed in our hands a copy of the issue of your paper of the 29th April last, containing a letter by a Tenant under the heading "Jai Hind Colony" with instructions to state that what is stated in the said letter is highly incorrect and misleading. Certainly, if the tenant had been stating the truth he would not have suppressed his name in the letter as he has done.

We are instructed to state that the colony is built on most modern lines to accommodate at least 37 families on absolutely free and open space with stand pount of hygiene and sanitary conditions in view with electricity arrangements and presents a decent view of a small well-built Colony.

We are further instructed that there has been a gross misrepresentation of the dimensions inasmuch as Rs. 35 are charged as rent for an area of 24' x 10' made into two rooms and a wide verandah in front attached thereto.

As regards the site mentioned therein what is stated by the tenant is entirely incorrect and it is only your personal inspection that will satisfy you of the surroundings and the good conditions.

Anglo-Arabic College, Delhi

The Principal, Anglo-Arabic College, Delhi, writes:—

This College is directly connected with the Arabic College found in 1710 by Nawab Ghaziuddin Khan Firoz Jang, Governor of Berar and Ahmedabad under the Emperor Bahadur Shah I and the father of Asaf-Jah I, founder of the Asaf Jahi dynasty of Hyderabad. Since 1710 it has existed in various forms as the Arabic College, the Delhi College, the Anglo-Arabic High School and the Anglo-Arabic College and thus may claim to be one of the most ancient existing educational institutions in India. This College (along with its predecessors) may count as some of their alumni such great names as Syed Ahmad Khan, Zakaullah, Nazir Ahmed, Pearey Lal, Sri Ram, Master Ram Chandar, Mohammad Husain Azad and many other well-known to the chronicles of Indian literary history. One may say that the epithet "Anglo-Arabic" signifies this College has, as its ideal, all that is best in Islamic tradition as well as in western culture, while, situated as it does, in the ancient metropolis of India, its cultural connections with the South makes it, indeed, a unique institution. Even housed in its present modest, yet beautiful buildings it has on its rolls students from almost all parts of India and it holds the unique position of being the only college situated between Aligarh and Lahore, which has students reading right up to M.A. and M.Sc., degrees, the only college specializing in honours and post-graduate studies in Urdu language and literature and the only Islamic institution affiliated to the University of India's capital. It has great potentialities, as when once Islamic History and culture finds a place in the curriculum of the University, as Sir Maurice Gwyer the Vice-Chancellor, promised in his recent Convocation Address, this college would be the fittest place to cater for the subjects covered by the Group.

The great need of the College today is funds for shifting it to the site allocated to it on the Imperial Avenue in the University campus six miles away. Not only is the University insisting on this but the exigencies of co-operative teaching, library arrangements, sports and other matters connected with academic and extra-curricular life, demand it. The University has fixed July of this year as the time when beginnings must be made in the form of digging the new foundations. A Building Committee has recently been appointed by the Governing Body and a list of the requirements of the College have been sent to Hon'ble Nawab Zain Yar Jung Bahadur, P.W.D. Member of H.E.H. the Nizam's Government who has kindly consented to draw up the plans at the instance of the Hon. Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan the President of the College Governing Body. Apart from the main buildings consisting of a large hall, lecture rooms, tutorial rooms, a well conditioned hostel and residential quarters for the members of the staff, it is proposed to build a mosque which would serve as the University Mosque and be a centre of Islamic culture and activities. For all this at least twenty-five lacs will be needed, out of which it is expected that Government would contribute at least half of the sum required for the main buildings.

It is earnestly hoped that we will all rise to the occasion and help to refound an institution which would be second to none in the array of sister institutions.

MR. B. G. KHER

The Prime Minister of Bombay, Mr. B. G. Kher, will arrive in Bombay from New Delhi on Tuesday, May 6.

L.C.P.S. RESULTS

FIRST L.C.P.S.

Out of 52 students who appeared at the First L.C.P.S. Examination held in April 1947, the following 32 have passed:

Miss Kusum Bhagwat, G. T. Bhopatkar, P. M. Chafekar, J. C. Choksi, A. P. Deshmukh, R. G. Deshmukh, S. R. Dixit, Miss Mrudula Keshavlal Doshi, P. K. Emmanuel, K. S. Gopal, M. S. Gupta, Miss Radha Yegneswar Iyer, G. S. Jhala, K. A. Karipal, P. M. Kulkarni, C. G. Kunchomkalayil, Miss Leela Shankar Kurlekar, M. S. Lal, D. S. Marathe, S. V. M. Mathai, G. K. Mehrotra, P. P. Mehta, Mohammad Shareef, M. S. Nanda, A. T. Patil, Ahmad Rasheed, M. S. Redij, J. K. Reshamwala, V. J. Shah, Deovrat Sharma, Miss Aleyamma Varkey, D. M. Vashi.

SECOND L.C.P.S.

Out of 84 students who appeared at the Second L.C.P.S. Examination held in April 1947, the following 45 have passed:

G. T. Ahuja, S. N. Bhatnagar, N. S. Bhatt, M. J. Caniamparamoni, Nalil Chacko-Abraham, H. J. Changede, Samuel Christaff, Rosario Coutino, H. J. Dalal, G. S. Datar, Manuel Dias, T. T. George, S. J. Hiloowala, R. B. Hormasdi, G. M. Israni, B. K. Khandhia, K. B. Kulkarni, S. C. Mahadevia, Miss Nanki Chellaram Malkani, Miss Sundri Dingomal Malkani, H. S. Mansharamani, S. N. Mathur, Miss Mahmoodah Abdulkarim Moghul, Miss Lachmi Hemandas Moorjani, Miss Piloo Rustomji Mucadum, K. M. Parthar, Miss Lila Parmanand, R. R. Parmar, C. S. Patel, G. N. Patel, Miss Sushila Motibhai Patel, U. J. Patel, C. S. Pathak, D. S. Patole, M. S. Rajput, V. D. Sane, S. M. Sangoji, A. G. Sawakar, R. D. Shah, V. B. Shah, B. L. Sharma, Miss Bharati Vrajlal Shukla, K. N. Thadhani, N. K. Tolani, R. K. Vaide.

CONGRESS SEVIKA AND KUMARIKA DAL

The Acting G O C of the Congress Sevika Dal announces:—

Under the auspices of the Congress Sevika and Kumarika Dal, a Summer Training Camp will be held at Andheri for a month from 6th May, 1947. Shriyut Kakasaheb Kalelkar has graciously consented to perform the inauguration ceremony of the camp at 8 p.m. on Monday, the 5th May 1947 when Shriyut S. K. Patil, President of the B. P. C. C. will preside.

Besides the advantages of living collectively the Camp provides series of lectures and discussions on a variety of interesting subjects of national importance. Among the many all-India personalities who have kindly agreed to deliver lectures are Prof. Humayun Kabir Dr Jivraj Mehta, Dr. J. C. Kumarappa, Shri Ravishanker Maharaj Lady Hamid Rau, Prof P. A. Wadia and several ministers of the Bombay Government. In addition to lectures the daily programme of the camp includes mass drill, rural uplift in the neighbouring villages, group discussions etc.

CONGRESS SEVA DAL.

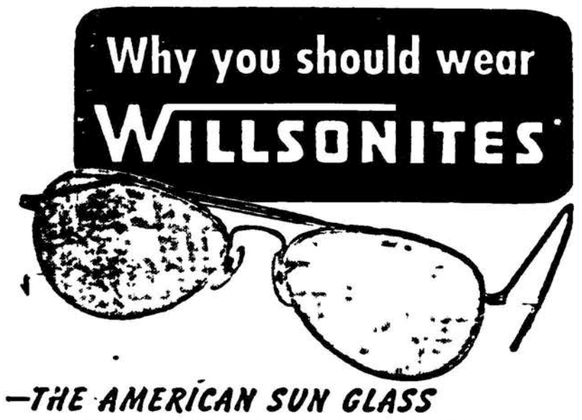
The G O C writes —

The meeting of the cadets of the Congress Seva Dal who have given their names to join the Summer Training Camp to be held at Dadar King George High School will be held on Tuesday 8th instant at 7-30 p.m., at the Congress House, when final instructions regarding the camp will be issued to the cadets. Old and new volunteers and captains, desirous of joining and who have so far not registered their names are hereby requested to immediately contact the office and register their names.

GANDHI ASTROLOGER

Health Wealth Journey etc. Lucky numbers days, by monthly details 1 year Rs. 5. Weekly Rs. 15 Five questions Rs. 2. V. P. As 5 States sex age and write time Hanuman Jothisha Ashrama, Tiruteni S. India.

Why you should wear WILLSONITES

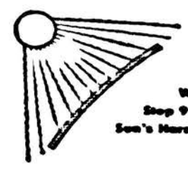


—THE AMERICAN SUN GLASS SCIENTIFICALLY DESIGNED TO ELIMINATE HARMFUL SUN RAYS

You might well ask, why will not ordinary colored glasses give you the eye protection you need? Medical science gives you the reason.

The sun not only gives off the light which you see but also *invisible* beams called infra-red and ultra-violet rays. These are harmful rays, when they come in contact with your sensitive eyes. Their presence not only causes eye fatigue, headaches and considerable discomfort—but in many cases, also, acute inflammation.

Ordinary colored glasses do not provide adequate protection from these harmful rays. Willsonite sun glasses do. Their special lenses are scientifically designed to eliminate 95% of the harmful infra-red and ultra-violet rays,



Willsonites Stop 95% of the Sun's Harmful Rays

and they give you the eye protection you want, yet permit the safe, clear vision you need. Available in many attractive styles with cool green Willsonite lenses.

AVAILABLE AT LEADING STORES EVERYWHERE
Made in U. S. A.
WILLSON PRODUCTS, INC., READING, PA., U. S. A. • Established 1870
Also makers of safety goggles, gas masks, helmets and respirators for industry

LUX
TOILET SOAP
"Give your skin real beauty care with LUX TOILET SOAP" says Shamime
The Beauty Soap of the Film-stars!
LTS. 136-111-40
LEVER BROTHERS (INDIA) LIMITED

PAREKH & PARBHOO

Estd. in 1907
STRUCTURAL and MECHANICAL ENGINEERS
Precision and Repair Work of ALL Description Undertaken
Address: Khetwadi Back Road
Bombay 4
Telephone No. 41546
Bombay Port Trust Licensees of long standing for Dry Dock Repairs, Painting and Cleaning of Ships.

FOR
MOTOR CAR
HIRE PURCHASE
Apply to
THE COMMERCIAL CREDIT CORPORATION (1943) LTD.
Hughes Road, BOMBAY NO. 7
Tel. 42136. 'Grams. "Cecece".

WANTED A GODOWN
Of 10,000/15,000 Sq. Ft. area preferably between J. J. Hospital and Parel. Apply Box No. 3252 "Bombay Chronicle".

WEATHER CHART

POONA, May 2, (A. P. I.): Following is weather chart showing maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during past 24 hours, from 1st April 1947 and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hours (I. S. T.), on May 2, 1947:—

Abu 87 72 0 0.1 — 0.1; Ahmedabad 105 76 0 1.0+ 1.0; Ahmednagar 105 32 1.9 + 1.5; Alleppey 92 76 1.1 10.0; Bangalore 94 72 0 0.3 — 1.5; Bhopal 105 78 0 0.2 — 0.1; Bhuj 102 75 0 0 — 0.1; BOMBAY 91 78 0 2.5 + 2.5; Calcutta 98 78 0 5 — 1.5; Calicut 93 80 0 5.9 + 1.9; Cherapunji 72 59 0 46.7 + 17.6. Cochin 88 81 0 6.7 + 1.4; Darjeeling 63 51 0 2.5 — 2.2; Dehra Dun 97 71 0 0.2 — 0.5; Delhi 107 73 0 0 — 0.3; Karachi 86 78 0 0 — 01; Kodaikanal 68 55 0 14.3 + 9.1; Lahore 102 79 0 0 — 0.6; Mahabaleshwar 89 67 0 7.1 + 5.9; Mangalore 90 79 0 3.0 + 1.4; Marmagoa 89 81 0 1.1 — 0.2; Musseorie 75 59 0 0.2 + 1.2; Mysore 94 71 0 1.5 — .2; Pachmarni 97 71 0 0.3 — 0.1; Patna 99 79 0 0 — 0.3, Poona 106 71 0 1.2 + 0.5; Rajkot 104 71 0 2.2 + 2.1; Ranchi 95 72 0 0 — 1.6; Shillong 71 53 0 6.3 + 0.6; Sholapur 107 81 0 0.3 — 0.2; Simla 74 53 T 0.3 — 1.6; Srinagar 70 52 0.2 0.6 — 3.1; Surat 104 76 0 5.9 + 5.9; Trivandrum 88 76 0.6 4.4 — 0.6.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Posthumous charities are the very essence of selfishness, when bequeathed by those who when alive would part with nothing.
—Colton.

The Bombay Chronicle

CRISIS OF UNDER-PRODUCTION

Recent utterances of representatives of high business have drawn pointed attention to the reduced output in many Indian industries. While a temporary setback to the extraordinarily high levels of employment and production reached during the war was only to be expected the extreme tardiness with which production has been adjusting itself to peacetime conditions is little short of a disaster. For this unwelcome feature of recent economic trends several causes are responsible. The main cause of the virtual paralysis in industry is, of course, political. The lack of co-ordination not only among the Provincial Governments but even within the Central Government itself has created a state of uncertainty which acts as a deterrent to any steady and long-term planning on the part of industry. The Provincial Governments have for the most part only paper plans and the Central Government, under recent dispensations, has not even these. In the wider political context such an economic interregnum is, perhaps, unavoidable and yet the feeling persists that the best possible course in existing circumstances is not being followed. There is far too much emphasis placed in season and out of season on mostly ideological ends such as nationalization while immediate problems go unattended. Thus the prevailing labour unrest which constitutes another obvious cause making for short production is not met full way. It is not enough merely to appeal to the patriotic sentiments of the employers and men and call a truce, as an eminent Indian businessman has recently done at Calcutta. Nor will it suffice to make labour disputes justiciable and ban strikes and lockouts pending reference to arbitration. For arbitration to succeed a feeling of confidence not only in the intergrity but also in the social outlook of the arbitrator has to be created. Moreover, arbitration is not a cure to labour trouble as it invariably operates after trouble has reached an advanced stage and in most cases of even successful reference leaves a feeling of soreness behind. As was said by another eminent businessman in New Delhi recently, labour has to be made to feel that it is as much an integral part of industrial organization as capital and that its legitimate share in the earnings of industry is safe from the vicissitudes of bargaining power. If rationalization more than nationalization has to be our immediate objective, it is of the utmost urgency that in all provinces, and so far as possible in the Centre, an industrial council with sections covering principal industries should be set up. These councils must be representative in equal proportion of capital, labour and the general public. The entire production policy should be framed through this agency, so that labour may be assured of a square deal and it would then have no desire for and no interest in sabotaging production.

Production, however, is very closely connected with distribution of the output. The capitalist is interested in his profits, the worker in his wage and the consumer in his supply and price. With all the protestations or our so-called enlightened businessmen that they are aware of the implications of new times there is far too much readiness on their part to blame the workers and the State for unresponsiveness and inefficiency. Immediately on the morrow of the Black Age in our business, in fact right in the midst of it, for leaders of business to claim exclusive credit for responsiveness is just ostrich-like. 'Efficiency' of Indian business methods has so often been exposed before Tariff Board inquiries that even a reference to this point on the part of our business leaders is, to say the least, tactless. Those, who preach a gospel of efficiency to the workers and announce truism that high wages must be earned by high productivity, have rarely cared to apply the same just principle to their profits. Rather, by all manner of means they have tried to set up monopolistic conditions so that the least efficient among them should make a profit. If this disregard of elementary social and economic values is good policy in respect of profits why should it be any other in respect of wages? The consumer and the tax-payer will certainly say that in both respects it is indefensible and a common code of efficiency earnings must be applied to capital and labour. It is here that the progressive policy in taxation, against which the business community has raised a not unexpected outcry, becomes relevant. The best possible course is, of course, to regulate wages as well as profits. But in an individualistic and dispersed state of industry this is not always possible, and hence heavy taxation of high incomes is the only instrument of social redressing that is available to the community. Let the businessmen themselves be prepared ruthlessly to follow the gospel of efficiency, let them show some signs of their having appreciated not only on paper but also in actual fact the meaning of 'industrial tempo', let them interest the workers and the community in the welfare of their industry and then we have not the slightest doubt that taxation policy will soon take a more benevolent and less penal character than it promises to do at present.

It is encouraging to find our industrial leaders ranging themselves on the side of termination of private borrowing of foreign capital. Whether it is financial capital, capital goods or technical personnel any long term or large scale dealings with foreign sources so materially influence our external economic and even political relations that these ought to be regulated through State channels. But a regime of State control in this vital field of industrialization will necessarily affect the position of private enterprize in national industry. While the businessmen are only too eager to enlist the services of the State to acquire vital means of industrialization, they are unwilling, not to say deadly opposed, to accepting State intervention in regulating the course of that industrialization. It may, on the face of it, seem to be a good compromise that as a rule private enterprise should be permitted, nay, even promoted and helped, and only where private enterprise is not forthcoming on such terms the State should step in. This apparently happy mean, which seems to have commended itself to many people of good intentions, will only result in creating subsidized monopoly for the private capitalist and in leaving the State with costly elephants, white or otherwise. Considerable capital seems to have been made by our industrial leaders of the alleged inefficiency and costliness of commercial departments of the State such as the railways and telegraphs and telephones. These latter are by no means models of efficient management and we have always been raising our voice against the well-known evils associated with them. But if our business leaders feel that a finger of accusation pointed at any of these departments is an argument in favour of their own superior efficiency they are making an excessive overdraft on the prejudice and credulity of the public. Productive efficiency must be increased allround. Capital and labour, citizens and Government, Provincial Governments and central departments have all to co-operate in this task. Each has a responsibility for decision and each has a claim on his share of the produce. It is in this spirit that our production plans must be made and worked out.

Frankly Speaking

U. N. O.'s Failure

The Special Session of the United Nations Assembly has proved disappointing. It has failed to rise to its own obligations as the champion and protector of democracy and the democratic rights of peoples. This is the meaning of the rejection of the Arab States' demand to include on its agenda the declaration of the independence of Palestine. The one satisfactory feature of the unfortunate affair is that India and all other Asiatic States—with the regrettable exception of China—lined up to vote for the demand of the Arab League States. The Americans and with them the British, too, are the "heroes" of the "victory" over the Arab proposal. But unless the United States and its supporters are not entirely intoxicated by their achievements they should realise that Asia, specially the Middle East, will not forget their unjust and outrageous pro-Zionism. They ought soberly to ponder the consequences to themselves. Meanwhile, it is only a first round which the Arab cause has lost.

The Difference

South African delegates at the September Session of the United Nations Assembly almost exhausted themselves in eloquent denunciation of the practice of untouchability in India. Their shocked sense of outrage at that inhuman practice was worthy of the best dramatic talents of any actor. U.N.O. delegates, however, knew why they were declaiming at it. Nobody could have failed to be struck by the palpable and blatant hypocrisy of the South African delegates' tearful and indignant sympathy for the untouchables and contempt for India's caste-Hindus. So far as India is concerned, untouchability has been abolished under the fundamental law of the Constitution of free India, which will come into force directly India achieves her independence in June 1948. The evil of untouchability has been abolished by legislation in India, the evil of untouchability has been established and consolidated by legislation in South Africa. What do the Whites of South Africa, their leaders and their supporters in Britain and elsewhere say to this?

A Historic Act

The decision by the Constituent Assembly that untouchability shall be abolished has been hailed by a number of British and American papers. The London "News Chronicle" describes it as "one of the great acts of history." The "New York Times" says that the measure "marks one of the most drastic reforms ever undertaken by any nation" and points out that the wiping out of this stigma "has been matched in modern times only by our (American) abolition of slavery and the freeing of the Russian serfs." That it was a stigma is an obvious and horrible fact. But it attached not so much to the victims as to those who practised it and amongst whom it flourished. Mahatma Gandhi has denounced untouchability as a blot on Hinduism. And he is right. But untouchability has also been a blot on the whole of India. And it is very gratifying that India has legally removed it at the first available opportunity.

Tribute To Mahatma

So disappears an ancient evil, which tainted an otherwise glorious history of India. From that point of view those foreign comments are right. But one thing must be pointed out here. India's conscience was awakened by Mahatma Gandhi decades ago and that awakened conscience has been effectively at work ever since within the limitations that were the necessary consequences of India's subjection. In fact, it had already dealt a mortal blow to untouchability. The very fact that the so-called 'untouchables" have been Ministers in the Central and Provincial Government and one of them is the Speaker of the Legislative Assembly in Madras itself and that every social and political move to abolish the wicked and inhuman barriers was widely welcomed by India are proofs that untouchability was a dying evil when the Constituent Assembly gave the final blow to it. The decision which represents India's awakened conscience is also a tribute to Mahatma Gandhi, who is responsible for it as no single man in India is. And it will not remain a verbal decision. The history of the successful war on untouchability during particularly the last three decades is a guarantee that what has been abolished in the Constitution will be dead in practice too.

ENGINEERING IN HYDERABAD

Best In India Says Chief Of Water Proofing Co.

HYDERABAD, April 30. (O.P.I.): Paying glowing tributes to His Exalted Highness the Nizam of Hyderabad, Chief Engineer of the India Water Proofing Company, Bombay, who is now in Hyderabad on a short visit said that Hyderabad State had eclipsed the other States and Provinces in engineering.

The Khan Bahadur told the Orient Press of India that this was his first visit to the State on the invitation of the P.W.D. authorities. He said that he had been much impressed by the tidiness of the city and the construction of cement roads on modern lines.

The Khan Bahadur during his brief stay met the Hon'ble Nawab Zain Yer Jung Bahadur, Public Works Minister, Nawab Hosh Yer Jung Bahadur, Secretary and discussed with them certain matters regarding the construction works in the State.

The Khan Bahadur is leaving tomorrow for Bombay.

U. S. Cruisers At Greek Ports

ATHENS, May 2. (Reuter): The 10,000-ton United States light cruiser "Providence" arrived at Piraeus today on a five-day visit. She has just completed a week's visit to Crete. The United States light cruiser "Manchester" is visiting Salonika as part of the same programme.

Wanted New Deal For Teachers

Revision Of Grant-In-Aid Code

(By An Educationist)

The Director of Publicity has announced that the Government have decided to appoint a small committee to examine some of the questions connected with the Secondary Schools Grant-in-Aid Code, conditions of service of teachers and the scales of fees will be the questions to be examined by this committee. As the public have not been invited to offer their views on these important points it has become necessary to place a few facts and suggestions connected with these topics.

Secondary Education is an important pivot in the educational scheme of a country and it stands as the connecting link between Primary Education which aims at literacy and University Education whose chief aim is the advancement of knowledge. In most of the British Indian Provinces Primary and University Educations are governed by Acts of legislature whereas affairs connected with Secondary Education are left to the sweet will and pleasure of the powers that be. However much government might be interested in Primary Education and its advancement, it cannot afford to neglect or ignore the claims of Secondary Education on their resources. From the days of the famous Despatch of 1854, the development of Secondary Education has been emphasised and the report of the Indian Education Commission of 1882 laid great stress on the encouragement of private enterprise. But the commission did not recommend any definite system of grant-in-aid, and each province evolved a characteristic system of grant-in-aid. The grant-in-aid code of Bombay, revised in April 1939, has enunciated in its Rule 54 that the ordinary Government grant shall in no case exceed one half of the local assets or one-third of the total admitted expenditure of the school during the previous official year. But in actual practice, the expenditure of the previous year has not been taken into account, but grants have been paid on a quinquennial basis; the maximum grant allowable, viz., one-third of the total admitted expenditure has never been paid. During the current year grants were paid on the expenditure of the schools during the year 1944-45 and admitted during the year 1945-46 and the amount was only 22 per cent of the admitted expenditure. The Government hope to raise it to 33 1/3 per cent in five years' time. Even with this pious hope, the question of admitted expenditure is to be considered.

STANDARD PAY SCALES

It is necessary that all schools are assessed in a fair, equitable and just manner. The expenditure of a school consists mostly of salaries of staff, clerks and servants, rent, contingencies, stationery, etc. besides amount spent on equipment like furniture, library and laboratory. Special grants are paid for equipment and definite principles are to be enunciated in fixing the admissible expenditure. Expenditure on rent, contingencies, stationery, etc., should be made to depend on the strength of the school subject to the maximum of the actuals. Such an enunciation will avoid many a point of difference between managements and the department of education. The Hon's share of the expenditure is on staff salaries and to assess this in a just and equitable manner, the introduction of standard pay-scales is an absolute necessity. The Director of Publicity has taken pains to announce in the above quoted communique that the pay-scales recommended by the Board of Secondary Education and accepted in principle by the Government are general pay scales and hopes that they will be established in the near future. The announcement by the Government of the revised pay-scales is an urgent problem. The present pay-scales have lready created a good deal of discontent in the teaching profession. Though the Director of Publicity has appealed to both the Managements and teachers not to do anything to jeopardise the smooth working of the schools and peaceful relations, facts are to the contrary. Some managements which have had an idea of revising the pay-scales to better the teachers' lot have shelved the question on account of the niggardly pay scales approved and announced by the Government. In spite of the Government promising a half grant for the temporary relief of Rs. 10, many schools have not given that relief to teachers. In the interests of secondary education and in the interests of school going pupils, if not in the interests of teachers, it is necessary that decent standard pay-scales are announced by the Government at an early date and all managements compelled to adopt those scales as conditions necessary for recognition and aid. Unless managements are compelled to adopt definite pay-scales as a condition of recognition and aid there is very little prospect of the lot of teachers being bettered; the future will be as gloomy as at present. In the pay-scales announced already, no provision has been made for Heads of schools, clerks and peons. It is highly necessary that definite pay-scales are fixed to these classes of workers connected with schools. Only when pay-scales are fixed to all classes of workers connected with a school administration and working, it will be possible to assess the expenditure of a school in a fair, just and equitable manner

MODEL RULES

As the tax-payers' money is to be distributed as grants for the spread of education, it is necessary that a difference is made in the payment of grants between schools which make a profit and those which work at a loss To decide whether a school works at a profit or at a loss, it is necessary to assess its income on a standard basis. Hence arises the necessity for fixing scales of fees which a school can charge from its pupils. Just as the pay-scales of the staff, the scale of fees also might have variations for rural and urban areas and for Bombay City. For purposes of convenience, correct calculation and proper assessment, school fees might be fixed for a school-term and schools may be permitted to recover the term fees in three or four instalments to their convenience If the income and expenditure are properly and equitably assessed, a simple rule of three can be applied to differentiate between profit-making schools and schools working at a loss. In addition to the grant assessed at one-third of the admitted expenditure as stated above, an amount equal to one-half of the loss should be paid to those schools working at a loss. It is an important element that part of the expense of the aided school is provided by managements from their own resources. In the case of profit-making schools an amount equal to one-half of its profits should be deducted from the grant assessed at one-third of the admitted expenditure. It should be definitely ruled that no part of school fees or Government grants is used for any purpose other than paying the staff and meeting the ordinary day to day expenditure. Transferring profits to a reserve fund for the benefit of future generations should be strictly prohibited

The other point, conditions of service of teachers, referred to the committee is a vexed and thorny problem. The conditions of service at present are far from satisfactory and are a source of danger to the orderly growth of schools and for the existence of a cordial atmosphere between management and teachers which is highly necessary for the proper advancement of education. The department of education sent to all schools as early as 1940, a set of model rules to govern the conditions of service of teachers and requested all schools to have suitable conditions framed and approved by the department. Even in the year of grace 1947, there are some schools which have not got definite terms and conditions of service. The conditions framed by some schools and approved by the department fall far short of the teachers' just rights and privileges. Even the model rules circulated by the department are more favourable to the managements than to the teachers. As long as the Government have got its control over these schools by its twin weapons of recognition and aid, it is but fair that teachers working in these schools are governed by the same conditions of service as are applicable to Government servants. Teachers, though employed in non-Government schools, are doing the same kind of national work and rendering service to the state in the field of education as valuable as that of a "pucca" Government servants. When the Government shares also a third of the expenditure it is but meet that teachers are governed by the conditions of service applicable to Government servants in matters of leave, tenure, removal and retirement.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Dadabhai Naoroji On Sir Syed Ahmed

Sir,—Referring to the Hindu-Muslim question in his Congress presidential address at the end of 1886, Dadabhai Naoroji says the following:—"Sir Syed Ahmed was a nationalist to the backbone. I will mention an incident that happened to myself with him On his first visit to England, we happened to meet together in the house of Sir C. Wingfield He and his friends were waiting, and I was shown into the same room. One of his friends recognising me introduced me to him. As soon as he heard my name, he at once held me in strong embrace and expressed himself very much pleased. In various ways, I knew that his heart was in the welfare of India as one nation. He was a large and liberal-minded, patriot. When I read his life some time ago, I was inspired with respect and admiration for him. As I cannot find any copy of his life, I take the opportunity of repeating some of his utterances which Sir Henry Cotton has given in "India" of 12th October last.

Mahomedans and Hindus were, he said, the two eyes of India. Injure the one, and you injure the other. We should try to become one in heart and soul and act in unison; if united we can support each other; if not, the effect of one against the other will tend to the destruction and downfall of both.

He appreciated when he found worth and freely expressed it. He said:—"I assure you that the Bengalees are the only people in our country whom we can properly be proud of, and it is only due to them that knowledge, liberty and patriotism have progressed in our country. I can truly say that they are really the head and crown of all the communities of Hindustan. In the word "nation" I include both Hindus and Mahomedans, because that is the only meaning which I can attach to it."

Such was wise and patriotic counsel of that great man, and our Mahomedan friends. I hope, will take it to heart. I repeat once more that our emancipation depends upon the thorough union of all the people of India without any obstruction.

Let every one of us do the best he can; do all in harmony for the common object of self-government."

(The Indian National Congress.)
NATESAN & CO.,
Second Edition 1917.
(Pages 855-856).

Comment is superfluous.

V. N. NAIK.

Bombay, April 22.

Unhealthy Surat

Sir,—I am sojourning in Surat for the eight days. The city has many fine buildings and the people seem to be busy day and night. The climate is very hot and hygiene is completely ignored throughout.

It is a matter of surprise to cast a glance on the dirty and abominable streets of Surat. The absence of drainage system, dirty and filthy mud-spots, piles of refuse at the front of every one's home, all these seem to show that the city has no municipality or else a municipality lying of inaction These things seem unbelievable and shocking to the eyes of the onlooker. The elementary notions of hygiene are completely ignored or cast aside.

In a city of the size and grandeur of Surat, it is heart-rending to see women facing insuperable odds to get some buckets of water for personal use. The water supply is out of order not to say out of date Water pipes rising six inches above the ground amidst rubbish heaps are some of the sources of furnishing water to the public. It does show that Surat is a city without a municipality. What is this latter doing? In fact, is there a municipal body in Surat? This is the first question the onlooker would start asking.

It is a matter of grave concern for the public and for the Government as well to take active and immediate steps with a view to remedying this scandalous state of affairs in the very midst of Surat. If these conditions were to persist, the outbreak of terrible malaria, small pox diseases such as would cause havoc in such a densely populated area.

It is a matter of fact that the European people spend countless money in anti-malaria campaigns Nothing of the kind is to be seen here with a view to safeguarding at least the health of the people. These deserve protection and help. They should also in certain cases be taught elementary lessons of sanitation. What is the use of planning vast schemes when Surat is the Home of Malaria? Surat needs immediate sanitary attention and the sooner the better. The inhabitants should not make it a practice to fling rubbish or pour dirty water from the seventh floor. This is one of the most shameful practices to be used in a big city Laws should be enacted accordingly and the people should co-operate heart and soul with the municipality to put an end once and for all to this pitiful state of affairs.

The latrines and lavatories are completely lacking throughout the city. Those already existing are so badly kept that they do not encourage the public to visit them more than once. The obnoxious smell arising therefrom is unbearable and surpasses human conception of hygiene

As an Indian from a distant land I do appeal to the responsible authorities to take very urgent steps in so far as sanitation is concerned. I appeal to Government to take active steps with a view to safeguarding the people's health from a certain outbreak of Malaria epidemic in the very near future as a direct result of lack of sanitation.

AMRUTHLAL JALABHOY
(from Mauritius)
Kotsnfil Seri, Navapura.
Surat.

Vegetable Ghee

Sir,—I have read the views of Sir S. S Sokhey appearing in the press regarding the harmful effects of Vegetable Ghee and I have to state as follows:—

It is quite true that as compared with pure ghee hydrogenated oils (Vegetable Ghee) produce (1) inferior growth, (2) interference with calcium absorption and (3) bring about a change in the fat composition of the body I had already pointed out these facts in my book "A Practical Treatise on Vegetable Ghee Manufacture, Volume I" more than seven months ago. The following extracts from the same would further clear the matter:—

1. INFERIOR GROWTH.— Lack of Vitamin A in Vegetable Ghee is responsible for it "Vitamin A (Oil-Soluble Vitamin)" It is a growth promoting vitamin and is found in many animal fats as well as in green leaves. It is present in egg-yolk, milk, butter, cream, pure ghee cod liver oil, mutton and beef fats. The deficiency of this vitamin leads to lack of growth and liability to catarrhal condition of mucus membranes especially noticeable in the case of the eye In this organ the conjunctive becomes inflamed and cornea finally ulcerates leading to complete blindness. Respiratory and intestinal affections are also common."

The Food Member's statement that the third generation of rats fed on hydrogenated oils (Vegetable ghee or Vanaspati) was blind is in accordance with the above results that are likely to occur due to lack of Vitamin A.

2 INTERFERENCE WITH CALCIUM ABSORPTION: Lack of Vitamin D is responsible for it. Vitamin D (Oil-Soluble Vitamin). It occurs like Vitamin A in egg-yolk, milk butter, cream pure ghee, cod liver oil mutton and beef fat and in green vegetables It is produced by the action of Sunlight or Ultra-Violet Ray upon the skin of the animals The deficiency of this vitamin results in defective teeth and imperfect calcification and finally rickets in which bones do not become sufficiently strong to perform their proper function."

3 THE CHANGE IN THE FAT COMPOSITION OF THE BODY:— Pure ghee has altogether a different composition than vegetable oils and naturally they are different in character. This is not a serious factor since the natural oils and the vegetable ghee produced from them give almost similar results

With regard to the difference in digestibility of pure ghee and hydrogenated oils, melting point is not the only consideration It is their natural compositions which too have important rule. Pure ghee is composed of triglyce-rides of Butyric (approx. Caprylic, Capric, Lauric fatty acids whose molecules contain lesser number of carbon atoms than groundnut or other Vegetable oils and consequently the vegetable ghee produced from them and therefore it is easily digestible as compared with other vegetable oils (which no doubt have higher number of carbon atoms in their molecules) or the Vegetable ghee produced from them It is, however, good if melting point is maintained in neighbourhood of our body temperature 98.4 D.C. F (37 0 C) because lesser amount of energy will be spent by the body during digestion

The function of hydrogenation of oils is to bring about preserving quality in them. Oils obtained by any of the common methods of extraction are the crude oils They are liable to undergo a form of decomposition due to the hydrolytic action of the ferments and bacteria which are extracted along from seeds and the oxidative action of atmospheric oxygen thus producing unpleasant taste and acrid odour Refining removes ferments and bacteria and hydrogenation protects double bonds (the unsaturated points of the oils) thus preserving them for a much longer period

We cannot say that vegetable ghee has harmful effect as any diet which is devoid of vitamins A and D is liable to bring inferior growth and interference with calcium absorption. They simply lack Vitamin A and D. It has been pointed out in my above book "If the Vitamin contents are equal in both animal fats (pure ghee) and vegetable products (vegetable ghee) then there is no difference that can exist among them in respect of their nutritive values. Fats other than butter or pure ghee contain little or no vitamins A and D which modern researches have shown are essential for proper nutrition. Though the Vegetable Products are equal to pure ghee in their calorific value the fact remains that the vegetable products by themselves are not a sufficient complete food constituent since they are lacking in Vitamins A and D The onus of making their vegetable products biologically equivalent to pure ghee rests on the vegetable ghee manufacturers and they should in the interest of the public see that a proper proportion of vitamin is added to their products."

Government should however pass a legislation that every vegetable ghee manufacturer must add a certain definite proportion of vitamins A and D and till such time this does not become a law and the vegetable ghee manufacturers do not start the incorporation of Vitamins A and D the general public should add, say 5 per cent. of Cod Liver Oil in the present quality of Vegetable Ghee available in the market so that it may not suffer from deficiencies of Vitamins A and D

JAI DEV VARMA, M.Sc.

TETE-A-TETE

The Madagascar rebels raised on Thursday the town of Moramanga, East of Tananarive, ransacking the post office and killing four Madagascan postmen, French sources report.

* * *

Addressing the prayer meeting at Delhi, Mahatma Gandhi asked "Was the British Government to yield to the force of arms rather than the force of reason?"

Possibly that is what the British Government anxiously wondering.

* * *

The Congress President, Acharya Kripalani says a report, has sent the following telegram to the Maharaja of Cochin.— Please accept my congratulations for your wise and courageous speech

This is obviously provoking Mr Liaquat Ali Khan and we shouldn't and wouldn't blame Mr Khan if he felt compelled to issue another firmly-worded statement.

* * *

Dr Mubarak Ali Khan General Secretary of the All-India Muslim League of America, has addressed a letter to the President of the United Nations Assembly saying "I ask that the spotlight of world opinion be thrown upon India as it really is today and that the UNO should take up the question of who is responsible for the death by violence of thousands who might have lived to see a genuinely free India"

But is it wise of Dr Mubarak Ali Khan to make this demand?

* * *

NEW DELHI May 1: At a recent meeting of major tea interests, held here under his chairmanship Mr L T Chundrigar Commerce Member expressed the determination of the Government of India to establish Calcutta as a world tea centre.— A P I.

Another big addition to the already serious complications.

* * *

Mr V D. Savarkar has sent a telegram to the Assam Premier, Mr Bardoloi, saying that no inch of land in Assam should be surrendered.

Trust Mr Savarkar to do that. From time to time he simply "must" bestow upon all the benefit of his advice and instruction even though they ungratefully don't want don't need and don't ask for it.

* * *

"Bhawalpur" says its Prime Minister Nawab Gurmani "has neither territorial ambitions nor —"

This pledge must relieve and reassure the Government and people of Sind, who were we are sure, quaking with fear and apprehensions

* * *

The Associated Press of America reporting from New York says: "The possibility developed today (Friday) that the United States and Britain would split over the ticklish question of giving the Jews a voice in the UN debate on Palestine".

Too good to materialise

Draft Constitution To Be Translated Into National Language

No Acquisition Of Property Without Compensation

Consembly Adjourns After Disposing Of Several Clauses In Fundamental Rights Committee Report

NEW DELHI, May 2, (A.P.I.): The Constituent Assembly adjourned to-day after disposing of a number of clauses in the Fundamental Rights' Committee's report. The date for the next session would be fixed by the President. Before the House adjourned, the President, Dr. Rajendra Prasad announced that he was going to get the Constitution as it took shape, translated into the national language so that the future Constitution of Free India could be enshrined in the language of the country. This was received with cheers by all sections of the House.

QUESTION OF INTERPRETATION

Dr. Rajendra Praad said that all the proceedings were at present being conducted in the English language because there were many members who were not acquainted with the national language. So, the drafts were also being prepared in the English language.

In future—he did not say immediately—the time might come when they would cease to depend upon English and if the original Constitution was framed in the English language, any question of interpretation would have to be referred to the language in which the Constitution was originally framed.

The question, therefore, was whether they should continue in future to interpret the Constitution in the English language and whether they should expect their judges, in future, to be always acquainted with English to interpret the Constitution. If the original Constitution was drafted in English this would be the natural consequence.

ADOPT CONSTITUTION IN LANGUAGE OF COUNTRY

It was difficult, at the present moment to make any suggestion to resolve the difficulty but he was wondering whether transiations could not be made of the drafts which were now being passed by the Assembly in English, so that, ultimately the whole of the Constitution could be drafted in the language of the country. If this was done, to deal with any ambiguity arising on questions of interpretation, the English draft would also be available for reference. He would personally like that the original Constitution should be adopted in the language of the country (cheers).

Earlier the President announced that the resolutions on linguistic and cultural provinces would be considered by the two committees appointed by the House to draw up the principles of the Union Constitution and the model Provincial Constitution.

NO ACQUISITION WITHOUT COMPENSATION

The Constituent Assembly today passed Clause 19 in the Fundamental Rights Committee Report stating that "no property, movable or immovable, of any person or corporation, including any interest in any commercial or industrial undertaking shall be taken or acquired for public use unless the law provides for the payment of compensation for the property taken or acquired and specified the principles on which and the manner in which the compensation is to be determined."

An amendment, moved by Raja Jagannath Baksh Singh, seeking to specify that the compensation paid would be 'just' was withdrawn.

NO FULL COMPENSATION POSSIBLE

During the debate, Mr. Ajit Prasad Jain said the question of compensation was full of difficulties. Many of the Provincial Legislatures were already facing some of these difficulties. The Zemindars were trying to interpret the word "compensation" to mean full compensation, and threatening to go to the courts on this issue. It was not possible for the State to pay full compensation when very large estates were acquired. When acquiring property for public use, the State might pay normal compensation or in some cases no compensation at all—but not full compensation.

BAR TO SOCIAL & ECONOMIC PROGRESS

He thought incorporation of this provision among the Fundamental Rights would bar social and economic progress such as the nationalisation schemes which many of the Provincial Governments were embarking upon.

Mr. R. K. Sidhwa deplored the fact that at a time when the Legislatures in the country were trying to abolish Jagirdari and Zemindari by payment of small compensation or no compensation, the House should be asked to make a definite rule to pay compensation for all property that would be acquired by the State.

NEED FOR INQUIRY INTO HOW OWNER GOT PROPERTY

Mr. Bishamber Dayal Tripathi made a plea for a review of the whole clause and strongly opposed Raja Jagannath Baksh Singh's amendment. If there was any justification for the amendment then it was much more necessary that before any compensation, which he did not oppose in principle, was paid there should be enquiry into the manner in which the property had been acquired and it should also be determined whether the owner had not made enormous profits out of it. In many cases, he said, and this was particularly true in the Oudh, property had been acquired during the Mutiny of 1857, and no rent had been paid on it for 90 years. He did not think that people who had sided with the British against the people of the country should be entitled to any compensation. Even the clause as it stood, he apprehended, would be contrary in spirit to the objects so often stated by the Congress and in effect would stand in the way of the economic and social progress of the peasant and the worker.

WHEN ZEMINDARS WERE PIONEERS

Rai Bahadur Shyamanand Sahay said when the principle of compensation was accepted, no one would suggest that it should be unjust compensation. The future of the country would depend on the justice and fairplay exercised in dealing with the different problems before it. The term compensation itself meant 'just compensation' and he might on this score, even urge Raja Jagannath Baksh Singh to withdraw his amendment.

Mr. Sahay pointed out that whatever might be said of Zemindars today, it could not be denied that at one time they were pioneers in building up the economic structure of the country.

ILL-EFFECTS OF ABSENTEE LANDLORDISM

Mr. Lakshminarain Sahu referred to the absentee landlordism prevalent in Orissa which had been disastrous to the interests of the people. Some of these lands had been originally purchased by the Zamindars 'by daylight robbery.' When the time for compensation came he urged that these things should also be considered.

Mr. Phoolsingh said the clause would bar economic progress of the country. The inclusion of the clause as it stood among the Fundamental Rights would make nationalisation of industry and abolition of Zemindari difficult.

Messrs. Nagappa, Sureshchandra Banerjee and Kesava Rao also participated in the debate.

SARDAR'S REPLY

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, winding up the debate, said the debate had gone on the wrong lines. All those who had participated seemed to think the provision was intended to acquire Zemindaris. The clause actually dealt with many other things besides property belonging to landholders. As regards the plea put forth by representatives of the Zemindars that they ought to get just compensation, Sardar Patel said it was not for them to plead their own case. Time was against them. Zemindaris were bound to be liquidated in a year or two. Legislation for this purpose had been brought forward in many of the Provinces already. There was no use going into the question whether some of the Zemindars had been patriotic or not in the past.

The clause was adopted without any amendment.

CITIZENSHIP CLAUSE

The citizenship clause which had earlier been remitted to an 'ad hoc' Committee of experts was then taken up. But despite a lengthy debate the issue remained unsolved and had to be referred back again to the Committee for further consideration.

Re-drafted clause as submitted to the Assembly to-day by the Committee read: "Every person born in the Union and subject to its jurisdiction, every person either of whose parents was at the time of such person's birth, a citizen of the Union, and every person naturalised in the Union, shall be a citizen of the Union."

"Further provision regarding the acquisition and termination on Union citizenship may be made by the Law of the Union."

Mr. K. Santanam by an amendment sought to include after the first para the following: "Every person born or naturalised in India before the commencement of the Union and subject to its jurisdiction shall be a citizen of the Union". Mr. Santanam pointed out that without this addition, the Clause would only cover people born after the Union came into being who would be the citizens the day the Union came into existence. Further, there was the possibility that the Union territory might be smaller than the territory of India.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel thought it was unnecessary at this stage to consider the question.

Mr. Anantasayanam Ayyangar: "We are not born in the Union. We were born long before the Union came into existence. What about us? (Laughter)

SOME DIFFICULTIES

Mr. C. Rajagopalachari cited a concrete instance where difficulties might arise. Suppose he was born in Mysore; if Mysore did not join the Union, he would not have been born in the Union. Would he, on that score, have no citizenship rights? The point was important and must be considered.

Mr. R. K. Sidhwa from Sind asked what would happen to a very large number of people in his Province, if Sind decided to stay away from the Union. Such persons should not be deprived of their citizenship.

Sir Alladi Krishnaswamy Iyer, who was one of the members of the 'ad hoc' Committee which re-drafted the Clause, confessed that this point had not been considered by the Committee. The question was, however, important and it might, therefore, be inadvertent to put in hasty amendments. As regards those who were born in the territories which came into the Union, there was no difficulty because when it was said "all those who were born in the Union would be citizens", what was meant was the geographical Union. In respect of others born in territories which did not come into the Union, a number of political questions would arise. It may not be possible to give citizenship rights to every person merely because he was born in India.

Supposing some of the Indian States did not come into the Union, then the question would have to be considered whether people from these States living in Union territories should be given citizenship rights unless they made British India their home permanently.

He suggested that with the reservation that these questions would be considered at a later stage the Clause be passed.

C. R. INTERVENES AGAIN

Mr. Rajagopalachari again intervening in the debate pointed out that there were numerous persons in India who would continue to be within the jurisdiction of the Union, however restricted it might be, who were born in parts of India which might not come into the Union. These persons might also continue to make Union territories their permanent homes. There should be some provision by which such persons might get Union citizenship automatically. The Clause might, therefore be remitted back to the Committee once again.

Mr. K. M. Munshi said these were questions to be decided in the light of the political situation obtaining at the time when the Constitution was finally passed. To-day, one did not know what would be the shape of the Union in the matter of territories. The second point was about persons born in territories which might not come into the Union." Supposing an Indian State did not come into the Union and made a law that a person born in India, though residing in that State shall not be a citizen? These were intricate questions which would have to be considered at a later stage.

DR. AMBEDKAR'S SUGGESTION

Dr. Ambedkar, said obviously the Clause referred to only persons who would be born in the future. What would be the position of those who were born before the Union came into being? Provision had to be made in respect of them. He suggested that "all persons born in India as defined in the general clause and residing in the Union and subject to the jurisdiction of the Union shall be citizens of the Union." This provision would, he suggested, cover the cases of people born in India and who would be subjects of the Union when the Union came into being. Without some such provision, the Clause would be incomplete and create a lot of difficulties. He supported the reference back to the Committee.

The President thereupon announced that the Clause would be held over for re-examination by the 'ad hoc' Committee.

FORCED LABOUR AND TRAFFIC IN HUMAN BEINGS

Another report of the Experts Committee on the Clause dealing with traffic in human beings and forced labour was also held over for re-examination. The Clause as reported on by the Committee to-day read: "Traffic in human beings and beggar and other similar forms of forced labour are prohibited and any contravention of this prohibition shall be an offence: provided that nothing in the Clause shall prevent the State from imposing compulsory service for public purpose without any discrimination on the ground of race, religion, caste or class."

The Assembly adjourned and will meet on a date to be fixed by the President.

Who Rules Russia?

What is the pattern of Soviet democracy? Are some big purges in the offing? Will the war heroes have a say in the future of Mother Russia? Answers to these and many other questions are contained in an able, unbiassed and informative series of illustrated articles appearing in the *B. C. Weekly.*

Art And Society

Kamaladevi writes of the roots where all true art find its nurture—to wit, a progressing society An elaboration of a thesis with which those who think that all art is an abstract product of an ego may not agree!

Niagara Cracking Up?

The famous falls, one of the wonders of the world in the pre-atomic era, will not remain a wonder for long!

Classical vs. Film Music

Valedictory of a popular controversy. There is more than that—Between Ourselves!

BOMBAY CHRONICLE WEEKLY

Sunday, May 4

Lady Mountbatten consoles a victim of riots at the Wah Relief camp which is sheltering refugee women from some of the worst affected villages of Rawalpindi district.

ROORKEE SCHOOL OF MILITARY ENGINEERING

POONA, May 2. (A.P.I.): The Roorkee School of Military Engineering is to be shortly shifted to Aundh near Poona, and developed into a full-fledged Engineering college to train engineering officers in different branches of Engineering, such as Railway maintenance, operation and construction, dockyards operation and others.

It is likely that a civil research institute will be opened near this college which will devote itself mainly to research work in military science.

BOMBAY GOVT. BATTLE FOR MORE CLOTH

(Continued from page 1)

the ground of the extreme cold prevailing there, Bombay's quota is higher than other provinces.

On this basis the Province is to get 19,860 bales per month. At the same time the Government of India has made a cut in this quantity to the extent of the estimated production of handloom and powerloom cloth in the province, as the province has been allowed to keep this entire production to itself. But the difficulty here is that handloom and powerloom cloth is not controlled in the same way as mill cloth. It is so widely spread that it cannot be collected and sold except through a vast organisation. It has, however, now been decided that about 3,500 bales of powerloom cloth will hereafter be acquired and distributed as part of ration cloth.

The 10,260 bales of mill cloth would be just sufficient to give about seven yards per adult leaving a surplus of just 300 bales for hospitals, funeral purposes and statutory uniforms. It is only by adding the powerloom cloth which is going to be controlled hereafter that the ration quota can be raised to ten yards per adult.

Here the Government of Bombay was faced with another problem. All along, cloth was being distributed on a discriminatory basis. The 28,40,000 inhabitants of the Bombay city and suburbs were receiving favoured treatment. They were getting 24 yards. The quota of other cities in the province was 20 yards; the quota of towns 15 yards and of villages ten yards.

Now with an all-round reduction, the Government felt that such discrimination could no longer continue. Mr. Desai was emphatic in asserting that ten yards was so small that the Government could not take away from it, in order to give a little more to the urban population. Of course, Bombay had some imported cloth to fall back upon. On an average four and half lakhs of yards of cloth—two lakhs rough and two lakhs fine—were being imported through Bombay harbour every month. Of this the "Bombay area"—an expression which covers two crores and seventy nine lakhs of people in the province as well as the States included in the province—was entitled to 40 per cent, that is, about 60 bales per month. Besides, there is wool and silk cloth for those who can afford it!

Pressed to say what might happen in the future and whether there might be a revision one way or the other, Mr. Desai refused to indulge in prophecy. But of one thing he was quite certain. Control was an emergency measure; and an emergency must have a time limit. The shorter the limit he felt, the better. He also said that the present time, when there were stocks in hand was the best for decontrol. If decontrol came in the context of low stocks, the markets might rise.

FIRE HAVOC IN TANDJONG HARBOUR

BATAVIA, May 2 (APA).—Fire still raging at noon today (local time) destroyed hundreds of tons of rubber and canned goods, and caused damage unofficially estimated at 125,000 pounds to the Rotterdam Lloyd Docks in Tandjong Priok, the harbour for Batavia.

FIST BATTLE IN ITALIAN ASSEMBLY

ROME, May 2 (UPA).—Communist and Rightist deputies battled with their fists on the floor of the Italian Assembly for 15 minutes today after bitter exchanges over the Sicily May Day massacres.

Calcutta Port Workers Strike Called Off

CALCUTTA, May 2. (A.P.I.): The 37-days old strike of Calcutta Port workers has been called off.

Following negotiations between Mr. N. M. Ayyar, the newly appointed Chairman of the Calcutta Port Commissioners, and the representatives of the workers, a meeting of employees of the Port Commissioners today called off the strike.

Employees who are in Calcutta have been asked to resume work from tomorrow.

CONGRESS TAKES UP FRONTIER ISSUE WITH VICEROY

(Continued from page 1)

stry in the province and the setting up of regional ministries pending partition".

Memorandum For Division Of Bengal

The deputation from Bengal which waited on the Congress Working Committee this afternoon presented a memorandum to the Committee explaining the case for the creation of a separate Province for West Bengal inclusive of the port of Calcutta, which the signatories pointed out, consisted of nearly 77 per cent Hindu population.

The memorandum was signed by 74 out of 84 members of the Opposition in the Bengal Assembly, 12 out of 12 Congress members of the Provincial Council and 20 out of 24 members of the non-Muslim members of the Constituent Assembly from Bengal present in Delhi.

MAHENDRA PRATAP SUPPORTS SUHRAWARDY

CALCUTTA, May 2 (API).—Raja Mahendra Pratap, the well-known Indian revolutionary leader, has sent the following telegram from Brindaban to the Bengal Premier, Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy, supporting the latter's move for united Bengal:

"I welcome your suggestion. United Bengalee brains led Indian liberty. I stand for Aryan Federation from Iran to Assam."

Frontier Congress Leaders Confer

PESHAWAR, May 2, (U.P.I.): High-level talks of vital importance were held yesterday evening behind closed doors amongst top-ranking Frontier Congress leaders. This is the first meeting which Dr. Khan Saheb, Premier, and his three Cabinet colleagues Quazi Attaullah, Mr. Manrchand Khanna and Mohammad Yahyajan had with Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan since the Viceroy's visit to the Frontier.

Salar Mondaslam, M. L. A. who is a member of the Advisory Committee set up by Maulana Abul Kalam Azad at the time of the formation of the Congress Ministry after the general election, with a view to guide the Ministry on important developments from time to time, also participated in the deliberations along with Badshah Khan, who is also a member of the Advisory Committee.

It is understood that the present situation in the province came under exhaustive review, and Badshah Khan approved of the necessity and value of the discussion which the Frontier Cabinet had with the Viceroy on the general situation in the province vis-a-vis the Muslim League's two months old agitation and consequent disturbances in various parts of the province.

The Muslim League's reported decision not to call off the agitation and come out of jails, despite the Frontier Government's "amnesty" declaration also is understood to have formed part of the important deliberations.

FRONTIER LEAGUERS ON PAROLE IN DELHI

NEW DELHI, May 2. (A.P.I.): The Muslim League deputation from the North-West Frontier, consisting Pir of Manki Sherif and Khan Abdul Qaiyum Khan, Sami Jan Khan, Mian Abdutla Khan and Arbab Noor Mohd Khan, arrived in Delhi by air this evening. They are meeting Mr Jinnah tomorrow morning.

These Muslim League leaders have been released on parole by the Frontier Government to enable them to meet Mr. Jinnah in Delhi. This decision it will be recalled, was taken during the Viceroy's recent visit to the Frontier Province.

BATAVIA, May 1. (Reuter): The West Borneo Council representing one-quarter of Dutch Borneo today accepted the draft statute in which Holland through the Commission General agrees to recognise West Borneo's autonomous territory. The Council accepted the statute by 31 votes to nil with three members abstaining. West Borneo's population of 8,500,000 includes 136,000 Chinese.

BENGAL SPEAKER APPEALS FOR PEACE

NO RELIGION GAINS BY KILLING MEMBERS OF OTHER COMMUNITIES

CALCUTTA, May 2 (API): "We cannot find any justification for our mad fratricidal strife on the score of either politics, religion or humanism. By it we are only dishonouring our heritage, disgracing our religion, jeopardising beyond repair our political future, and discrediting the fair name of India before the nations of the world," said Mr. Nurul Amin, Speaker of the Bengal Legislative Assembly, this evening in a broadcast talk on "the restoration of peace and communal harmony" from the Calcutta Centre of All-India Radio.

"Can anyone really believe that by killing a Hindu or a Muslim he is upholding the cause of his respective religion?" he asked, "Leaders no less than Mr. Jinnah and Mr. Gandhi have unequivocally condemned riots and violence as a means to achieve political ends."

Continuing Mr. Amin said: "For nearly a year now our city has been ridden with intermittent riots. Hundreds of innocent men, women and children have fallen victims to a senseless orgy. Property worth crores of rupees has been wantonly destroyed. Long hours of curfew and the uncertainty of things have brought our social life to almost a point of collapse. Our economic life is on the verge of a breakdown.

"The question before us is not who has won or who has lost; who is responsible or who is not. The time is for reconciliation and not recrimination. We shall have to organise ourselves and struggle against the attack upon our civic life. This means the immediate formation of active peace committees in every area and locality to raise volunteer corps to hand over the miscreants to the authorities, kill rumours and organise contact with the neighbouring area inhabitated by the opposite community."

RIOT SITUATION

A Bengal Government press note on the situation in Calcutta and Howrah, issued at 9-30 p.m. stated:

"There was further improvement in the situation to-day and only 6 incidents were reported during the day. As a precautionary measure the curfew orders, which were to expire tomorrow, have been extended up to May 10.

Three of the incidents occurred in the jurisdiction of Beliaghatta Police Station. The police fired two rounds and arrested 33 persons following a case of bomb-throwing and some shooting by the miscreants. A case of rioting and another case involving the use of bombs were also reported by the Beliaghata Police Station. One person was taken into custody when some bombs were thrown from an area under Muchipara Police Station. Commore reported a case of brickbatting and 8 persons were arrested in this connection. According to the reports received from 12 thanas, 333 persons were arrested during the last 24 hours. 7 persons received injuries to-day.

MISCREANTS FIRE AT CONSTABLES

Howrah remained quiet during the day. Two incidents, in which the miscreants fired at the Police constables were, however reported during the night from a locality under the jurisdiction of Bantra Police Station. The police opened fire and arrested 42 persons on the spot. Two constables were injured and one of them died subsequently. A portion of the Bantra Police Station, from where this trouble was reported, remains under day curfew from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

THREE INJURED IN DACCA

DACCA, May 2 (API): Three persons were injured incidents this morning, one in northern suburb of the city, one in an area under Sutrapur Police Station and the other under P. S. Kotwali. Of the injured, one has since died. Two persons injured in yesterday's incidents also expired in hospital to-day, bringing the total casualties since the recrudescence of trouble on Monday night to six killed and 18 injured.

The District Magistrate has imposed a 48-hour curfew on Gandaria area, beginning from 7 p.m. yesterday following some incidents earlier in the day, and has also imposed collective fines amounting to Rs. 8,000 on Hindu residents of certain parts of Armanitola and Nalgola areas.

House-to-house delivery of money orders, postal parcels and registered articles have been suspended since Tuesday last.

EXPLOSION IN PESHAWAR

PESHAWAR, May 2. (A.P.I.): One person was shot dead in village Dhoban in Mardan district yesterday.

One explosion has been reported from Karimpura area in Peshawar city but there was no damage.

In Nowshera yesterday four Muslim League Volunteers entered the court of a Sub-Judge and damaged some court files; they were arrested, tried and convicted to three months' R. I. each.

Courts were picketed by Muslim League volunteers at Abbottabad, Mardan, Sawabi, Haripur and Mansahra.

BAN ON "INSTRUCTION TO LEAGUERS"

LAHORE, May 2. (A.P.I.): The Punjab Government have forfeited a document purporting to contain instructions issued by the Muslim League for the establishment of Pakistan by direct action and violent methods and supposed to have been given out by an ex-Muslim Leaguer, and described variously as a circular and a letter.

The document, according to the forfeiture order is likely to promote feeling of enmity between different classes of His Majesty's subjects.

EXAMINATIONS POSTPONED

Owing to the burning down of the examination centre and the disturbed conditions prevalent in Dera Ismail Khan, the university examinations scheduled to be held there have been postponed.

AMRITSAR POLICE HAUL UP SWORDS IN JEEP

AMRITSAR, May 2. (A.P.I.): Only a dozen Muslims offered prayers in Chowk Fragdan Mosque today when British troops patrolled the area and police were posted on house-tops. Some Magistrates were also on duty in the area.

British troops chased a jeep moving about in the city in suspicious circumstances and caught six men who had got down at a liquor shop. The police it is reported recovered swords and lead balls from the jeep.

200 ON ARSON AND MURDER CHARGE

MULTAN, May 2 (A.P.I.): The police have so far arrested about 200 persons on charges of arson and murder. Property worth Rs. 34,000 has been recovered.

STABBING IN DELHI

NEW DELHI, May 2. (A.P.I.): A stabbing case occurred in Nai Sarak this evening, the victim and the assailant belonging to the same community. The assailant was arrested.

Put An End To Violence

Prominent Bombay Citizens' Appeal

BOMBAY, May 2. (A.P.I.): The Sheriff of Bombay and three other prominent citizens of Bombay have issued a joint appeal to the people of India to put an end to violence practised in the country to-day in the name of religion and to gain political ends.

The signatories to the appeal are Mithan J Lam (Sheriff of Bombay) Dhanvanti Rama Rau (President All-India Women's Conference, Dr. J. M. Kumarappa (Director of Tata School of Social Sciences) and Professor A. M. Moulvi.

In the course of an appeal they say, "All right thinking people must condemn acts of violence and bestiality that are practised in India today in the name of religion and to gain political ends. Those who sow the wind must live to see the whirlwind is very true to-day. It is very easy to inflame the ignorant masses, but when educated people give their tacit if not active support to such incitements by speech and writing, we stand utterly degraded and humiliated in the eyes of the world, and only lend support to our enemies who tell us that we are unfit to rule ourselves".

CURFEW WITHDRAWN

BOMBAY, May 2: The Commissioner of Police has withdrawn from to-day, May 2, the curfew order imposed by him on April 21 and extended for a period of seven days and modified on April 28, says a press note issued by the Director of Publicity.

BAN ON MEETINGS TO CONTINUE

The ban on the holding of public meetings in the Kolaba District, without previous intimation to the nearest magistrate, will continue to remain in force for a further period of one month from May 6.

"Snatch And Grab" Robbery Attempt Fails

KARACHI May 2 (API): Another "snatch and grab" robbery was attempted in daylight today in a crowded locality behind the City Magistrate's Court, where a goldsmith was suddenly attacked and relieved of a bag containing gold ornaments and diamonds worth Rs. 10,000.

The policeman on duty chased the assailants and recovered the bag intact. The assailants were then marched to the city police station.

R

"LET US KNOW"

Have you any complaints about Rationing and Civil Supplies? Don't You Want To "SMASH" black marketing, profiteering and corruption?

Then Help The Government To Do It.

YOU CAN DO SO by giving reliable information.

Please write to or ring up the

PUBLIC RELATIONS OFFICER (Rationing)

Secretariat, Bombay (Telephone No. 30372)

"MILK" REMINDER

...ting consumers and new entrants to the Government Milk Distribution Scheme are reminded that they can renew their milk cards or obtain new ones for month of June from the milk centres upto 17th May '947.

The price of milk for June will be 13 annas per seer.

D. N KHURODY,

Milk Commissioner, Bombay.

TOPS... on three counts!

Once used, Kolynos *remains* a favorite, because . . .

IT CLEANS WELL. The abundant, gentle-acting Kolynos foam helps keep your teeth naturally beautiful without scratching the enamel.

IT TASTES GOOD. Kolynos has a cool, pleasant taste. It sweetens your breath . . . makes your entire mouth feel clean and refreshed.

IT'S ECONOMICAL. With Kolynos, a little goes a long way! A half-inch on your brush is all you need.

use KOLYNOS.. a favorite in 80 countries

K-306B

UNSUNG HEROES OF THE FILM INDUSTRY

Spotlighting The Film Technician

By "SARDI"

When the credit titles that precede a film are flashed on the screen, most picturegoers seldom bother to note any names except those of their beloved stars whose physical attributes and histrionic abilities (in many cases nil!) have been trumpeted forth by the usual publicity 'baliyhoo.'

PROP OF THE INDUSTRY

The backbone of a nation, and also of the world, are the toiling masses. Thus also, the backbone of the film industry is its unheard of, uncared for, very often poorly paid, technical staff. If you stop to think a bit, the stars and the director are far from being the ONLY persons to contribute to the making of a good photoplay, though, normally, they take most of the credit.

Do you think the stars would look at all glamorous or even presentable, or the scenes pleasing or appropriate, were it not for the painstaking labour of the CAMERAMAN? Yet how many of you have given him a thought? You hear lilting melodies on the screen from the throat of a Kanan or a Saigal. Have you ever thought that even their enchanting voices would lose their pitch and fervour were it not for the skilful work of the SOUND ENGINEER? And who makes your stars sound so clear and eloquent? None other than this same man who records their voices with meticulous care. Let me tell you, here and now, that many of our stars are far from being well-grounded in elocution.

The bigger half of the plum you throw the players for clarity of speech and diction, often belongs to the sound engineer. Of course, there are a number of stars, such as Shanta Apte, who are reputed to come to the set line-perfect and ready to give their fullest co-operation to the man who is in charge of recording sound. But such understanding players are few and far between.

BACK-SCREEN GHOSTS

You are often thrilled by the lush singing voice of a star. Have you bothered to find out whether or not the same voice belongs to a PLAY-BACK SINGER? In the highly successful "Rattan", it was the melodious warbling of Zohra in play-back, that made the heroine Swarnalata's songs a joy to the ear.

Often, when a film runs smoothly, you are mighty pleased and probably give all the credit, for the fine continuity, to the director. Has it ever struck you that the men who deserve your adulation most, in this respect, are the studio FILM EDITOR and his assistants who eliminate useless scenes and generally edit the film so as to give it an easy flow?

THEIR NAME IS LEGION

Sometimes, though this is a rarity, you see a good dance sequence on the screen. You lavish praise on the dancer. Have you spared some of your superlatives for the DANCE DIRECTOR who is the real Spirit behind the dancing you have appreciated?

You often go into raptures over film sets, their grandeur and occasionally, though rarely (!) their good taste. Do you really give the credit for these to the ART-DIRECTOR and DESIGNER even when it is not a Ram Desai but an unknown who has designed the sets?

So it goes on—a long list of persons who are members of the technical staff and do all the important work without sharing the glory of the stars. Next time you see a good film, think of these unknown, unsung heroes and throw them at least a crumb of praise if you are too miserly to do any more.

"SARDI" REVIEWS: HAMARA SCREEN

Unsung Heroes Of The Film Industry

(Continued from previous column)

CURRENT— PHOTOPLAYS

Central

"TULSI VRUNDA" RELEASED

Ranjana, the Prakash discovery, gets the most emotional and difficult role of her career in Jayant Desai's TULSI VRUNDA, which had its premiere at the above picture-house yesterday afternoon.

Each morning, the devout Hindu woman is wont to worship Sati Tulsi. The present film tells the story of this heroine of mythology. A devotee of Vishnu, the girl was abducted by and forcibly married to the demon Jalandhar who hoped, thus, to conquer Vishnu. Tulsi remained faithful to her marriage vows but unyielding in her worship of Vishnu, which led Jalandhar to banish her into the jungle.

It is in the forest that the film gathers momentum and from there on works up to its climax. Ishwarlal, who plays the unsympathetic part of Jalandhar, has also directed the picture. Ranjana makes an appealing Sati Tulsi Vrindi, while Umakant portrays Lord Vishnu.

The songs in the picture are mostly devotional and are the composition of Kamar Jalhabadi, set to music by Ram Gunguli.

For mythology fans.

*

Super And Majestic

MODERN LOVE STORY

We are all familiar with love stories which start with a couple being friends as children and end up with their being lovers when grown up. This formula has been observed in Mehboob Productions' ANMOL GHADI, but its light treatment makes it quite refreshing in spite of the banality of its theme.

Lata and Chandra are separated in childhood. The girl grows up to become a writer whose romantic stories strike a responsive chord in the boy who is a struggling musician and sells musical instruments to make ends meet. Lata's friend Basanti, fond of music herself, falls for Chandra when she sees him. Chandra has been writing fan-mail letters to the novelist Lata, whose pen name is "Renu", without knowing she is his childhood sweetheart. The meeting of the three, results in a tantalising but humorous triangular affair.

Nurjehan, Surendra and Suraiya share stellar honours in this photoplay directed by Mehboob and containing the songs of Tanveer Naqvi and the music of the celebrated Naushad.

For the romantic.

*

Minerva

FAMILY RIVALRY

A family feud between the housefolds of two brothers forms the basis of Mazhar Arts' PEHLI NAZAR.

Husna, the daughter of one brother, is loved by a young man called Mushtaq on whom the other brother has an eye as a prospective husband for his daughter Shaida. To end the feud, poor Husna attempts suicide, which incident finally leads to a family reunion.

Veena's Shaida is strong and vibrant, Munawar Sultana's Husna coy and bashful and Nemo and Baburao Pendharkar's rival brothers, humorous.

For lovers of melodrama.

*

Swastik

HERO GLORIFIED

NETAJI BOSE spotlights the important incidents in the life of Subhas Chandra Bose by means of a series of news reels cleverly strung together chronologically.

We see Bose as the President of the Indian National Congress at the Haripura Session, follow him through his activities at Tripuri and Ramgarh, observe him as the leader of the Forward Bloc, are thrilled by his escape from Calcutta while under Police superveilance, by his adventures in the war-time Germany and Japan, and by his assumption of the leadership of the Indian National Army when he united Indians of varying castes and creeds under one single banner.

For patriots of every community.

*

Roxy

BADAMI PICTURE

The ill starred love of UTTARA and ABHIMANYU is resurrected on the screen in Sarvottam Badami's picture which bears the names of the lovers as its title. Krishna's advice for action to Abhimanyu is stressed when the latter enters the Mahabharata war soon after his marriage.

Shanta Apte and Ashok Kumar play the title roles in the usual mythological setting.

For those who like pomp and pageantry.

*

Capitol And Lamington

EMOTIONAL DRAMA

Fazli Pictures' DIL has been aptly named, for the drama of love it unfolds, is calculated to tug at your heartstrings—unless, of course, cynically you reject it as so much sentimental 'mush.'

Songstress Nur Jehan plays the lead in this picture directed and produced by S. F. Hussein.

Elfin Ranjana as Mahasati Tulsi Vrunda (Central).

The late Saigal in "Parwana" his last appearance (Release: Next Week).

Mothers know this language

No word in any language has more meanings than a baby's cry. If baby has been bathed and fed; does not need a 'change'—wise mothers know the cry is almost surely for soothing, smoothing comfort such as Cussons' White Cross gives. Use White Cross Baby Powder liberally at least twice a day to keep baby safe from the discomforts of perspiration, chafing and soreness.

The famous toilet products of Cussons of England are distributed throughout India by Muller and Phipps (India) Limited, Bombay and branches.

Cussons
WHITE CROSS
BABY POWDER

For ENGLISH SHOES and TEXTILES

Enquire from:-
B. R. HERMAN & MOHATTA LTD.
Punjab's Building, Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road, BOMBAY. Phone: 27403
P. O. Box 11, Queens Road, Wood Street, KARACHI. Phone: 2201
29, Strand Road, Mahatma Hansa, CALCUTTA. Phone: Cal-4799

It's GOOD...

...to the Last Drop!

EQUALLY good — equally delicious, nourishing and invigorating, whether mixed Hot or Cold — 'Ovaltine' is loved by children, and its supreme value in maintaining their strength and energy is universally recognized.

No single factor is so important to your children's health as correct and adequate nourishment, and nothing is as good as 'Ovaltine' for supplying such nourishment. Prepared from Nature's finest tonic foods — ripe barley malt and fresh, creamy cows' milk, together with valuable natural phosphatides and vitamins — 'Ovaltine' is a complete and perfect food. Avoid substitutes.

Sold by all Chemists and Stores.

OVALTINE Mixed HOT or COLD

Builds Sturdy Bodies-Alert Minds

Distributors: Graham's Trading Co. (India) Ltd., 16, Bank Street, Bombay, also at Calcutta, Karachi, Madras.

OE/6

LOUD TONE

see band is unbroken

SONGSTER GRAMOPHONE NEEDLES

CONTROLLED PRICES

Steel Needles per tin of 200 Rs.1/4
Bronze Pickup per tin of 100 Rs.1/-
Golden Pickup per tin of 100 Rs.2/-

SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA
SCOTT & PICKSTOCK LTD.,
15, BRITISH INDIAN STREET CALCUTTA, INDIA

32-PAGE BOOKLET

'VITALITY SUPREME' by Gambers – a rational, scientific course on Vitality-Building is sent FREE on request.

This *must-be-studied* course is sure to benefit you. Do drop a postcard for it this very day.

BRIJMOHAN & CO. BOMBAY, 1.

Time Tested Team
P.K. Sen's
CHALMUGRA SOAP & OINTMENT

TRADE MARK

INDIA'S ANCIENT INFALLIBLE SPECIFICS MADE MORE EFFECTIVE BY MODERN RESEARCH FOR EVERY SKIN DISEASE AT EVERY STAGE

P.K. SEN'S DRUGS & CHEMICAL WORKS
CHITTAGONG

Plagiarism Charge Against Chaplin Settled

NEW YORK, May 1. (Reuter): A suit for 5,000,000 dollars (£ 1,250,000) brought by Konrd Percovici the United States author charging Charles Chaplin, the film actor and producer with plagiarism and breach of contract in the film "The Great Dictator" was today settled for 950,000 dollars (£ 320,750).

Percovici had charged the "The Great Dictator" had been pirated from him He alleged in his complaint that he wrote it under an agreement with Charles Chaplin in 1938 and that it had been produced and distributed without his knowledge.

The judge stated that stipulation of the settlement provided at Chaplin's insistence that he is the "sole author" of the story.

GUJARAT VARSITY COMMITTEE CHIEF RESIGNS

The Government of Bombay recently appointed a Gujarat University Committee with the Hon'ble Mr. Justice M. C. Chagla as its Chairman, but as he has been since appointed as Vice-Chancellor of the Bombay University, he has now intimated the Government that because of his position as Vice-Chancellor of the Bombay University it will not be possible for him to act as Chairman or even as a member of the Gujarat University Committee. In the circumstances, the Government has reluctantly accepted Mr. Justice Chagla's resignation. The remaining members of the Committee will be asked by Government to elect a Chairman.

HAPUR MARKET

HAPUR, May 1.

Silver Ready 169/12 Forward 165/12 Opened 171 Lowest 165/4 Gold Ready 1086 Forward 102 Highest 104 Opened 103/4 Market Definitely Nearest Point Heavy Speculative Liquidation Sardana Asuj 73 Asar 71 Quiet Sarson Ready 18/2 Jeth 18/5/9 Bhadon 19/1/9 Very Steady Tarseed 16 Groundnut 14 Cottonseed 13 Ahrar 10 Jeth 10/)/9 Peas 10 Jeth 10/1 Wheat 13 to 14 Gram 11/4 Barley 9/0/9 Maize Bajra Juwar 8.

CALICUT MARKET

CALICUT, May 2.

Coiryarn Beypore 190/200 Quillandy 205/215 Fibre Garbled 170 Ungarbled 165 Coconuts Raw 120 Dry 130 Coconutoil 510 Copra Office 310 Dilpasand 320 Madrasnottam 331 Pepper Wynasd 550 Country 540 Dry Ginger Chermad 252/8 Ernad 245 Coffee Robusta 86 Timber Pali 50/55 Junglewood 28/30 Vellapine 45/47/8 Benteak 50/55 Teak 75/81 Mangoplanks 3/8 Teak 12/18 Rosewood 11/18.

LONDON PEPPER MARKET QUIET

LONDON, May 1. (U.P.A.): Trading remained quiet on the London pepper market today. The price was unchanged at 2/2 for white pepper. Black pepper was quoted at 1/10-1/2.

Gold Stocks Rise Sharply

WASHINGTON May 1 (UPA).

The Federal Reserve Board today reported that gold stocks rose sharply during the week ended April 30 climbing 153 million dollars to 20.774.000.000 dollars. The increase was the greatest since last January and was largely the result of releases although there were some imports. Money in circulation rose 13.000.000 to 28.1118.000.000 dollars.

CONTRACT TO STABILIZE FREIGHT RATES

NEW YORK, May 1 (UPA):

The India, Ceylon and Burma outward Freight Conference, in seeking to promote the stability of freight rates and further maintenance of frequently dependable service, today tendered to shippers contracts to cover all their shipments from Atlantic and Gulf ports to ports in India, Ceylon and Burma.

The contract will become effective from June 1st.

The contract rates will remain, the same as at present and the new tariff or non-contract rate will be four dollars per ton higher than the contract rate.

WORTH STREET QUIET

NEW YORK, May 1 (UPA):

Price concessions on print cloth constructions from second hand sources featured an otherwise quiet session today. Converters reported increased offerings of 80 squares at 27-1/2 cents per yard compared with a mill average of around 30 cents. Brokers reported that export inquiries continued to be numerous although the actual business done was slower than recently. Goods sold immediately after the removal of export restrictions were being prepared for shipment with reported destinations including India, Near East and Africa.

CHICAGO GRAINS STRONGER

CHICAGO May 1 (UPA)

Prices strengthened latterly during today's session of the Chicago commodity Exchange owing to unfavourable European crop news and the strengthening of the domestic cash situation for wheat.

MEXICAN MARKET SEES SOME MOVEMENT

MEXICO CITY May 1. (U.P.A.): The Mexican Bullion Exchange saw some movement on Wednesday. Antiguos were quoted at 4.06; Nuevos were also quoted at the same figure. Tejos, Aztecas and Hidalgos were quoted at 4.05 while silver was quoted at 1.03

NEW YORK SILVER UNCHANGED

NEW YORK, May 1. (U.P.A.): The price of silver remained unshanged on the New York Market today at 73-3/4 cents per ounce The volume of business transacted was estimated at between 100.000 and 200.000 ounces. Trade sources believed that the small amount of offerings might not have been taken up.

PEPPER MARKET PRACTICALLY DORMANT

BATAVIA, May 1 (UPA):

The Netherlands East Indies pepper market is practically dormant with only 300 tons having been sold in the last six months. All pepper in the interior, with the exception of small stocks, is held by traders for investment. There is no way in which the Government at Batavia can determine what old stocks are held in the interior.

The last quoted price was 300 guilders per 100 kilos. for a small shipment to Europe.

As far as the U.S. is concerned, the last sale was effected in January at 48 cents per pound and the total amounted to only 30 tons.

Pepper shipments are only allowed to the Netherlands, Switzerland, Czechoslovakia, United Kingdom, United States, South America and Sweden.

The Government is unable to make even a wild guess on the crop prospects or even new crops, but it is believed that very little is growing due to the repugnance of the Japanese towards pepper, plus the fact that local growers have small prospects of getting any returns by sales.

NEW YORK SEED PRICES

NEW YORK, May 1, (U.P.A.): With the exception of black pepper which was quoted at 32-3/4 cents per pound prices of other seeds remained unchanged on the New York Market today.

In the futures market, black pepper closed unchanged to 100 lower with no sales reported Most of the positions showed an extreme decline because of the lower trend in the spot market. A few distressed spot lots of black pepper accumulated by speculators at higher prices, were reported to have been sold at 32-3/4 cents per pound which is a new low for the movement

Grinder buying interest remained at a minimum as withdrawals continued to be made on inventories pending further news on the Indian allocations for 2.000 tons

Apart from distress offerings, most of the other sellers withdrew showing little interest in the present indicated price level

Closing prices included: May 35 nom: July 33 nom: September-October 29 nom: December 27.50 nom: January 26.50 asked: March 27 asked

LONDON SILVER DOWN BY ONE-FOURTH PENNY

LONDON May 1 (UPA):

The price of silver was again easier on the London market today by one-fourth penny. Spot was quoted at 44-3/4 pence per ounce and 2 months forward at 44-1/2 pence per ounce The demand for industrial purposes remained light.

The steamer Queda" is still tied up on account of the dockers' strike. No sailing date has yet been fixed.

Wall Street Market Steady With Small Volume Of Trading

NEW YORK, May 1.

STOCKS: Further gains upto one point were recorded as a result of further extension of the recovery movement. Dealings were largely professional and the volume was small. Some traders are advising lightening of trading positions on rallies in view of the continued low volume and smallness of investment demand and the possibility of many operators remaining cautious pending a thorough testing of low levels. But interest was in papers, soft drinks, steels, motors, aviations, rails, containers and chemicals. The averages were 171.37 and rails 45.40. In the afternoon the market made a little more progress led by oils-reflecting Standard Oil New Jersey's increased dividend and Assorted industrials, rails, department stores, tobaccos, but the volume failed to broaden. Late trading saw gains upto two points which were holding well despite occasional increased profittaking. The stock market performance this week is encouraging considering the domestic uncertainties, increased profittaking near the close particularly in West stocks, motors, oils, steels, minings and aviations caused reductions from earlier high levels and brought some declines, but the market still finished with a predominance of gains upto one point or more. The market closed very steady.

American Telephone and Telegraph	166
Amerex Holding Co.,	28-1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	36-3/8
Chase National Bank	23-7/8
Sinclair Oil	16-3/8
Firestone Tyre and Rubber Co.	50-1/8
General Electric	34-5/8
General Motors	57-1/2
Ingersol Rand 110-1/2	Endividend
International Nickel,	32-3/4
National City Bank of New York.	27-7/8
New York Central Rail Road Co.	15-1/2
Secony Vacum Corporation,	14-7/8
Texas Corporation,	60-5/8
Union Carbon and Carbide,	99-1/4
U S Steel Corporation (Common)	69-5/8
Western Union Telegraph	19

LONDON WHEAT

Australian wheat (bulk). F.O.B. 133/-
May/June quoted

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Consols. 2-1/%	£95-1/4
Conversion Loan. 5-1/2% 1961	£ 111-1/4
War Loan 3-1/2% 1952 and after	£105-3/4
Funding Loans 4% 1960/90.	£ 117-5/8
Victory Bonds 4%.	£ 119-1/2
Chartered Bank of I. A. & China	£12-1/16
Hong Kong & Shanghai Bank (London reg).	£110-1/2
National Bank of India.	£ 36

CHICAGO WHEAT

CHICAGO. May 1.

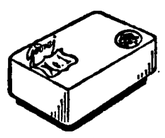
May	2.63-1/2 to 2.64
July	2.26-1/4 to 2.26-1/2
September	2.19-1/4 to 2.19-1/4
December	2.16-1/4 to 2.16-1/4

Fair Prices

of Godrej CHAVI BRAND SOAPS

EAU-DE-COLOGNE—HAIR OIL

The fair retail prices per Cake are marked under the respective illustrations. (Prices are somewhat higher where customs duty, octroi, terminal tax and/or other impost is levied.) Higher costs of raw materials have compelled us to reluctantly enhance most prices from about 10-4-1947.



No. 1 — 11 as.

No. 2 — 8 1/2 as.

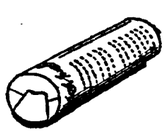
VATNI — 6 as.
VATNI' BABY—1-3/4 as.

SANDAL — 7 as.

LIMDA — 7 as.

KHUS — 7 as.

TURKISH BATH
4 1/2 as.



SHAVING STICK (CARTON) — 7 1/2 as. (Unchanged)
SHAVING STICK (TIN) 10 as

SHAVING ROUND 4 1/2 as. (Unchanged)

EAU-DE-COLOGNE — Rs. 3/2 HAIR OIL — Rs. 1/6

These two New products are, for the present, sold only in Bombay City and Suburbs.

GODREJ SOAPS, LTD.

The Pioneer makers of Vegetable Toilet Soaps in India

Peace and Goodwill is our Faith

FOR HOT WEATHER

FOR THE HILLS

"beatrice"

CHILDREN'S-WEAR

LA CITADELLE
QUEEN'S ROAD
AND
ESPLANADE MANSION
OFF ESPLANADE ROAD.

On those 'difficult days'—

Why Hamper Yourself with

Belts—Pins—Pads?

Particular about daintiness and hygiene? All the more reason, then, to adopt INTERNAL Sanitary Protection—the TAMPAX principle used by millions of modern women everywhere. TAMPAX means *no* bulky belts, pins, pads; *no* restrictions on playing or swimming during 'those days'; *no* need for removal when taking a bath or shower.

A Doctor Invented It.

TAMPAX is medically proved. It uses the well-tried principle of 'internal absorption'. Made of soft, highly-compressed surgical cotton, TAMPAX is as effective as a pad seven times its size. It is ever-comfortable—and each TAMPAX is sealed in its own special applicator; the most hygienic protection you could wish for. Hands need never touch it; changing is quick, disposal easy.

It never shows.

Remember TAMPAX is invisible! No fear of lines or bulges spoiling your dress or evening gown. No problem of whether you should use a deodorant. Instead, freedom—safety—peace of mind whatever the day. Why deprive yourself of benefits that women all over the world have proved? Be ready with TAMPAX this time—and judge for yourself. A month's supply fits the handbag. From all chemists.

Agents: M. G. Shahani & Co., Victoria Road, Karachi.

TAMPAX TRADE MARK

WORN INTERNALLY

T.3

Reactionary Realising On Stock Exchange

SILVER RECOVERS AFTER EARLY DROP BUT GOLD QUIET

Scattered Short Covering Helps Little Improvement In Cotton Prices

BOMBAY, May 2.

After being very steady throughout the week, the Bombay Stock Exchange developed mild reactionary tendency with some profit-taking The selling was mostly confined to Steel and Bombay Dyeing shares which recorded losses. However at the decline there was some support and the market offered resistance and there was a partial recovery. The market feeling is in favour of reaction based on technical considerations but the long range outlook remains constructive.

Tata Steel Dfd shares opened at Rs. 2217/8 and after declining at Rs. 2197/8 rallied at Rs. 2205 There was renewed liquidation which quietened Dfds. at Rs. 2190 but the market rallied at Rs. 2202/8. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 414 and after declining at Rs. 409/8 rallied at Rs. 411, Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1115 and declined at Rs. 1095. At this level there was scattered buying which improved the quotation at Rs. 1110 but under renewed selling declined at Rs. 1092 but rallied at Rs. 1107/8 on moderate support. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 660 and after improving at Rs. 665 declined at Rs. 653 but steadied at Rs. 659. Simplex shares opened at Rs. 337 and after declining at Rs. 332 advanced at Rs. 340 but again quietened at Rs. 332. Swadeshi shares opened at Rs. 628 and after declining at Rs. 622 steadied at Rs. 625. Scindia shares were quoted at Rs. 32/3 while Central Bank shares opened at Rs. 105/8 and later were done at Rs. 104/8. Tone of the market was quietly steady.

MILLS.

Bombay Dyeing 1105 Kohinoor 664 Swadeshi 628 Nagpur 388 Simplex 337 New Great 374 Gokak 305 Indore 585 Century 905 Colaba 240 Indian Bleaching 160/8 Swan 368 Finlay X. D. 316 Morarji 625 Edward 705 Meyer 252/8 Apollo 4/6/6 I. U. Ord. 16 I. U. Dfd. 3/4 Madhusudan 302/8 Poddar 340 Khatau 305.

STEEL SHARES.

Tata Steel Ord. 414 Tata Steel Dfd. 2205 Second Pref. 169.

CEMENT.

Associated Merger 179.

INDUSTRIES.

Burma 467/8 Bellapur 286 Shivrajpur 38/8 Scindia 32/6 P. Construction 204 Tata Chemical 16/6 Tata Oil 83/8 Indian Iron 34/14 Bengal Steel 26/14

ELECTRIC SHARES.

Tram Ordinary 118/8 Tata Hydro 177 Andhra 1580 K. D. Tata Power 1720.

MILLS (CASH).

Elphinstone 92 Phoenix 1160 India Manufacturing 3700 Kooria 300 Dawn 1600 David 151/4 New City 240 Minerva 210 Bradbury 595 Bharucha (Defd.) 8 Bharat 51/8 Mysore 300 Madhavji 17 Model 206/4 Laxmi 1800 Vishnu 683/12 Western 3600 Standard 562/8 Sholapur 6000 Sassoon Cotton 24/8 Hindustan 3600 Tata 97/8 Ahmedabad Advance 460 Sassoon Silk 84/8 New Union 26/14 Madhusudan B. 60 Shrinivas 380 Raja Bahadur 116/4 Berar 375 Victoria 425.

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH).

Ahmedabad 160 (New) 120 Surat 243/12 New Pref. 211/4 Karachi 240 Broach 12/1 Ajmer 13/8 Amalgamated 20/4 Jalgaon 14/12 Nagpur 58 Poona 201/4 Bombay Suburban 202/8 Bombay Suburban (New) 164/10.

BANK SHARES.

Reserve 118 Imperial 2300 P. P. 576/4 Central X. R. 105 India 236 Union 11/6 Baroda 165/8 Habib 166 Dena Bank 60 United Commercial 77 Jaipur 64 Hindusthan Com. 47 Mysore 460 Exchange (Ord.) 53.

INSURANCE.

Oriental 5400 Empire 975 New India 82/8 Jupiter 34 Vulcan 15/14 Indian Mercantile 63 Universal Fire 18 Vasant 22/4 British India General 22/8 Industrial Prudential 45 Neptune 13/6 New Great 43 All-India General 40/4.

RAILWAYS.

C. P. 108/8 Mymensing 113 Guaranteed 113 Sara Sirajganj 116 Pachora 101 Mandra Bhon 116.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 600 Steamer 562/8 Burma New 170 Burma Petrol 3/12/6 Mackenzie 185 Port Canning 86 Kemp 575 Zandu Pharmacy 202/8 Indian Radio (Ord.) 377 Indian Radio B. 375 Indian Radio 361/4 Indian Investment Trust 106/8 Wimco X. R. 262/8 Dharamsey Chemical 40 Mukund Iron 14/12 Dena Trust 25 Alembic 355 Supreme India 228 Jamwire 141/8 Bombay Uganda 85 Bombay Motor Cycle 43/8 India Cement 42 Walchand Nagar Industries 325 United Motor 70 A.C.C. New 63/8.

PREFERENCE SHARES.

Tata Steel (1st Pref.) 205 Tram 56/8 Andhra Valley 1390 Tata Power 1460 Hydro 143/8 Bombay Steamer 315 Nagpur 685 Swadeshi 150 Vishnu 822/8 Laxmi 306/4 New Great 268/12 Poddar 116 Shrinivas 101 Elphinstone 130 Bradbury 523/12 Surat Elec. 211/4 Premier Construction (1st Pref.) 119 (2nd Pref.) 122/8 Amalgamated 156/4 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 122/8 Wadeshi Industrial Pref. 250 Jupiter 19/12 Supreme 120.

OUTSIDE SHARES.

Indian Copper 3/7 B. I. C. 9/13 Burma Corporation 4/7 New Victoria 5/8 New Victoria Preference 7 Raja

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTION IN SHARES

BOMBAY, May 2.

MILLS

Apollo 4 6 6 4/6/6 4/6/6
Bharat 51/8
B. Dying 1115 1095 1110 1092 8 1110 1110 10 5
C. India 288 87 88 85 88
Colaba 240
Elphinstone Ord 92
Finlay 318 13 16 14 15 13 17 16
Gokak 306 5 6 4 5
I. U. Defd 3/4 3/5 3/4
I. U. Ord.: 16/2 15/14 15,15 15 13, 6 16,1 16
Indore 577/8 87/8 77/8 78/12 76/4 85
Kohinoor 660 65 54 57 55 59 57 61 53 59 57 64
New Great 373 75 70 74
Simplex 337 32 40 32 37 36 37
Swadeshi 628 22 28 22 28 27 28
Swan 369 65 65
Tata Mills 97 97/8
Vishnu 687/8 83 12

BANKS

Baroda 165 66
Central 105/8 4,8 5,8 5
Habib 165/8
Imperial Old 2307/8 2295 2300
" New 573/12 77,8 76/4
India 236 37 36
Reserve 118 17 17/8
U. Commercial 79 77

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 160
Andhra Valley 1580
B. Tram Ord 119 20 18 18/8
" Pref 55 56/8
Hydro 177
" Pref 145
Power 1712/8 22/8 20
" Pref 1460
New India Ass. 84/8 82/12 83 82/8
Scindhia Steam 32/4 32/10 32/3 32/6
B. Steam Pref 315

STEEL

B. Steel 27 26/15 27 26/12 26/14
I. Iron 35/2 34/12 34/14
Tata Defd 2217/8 2197/8 2205 2190 2202/8 2196/4 2205
Tata Ord 414 11/8 13 9/8 14
Tata IInd Pref. 169/4 69

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 616/4 600
A. O. C. Old 179/8 77/8 78/8 78 79
" New 64 63 63/8
Belapur 266 65 66 64 65 63 66
B.B. Old 470 65 67/8
" New 170 71/4 70
B. B. Petrol 3/12/3 3/13 3/12/9
I. Bleaching 160/8
I. I. Trust 106/8
Port Canning 86/4 86
P. Construction 205 6 3 4
Shivrajpur 38/8
Tata Chemical 16/4 16/8 16/4 16.6
" Oil 84 83/4 83/8
Wimco 262/8 61/4
Ahmedabad Elec. New 120/10 120

30 Phalton 125 Gold Mohar 370 New Kaiser-i-Hind 430 Sajjan 300 Osmanshahi 300 Ajamshahi 265 Air Services 17 Air India 187/8 Birla Motor 8/2 Marshal 8.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

BOMBAY, May 2.

		Rs.	as.	p.
2-3/4	pc 1948/52	101	4	0
2-3/4	pc 1960	100	5	0
2-1/2	pc 1961	98	9	0
3	pc 1949/52	102	4	0
3	pc 1951/54	102	12	0
3	pc 1953/55	103	0	0
3	pc 1957 V. L.	102	10	0
3	pc 1959/61	102	10	0
4	pc B. P. T.	115	0	0
5	pc M. Debent.	120	8	0
6	pc B. P. T.	125	0	0
3	pc 1963/65	102	10	0
3	pc 1966/68	102	8	0
3	pc 1970/75	102	3	0
3	pc 1986 New	101	14	6
3-1/2	pc 1947/50	101	5	0
4	pc 1960/70	114	0	0
4	pc 1983 Kar. Mun.	114	0	0
4	pc 1955/60	117	0	0
4	pc M. Debent.	116	0	0
6	pc M. Debent.	123	0	0

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOMBAY, May 2.

Tata Ordinary 414; Tata Deferred 2205; Indian Iron 34/14; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 26/14; Bombay Dyeing 1105; Central India 288/2; Gokak 305; Kohinoor 663/12; Simplex 337; Swadeshi 628/2; Tata Power 1720; Associated Cement 179; Belapur 266/4; Bombay Burma (Old) 467/8; Scindia 32/6; Central Bank 105; New India 82/8; Tata 2nd Pref. 168/12.

POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS.

The following is the statement of the position of Scheduled Banks as at the close of business on the 25th April:—

	Rs.
Demand Liabilities in India	679,15,56,000
Time Liabilities in India	348,97,83,000
Cash in India:	
(i) Currency Notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes	36,65,89,000
(ii) Rupee Coin	2,39,10,000
(iii) Subsidiary Coin	64,23,000
Balances with Reserve Bank	101,49,96,000
Advances in India	445,34,73,000
Bills discounted in India	18,62,78,000

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, May 2.

The Bullion market was quiet today on reversing of straddle business between Bombay and upcountry market such as Bikaner and Delhi. Such operations used to yield about 15 per cent interest and thousands and millions of lakhs business was done. Thus the delivery period being approaching, these straddles are being reversed and prices are going lower in the local market. It appears that this decline will be an eye-opener to Bulls who showed no compromising spirit in fixing quotations for final settlement of outstanding contracts for Vaishakh delivery Anyhow now it is the turn for Bears to stick to their offer and arrive at some workable solution.

Ready silver opened at Rs. 171 and declined at Rs. 169/8 and steadied at Rs. 169/12. Ready gold opened at Rs. 107/8 and quietened at Rs. 107/4 while sovereigns were placed at Rs. 69/12.

Lated on there was professional buying in Silver but Gold was quiet on expectations of further arrivals. Final quotations were as under:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready Silver	172	4	0
Ready Gold	107	8	0
Sovereigns	70	0	0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, May 2.

The local cotton market after yesterday's decline was fairly steady under scattered short covering.

It appears that raising of floor level o Rs. 430 has restricted speculative activity but holders of actual cotton enjoy considerable relief. If the market was allowed wider range between floor and ceiling quotations there would have been increased speculative business with rapid price movement. However with utter absence of any important demand for actual cotton prices are forced down to floor level when each contract matures and mills show no anxiety to buy cotton.

The market opened to-day at Rs. 433 for July delivery and improved at Rs. 433/12 under short covering while September was quoted at Rs. 441/8.

Later on the market improved on short covering and July advanced at Rs. 435. The market closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C.	July	434 4 0
I.C.C.	Sept.	442 0 0

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, May 1.

	Highest	Lowest	Closing
July	436-1/2	432-1/2	432-3 4
Sept.	444-1/2	440-1/4	440-1/2
Karachi 4F. July		46/1/3	45/9 0 45/10.9

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton July Contract is 1669 cent points below New York July at Exchange rate 331

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, May 2.

The produce market was fairly steady awaiting settlement of May Castorseeds where speculative interest is left open otherwise, the general feeling seems to be in favour of lower prices. Castorseeds May delivery were quoted at a premium of Rs. 2 over the fixed ceiling of Rs. 131. Linseed ready was quoted at Rs. 24/15. April May Linseed was quoted at Rs. 24/14 and July August was done at Rs. 25. Groundnuts Khandesh quality were quoted at Rs. 29/8, Coromandal at Rs. 29 and Bold at Rs. 28/8. Groundnut oil Bombay Mills ready was placed at Rs. 17/8. Upcountry Mills was done at Rs. 16/12. May delivery was quoted at Rs. 17 and June delivery at Rs. 17/5.

(Continued from col. 7)

must be added freight charges from Japan to American finishing plants and exporters' mark-up. Additionally, some foreign Governments charge higher tariffs. Moreover, it is said that if the gray goods were shipped here for June-July delivery, an additional 90 to 120 days would be required for finishing them, meaning that the goods would not be ready for re-export in the fourth quarter.

With the changing market conditions, trade sources insist that anyone taking a chance on such transactions might be forced to sell at the end of the year in a much lower market. The market is still regarded as a trading affair pending the development of new incentives.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, May 1.

May	.....	35.51+04
July	....	33.37+07
October	.....	29.06—13
October Highest	....	29.40+21
October Lowest	....	28.92—27
December	....	28.26—05
January	.....	27.90—24
March	....	27.78+18
Middling Spot	.....	36.04+17

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, May 1.

May	.....	35.33+02
July	.....	33.20+05
October	.....	29.00—23
December	.....	28.13—20
March	....	27.60—15
Middling Spot	....	34.30+05

LONDON BULLION

LONDON, May 1.

Silver: Spot.	.....	44-3/4pence
Forward.	.....	44-1/2pence
Gold bars fine per oz.	.....	£ 8/12/3

NEW YORK SILVER

U. S. Price of Foreign Silver 73-3/4 cents.

Near Months Steady On N. Y. Cotton Exchange

UNCERTAINTY OVER DOMESTIC PRICE SITUATION

NEW YORK, May 1 (UPA):

Irregular prices featured today's session of the New York Cotton Market. The amount of business transacted remained on the smallest volume for some time. Traders were not inclined to take the initiative either way until business and crop conditions are seen in a clearer perspective. The improvement in the Labour news was highlighted by the settlement of the telephone strike and the rise in securities acted to restrain sellers whenever prices dipped below the previous level. Conversely, straggling liquidation, professional pressure and hedging either against spot cotton purchases or mill inventories prevented the upholding of advances.

SUPPORT FOR JULY

The session opened three to eight higher. Prices backed and filled thereafter over a range of 2.40 dol. per bale, closing seven higher to 13 lower. Some support was in evidence for July in anticipation of the Commodity Credit Corporation's acceptances of the pending offering of 40,000 bales for UNRRA. Routine evening up was apparent in May delivery at the recent prevailing difference over July. Nine delivery notices were promptly stopped by a leading spot firm. Ring observers detected little investment buying in the far forward positions where prices were below the indicated Government loan rate for the next season if the present parity level were maintained through mid-July. Technicians now opine that the market is apparently setting down to the usual in between seasons lull and are still dubious regarding any sustained advances because of the uncertain domestic price situation which is accentuated by continuing Administration pleas for price reductions. A few professional traders believed that purchases consummated during May will eventually show a profit. They contend that the chart they have kept over a period of 40 years shows that theory has been right in most instances. The basis for this theory rests on crop scares which occur with great regularity during the growing season.

JAPANESE GRAY GOODS

Certain quarters in the textile field are dubious over the new programme of the U.S. Commercial Company for finishing Japanese cotton gray goods in this country for re-export. While no indication is given on the amount available, it is specified that offers to purchase must be for at least 1,000,000 yards accompanied by or certified check. The goods will be sold for June-July shipment from Japan. Officials of the company explained that the move was designed to provide additional finished goods to meeting the continuing world shortage by utilising the available finishing facilities in the U.S. Textile interests argue that the ultimate cost of the goods here would be excessive and would never sell. It is pointed out that the current prices of these goods are based on the old OPA ceiling plus 25 percent. To this

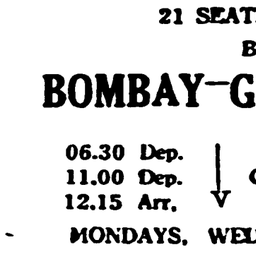
(Continued in col. 5)

Ibcol

for cuts and bruises

The scientifically prepared, pleasant to use, non-irritant, non-poisonous germicide for 101 uses in daily hygiene

Sole Importers in India: caprihans Jamshedsons Chambers, FORT STREET, BALLARD ESTATE, BOMBAY 1



AIR SERVICES OF INDIA LTD.

21 SEATER DAKOTAS

Between

BOMBAY—GWALIOR—DELHI

06.30 Dep.		BOMBAY		Arr. 19.00
11.00 Dep.	↓	GWALIOR	↑	Dep 15.00
12.15 Arr.		DELHI		Dep. 13.15

MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS & FRIDAYS.

SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

Phone:—
21919 Scindia House.
25744 Mandvi
86236 Juhu

Telegrams: AIRTAXIES

● Every serving of delicious Quaker Oats is Nature-packed with valuable minerals, proteins, carbohydrates and vitamins that help you grow strong and healthy. And all these vital food elements are present in their natural state, so that they can be quickly turned into glowing health and energy. Enjoy eating wholesome and delicious Quaker Oats every day—it's good for you!

QUAKER OATS

NATURE'S WONDER FOOD

MUTT AND JEFF—And Jeff Still Says Merry Christmas But Not No Cash And Carry By BUD FISHER

I'M SORRY, MRS. MUTT! DUE TO THE SHORTAGE OF HELP WE CAN'T MAKE DELIVERIES!
OH, DEAR!
JEFF, GO TELL MUTT I WANT HIM RIGHT AWAY!
SURE, MRS. MUTT!
NOW, WHAT WILL I GET AUNT SOPHIE?
HEY, JEFF! COME'ERE!
GUESS THAT'S ALL LET'S GO HOME AND TRIM THE TREE!
MUTT, THE PACKAGES! WHERE ARE THEY?
RIGHT HERE M'LOVE! RIGHT HERE!

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.
MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.
To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted match for a Gujarati cultured, educated, fair, Brahmin virgin (19), state subcaste, income, age, education, occupation, place of birth and other particulars. Correspondence confidential. Box No. 5674 "Bombay Chronicle".

A respectable Sunni Muslim, middle aged widower, holding an "All India Service" Gazetted Post, in Bombay is desirous of having a second marriage with an educated grown up lady or a widow fully conversant with domestic affairs. Please address Box No. 5715, "Bombay Chronicle".

An educated Gujarati Jain youth of 32, earning Rs. 700|- monthly in own business in Bombay, desires to marry or remarry with an educated young girl of a decent family. No caste or religion restrictions. Apply Box No. 5707, "Bombay Chronicle".

Hindu Film Writer 36 of good repute invites correspondence for matrimony from respectable Hindu girl. No dowry. Apply Box No. 5710, "Bombay Chronicle".

Tall and healthy Mysore Brahmin, aged thirty, well settled in Bombay, desires life partner. Write Post Box, 1306, Bombay. 5733

Wanted a Hindu educated and beautiful virgin or widow below 28, for an Officer of 32, monthly income Rs 500/-. Object matrimony. Apply sharp to Box No. 5718, "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted Shorthand Typist immediately apply Box No. 100, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted either sex Gujarati-knowing T.D. or B.T. for 1½ hrs. daily for 4th std. student near Evans Fraser. No Sundays allowed. Rs. 20|- p.m. Apply Box No. 5708, Bombay Chronicle".

Applications are invited from qualified and experienced persons for the post of a Labour Officer for our Textile Mills. Knowledge of Marathi and Hindustani essential. Apply with testimonials and terms to the Hirjee Mills Ltd., Lower Parel, Bombay 13. 3365

Applications are invited from persons holding L.C.P.S., or equivalent qualifications for the post of a full-time Medical Attendant in an industrial concern in Bombay. Apply with details of qualifications and salary acceptable. Box No. 3370, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted one Matriculate Gujrati Lady Teacher to teach in the lower standards of a Girls High School. Ability to teach Gujarati essential. Apply stating experience and salary to Secretaries Shri Bombay Mangrol Jain Sabha, 38, Queens Road, Bombay. 5689

Wanted Gujarati-Speaking Teachers—(1) Kandivli one-year-trained, (2) and others preferably trained, to teach various subjects in the Secondary and Primary Departments. Apply immediately stating age, qualifications and experience, to Principal, Children's Academy, Vachha-Gandhi Road, New Gamdevi, Bombay 7. 5702

Applications are invited from Graduates in Pharmaceutical Chemistry or M.Sc.s in Organic Chemistry, with adequate experience in the manufacture of Pharmaceutical products for working in an important industrial concern in Bombay. Only capable persons with initiative need apply with full details of their qualifications, experience and salary expected. Box No. 3370A, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted for a Bombay Suburban High School a Vice Principal trained teacher of at least 10 years' standing with administrative experience specialised in groups like English, History, Geography, Gujarati, Mathematics. Suitable salary for the right deserving man. Apply with copies of credentials to Box No. 3369, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted—A Farm Superintendent. Must be Agricultural Graduate with considerable experience of Sugarcane farming on modern lines in Deccan or Central India on Black Cotton Soil under canal irrigation. Apply giving full particulars of qualifications, experience and salary expected to Box No. 3288, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted for a High School in Suburb from June Graduate and Under-Graduate trained teachers for English, Gujarati, Marathi, Mathematics, Science, History, and Geography. Trained Teachers with experience preferred. Scales of salary, D|A and Provident Fund according to Government Rules. Higher start for experienced teachers with administrative capacity. Apply Box No. 3315, "Bombay Chronicle."

Applications are invited for the post of Assistant Economics Officer in the Economic Research Section of the Indian Central Jute Committee in the scale Rs. 350-25-650 with usual war and other allowances admissible to Central Government servants in Calcutta. The post is temporary but is likely to continue. Candidates must be Graduates in Agriculture with qualifications in Agricultural Economics and experience of field work. Knowledge of Bengali is essential. They must not be more than 35 years of age. Preference will be given to applicants with foreign qualifications. Applications with copies of testimonials in the prescribed form should reach the Secretary, Indian Central Jute Committee, 4, Hastings Street, Calcutta on or before the 9th June, 1947. Prescribed forms will be supplied on application. 3364

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted an Assistant Engineer specialising in Air Conditioning & Humidification plants in Textile Mills with experience of at least five years. Apply with testimonials and salary expected to the Hirjee Mills Ltd., Lower Parel, Bombay 13. 3335

Wanted: Competent Houseman for six months. Salary Rs. 200 and furnished quarters. Enclose certificate copies to Superintendent K. E. Sanatorium, Dharampur, Simla Hills. 5679

If you want any kind of employment in India or abroad, apply (stating qualifications) for our "Terms". Hastings & Co., Employment Agents, Cloth Market, Delhi. 5695

SITUATION WANTED

Young Matriculate Thorough knowledge of Life Insurance office work all Departments, six years experience, seeks responsible permanent job. Decent salary please communicate Box No. 5724 "Bombay Chronicle."

SOCIAL

Pen, personal friends introduced for social contact, arts, hobbies, business. India, abroad. Prospectus free. Aesthetic Society, Post Box 5531, Bombay. (5731)

PERSONAL ADLETS

An opportunity for everybody. Make easily, best quality ghee from simple, cheap formula. Enquire Post Box No. 1032, Bombay. 1. 5722

ACCOMMODATION WANTED

Importers urgently require office Accommodation up to 1500 sq ft. preferably Fort, Colaba or Queens Road areas. Other locations or office sizes considered. Apply Box No. 5716 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a garage immediately between Marine Lines and Colaba. Apply Tata Oil Mills Co., Ltd. P. Box 63, G. P. O. Bombay. 5717

HOTELS (IN HILL STATION)

Deolali Grand Hotel Good Rooms available with Baths. Terms Moderate. Phone No. 12. Apply Manager. (5055)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Prosperity through industry, Obtain recognised qualifications by passing Engineering, Technological, Commerce, Competitive, Actuarial and Cambridge Examinations, via Isec Homestudy Courses—India's ablest Professors coach you—Success guaranteed. Secure your free "successful careers in the India of to-morrow" (Foreword by Sir M. Visvesvaraya) from Secretary, Post Box 1173/Y, Bombay 1, mentioning profession interested. (5688)

Admissions — Proceeding — Davar's College of Commerce for new batch commencing immediately to continue through May Vacation for Company Secretaries, Bank Officers, International Accountants Diplomas and General Commerce. Call or write for Prospectus 51, Esplanade Road. 5732

Prof. Panday, the Master-Magician in Bombay staying East-Mulund (G.I.P.) Engagements accepted. 1393

Learn Magic for pleasure and profit. Regular course taught scientifically in person or through post. Prof. Panday, The Indian Institute of Magical Entertainment East Mulund (G.I.P.). 1395

Homoeopathy. Easily learnt by Post. For Particulars See Grace Mission's Display Advt. on page 2 this issue. (197)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents to secure Silk and Woollen cloth orders. Terms Liberal and free. Apply Western Textiles Ludhiana. (5417)

Wanted Respectable Agents throughout India to secure orders for Nipani Tobacco. Apply:—K. B. Ghatage Tobacco Commission Agency, Prop. V. K. Ghatage, B.Sc. Nipani (Belgaum). 1412

Wanted agents or stockists for our Pearl, Horn and Nut Buttons. Diamond Button Mfg. Co., Dacca (Bengal). 5693

LIVESTOCKS

Bellemont Kennels accommodate sick dogs. Write Seervai, first floor, Cosy Building, next to Gowalia Tank Road, Parsee Fire Temple. (2849)

BOARDING & LODGING

Separate Hostel for Ladies and Gents. Boarding and Lodging Rs. 100. Bus, Tram, Rly., near. Apply. Box No. 5721 "Bombay Chronicle".

Young Gujarati Bachelor Executive with cultural interests, sober habits and quite aptitude would appreciate paying guest arrangement or lodging only in decent locality in Bombay or Suburbs with vegetarian family, preferably Hindus. Write Box No. 5726 "Bombay Chronicle."

MOTOR CAR FOR SALE

For Sale—One Buick Sedan Car, model 1939. Ser. 40. straight-eight cylinders newly overhauled and painted in perfect running order, one Austin Four Door Sedan Car, model 1938 7 h.p. newly overhauled upholstered and painted in perfect running order. Apply personally to Messrs. Doongursee and Sons at Maneckji Wadia Building second floor Bell Lane entrance. Trial may be arranged by appointment. (5723)

Jeep Cars For Sale. Excellent condition. Very few left. Apply Pandya, 34807. (5720)

MACHINERY FOR SALE

12" x 7", 16" x 9" and 13" x 8" Portable stone crushing plants, 5|3½, 7|5 and 10|7 portable concrete mixers 9cu. ft. capacity cold Asphalt mixing plants, petrol operated Rock drills and Road Breakers available ex-consignment already shipped from U.K. Book your orders, right now, to avoid disappointment. Phone (42071) or write to Garlick & Co., Jacob Circle, Bombay 11. 3367

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

IT IS PROPOSED to appoint a Public Relations Officer for the O. T. Railway, if a suitable candidate is forthcoming, with the qualifications and on the terms specified below:—

QUALIFICATIONS.

(a) Degree preferably in Arts.
(b) not less than five years practical experience in a first class reputable company doing advertising business.
(c) practical knowledge of publicity and advertising in all its branches including design, layout, 'Copy', projection of propaganda and advertising schemes and the utilisation of suitable media. Some training in journalism and Railway knowledge desirable.
(d) Age limit 45 years but may be relaxed in cases of candidates with exceptional qualifications.

TERMS:

The appointment will be purely temporary and for one year only. The salary of the post will be Rs. 750/- per month in the Senior Scale applicable to Class I services of State Railways but a candidate with exceptional and outstanding qualifications and experience may be considered for a salary up to Rs. 1,250/- per month. Other conditions of service will be as laid down for temporary engineers in Appendix XXIV, page 377 of the State Railway Establishment Code, Vol. I, 1940 Edition.

Candidates, if called for an interview, are expected to attend at their own expense and will not be eligible for any travelling allowance or free passes from the Railway.

Candidates, who desire to be considered for this post, should apply before 6 p.m. on 31-5-47 in their own handwriting with copies (not originals) of testimonials and references to the following:—

Deputy General Manager (Personnel),
Oudh Tirhut Railway,
Gorakhpur.

Canvassing in any form either by, or on behalf of, a candidate will be treated as a disqualification and applications received after the time and date mentioned above will not be considered.

(Sd.) H. AHMAD.
Deputy General Manager (P),
Oudh Tirhut Railway.
29-4-1947. 3362

WANTED.

LADY STUDENTS FOR THE HEALTH VISITOR'S COURSE IN BOMBAY & POONA.

LADY STUDENTS desiring to study for the Health Visitors' Diploma Examination of the Bombay Nurses, Midwives & Health Visitors' Council should apply to the undersigned not later than third Monday in May.

The Course for the Diploma extends over a period of 12 months and commences from 2nd Monday in June. Applicant for this training should be a Registered Midwife with the Bombay Nurses, Midwives & Health Visitors' Council.

Midwifery students appearing for their May Examination may also apply for this course before their results are out but their applications will be considered as soon as the results are known.

Students will be trained in ENGLISH at the Bombay Health Visitors' Institute and in MARATHI at the Poona Health School.

The Prospectus and Application Form can be obtained from the undersigned on payment of annas eight in postage stamps.

K. S. MHASKAR,
Jt. Hon. Secretary,
Bombay Mothers & Children Welfare Society,
No. 10, B.D.D. Chawl,
DeLisle Road,
Post Jacob Circle,
Bombay No. 11. (3360)

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Rupees Twenty-five thousand's Insurance Policy for an investment of Rupees five hundred. For Natural Death Rupees Twenty-five thousand, Accidental Death Rupees Fifty thousand. Loans will be given for Sickness. Education, Marriages, Business, for Buying or Building House. Wanted Ladies and Gentlemen everywhere to work in spare time. Daily income Rupees Hundred! Before insuring of every kind in any Company of the world, please obtain expert advice from us. Apply immediately:—Bhogilal Hiralal Shah and Company Post Box Number—713, Bombay—1, Telegraphic Address:—"Bhogilalco" Bombay. (5666)

For Painting and Decorating Jobs please consult Vedeers, Master Decorators, 24, Peoples' Building, Sir Pherozshah Mehta Road, Fort, Phone 33030. (5685)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

New Ready Made Khaki-Shirts available each Rs. 3-10-0. Apply to Messrs. Prabhat & Co., (Post) Tad Patri (M.S.M. Ry.). 5690

Holland Saccharine 1 lb. air tight tins, 2 cwt. (whole lot) available. Ready at Bombay port. Gupta. 114, Gadodia Market, Delhi. 5701

For Sale Ex-Stock British made galvanized diamond link Meshes for 3' & 3' 6" x 6' 6" mattresses with 12 springs at one end, 11 gauge side links, 12 gauge body links complete with side and end hooks suitable for combination bedstands at Rs. 6|12|- and 7|12|- per set nett. Morgan Milton Ltd., 43, Park Mansions, Calcutta 16. 3366

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE MOTOR HOUSE (GUJARAT) LTD.

POST BOX NO. 1068., BOMBAY.

take pleasure in announcing the arrival of small sfipment of the revolutionary farm machine "ROTOTILLER", popularly known as "FARMERS FAITHFUL MAN FRIDAY", which prepares perfect seed bed in one simple operation, eliminating plowing, discing and harrowing. Of immense use to small Acreage Holders, Nurserymen, Estate Owners, Home Gardeners, Municipal Public Works Departments, etc.

Details of price and delivery submitted on request.

3226

REGIONAL DISPOSALS COMMISSIONER,
(Southern Circle), Bombay.

INVITES TENDERS for purchase and removal of the following:

Location.	Description of Stores.	Quantity.	Condition.
Central Provision Depot, Dehu.	Cuffs Organdic	Pairs 31901	Serviceable Fair.

No guaranteee is given of the quantity, quality or suitability. Sales will be subject to conditions of contract Con. 117 obtainable at this Office.

Samples can be inspected at site on production of permit to be obtained from this office or in sample room attached to this office.

Offers must be submitted in the tender, forms to be obtained from this office on payment of Rs. 5/- per set (which is not refundable) in double covers, inner being sealed and superscribed Tender No. RCS 30094/TX-1 and due date should reach Mercantile Chambers, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, not later than 4 P.M. on 20th May, '47 and remain open for a month thereafter.

Earnest money (which will be refundable to unsuccessful tenderers) for 10% of value of offer in Reserve Bank/Imperial Bank of India or Government Treasury Receipt in favour of Regional Disposals Commissioner, Southern Circle, under Head of Accounts "Revenue Deposits" must accompany the tender. Offers accompanied with cheques are liable to be ignored. 3361

COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, POONA
SUB-OVERSEERS' COURSE

A COURSE for training sub-overseers for the Public Works Department of about 9 months' duration, will commence from July 1947. Applications for admission to this course will be received in a prescribed form obtainable from the College office on request with a self addressed envelope and postage-stamps of Annas two affixed to it.

2. About 120 trainees will be admitted to the course. They will, as far as possible, be drawn equally from Gujarati, Marathi and Kannada speaking districts of the Province.

3. Candidates with approved war service will be preferred if they are found suitable. They should apply through the Employment Exchange, Office of the Government of India, with a certificate of approved war service.

4. Trainees will be paid a stipend of Rs. 40/- (Rupees forty) p.m. for the duration of the course. Intending applicants must possess the following qualifications:—

(1) Education: Matriculates with more than 50% marks in total.
(2) Age limit: 23 years for advance classes. 26 years for Intermediate and Backward Classes. In case of candidates with approved war Service the age limit may be relaxed by the number of years a candidate has served in the armed forces.

5. The final selection will be made after a personal interview for which the candidates must appear at their own expenses.

6. All selected candidates will have to sign an agreement bond to serve Government, if required, for a period of at least five years failing which the whole amount of stipend paid will be recovered from them.

7. Trainees must make their own arrangements for boarding and lodging. Those who have already applied but have not been selected, should submit their applications in the prescribed form if they are eligible.

8. Applicants domiciled in Bombay Province proper (except state subjects) are eligible for admission. The applicants must furnish the following details in their applications for admission and submit their applications through the Head-Master of the school.

(a) Name in full.
(b) Religion, caste and subcaste.
(c) Place of birth with domicile.
(d) Date of birth according to Christian era.
(e) Year of passing Matriculation Examination with percentage of marks obtained.
(f) Other qualifications, if any.
(g) Mother tongue.

9. The last date of receiving applications is 15th June, 1947.

J. A. TARAPOREVALA.
Principal.
College of Engineering, Poona.
Poona: Dated: 3320

STENOGRAPHERS

TWO STENOGRAPHERS with Government Certificate for Shorthand 120 words and typing 50 words a minute are needed. Salaries 150-5-250 with free quarters and 100-5-200, plus additional pay of Rs. 10|- and dearness allowance Rs. 26|- Usual conditions of Government service will apply. Experienced men may be started higher in these scales.

Apply by 10th May, 1947, stating date of birth, educational qualifications, previous experience and domicile to:—

THE DIRECTOR,
Haffkine Institute,
Parel, Bombay. 3363

ASSAM PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

WANTED AN ELECTRICIAN.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of an Electrician for a period of one year to deal with the Electric Equipment acquired by the Government of Assam from the American Stores at Chabua.

Candidates applying for the post must possess the qualifications of a highly trained electrician with practical experience in Electrical Engineering having special knowledge of X-Ray Engineering. The pay of the post shall ordinarily be Rs. 300/- p.m., but Government would be prepared to grant a higher salary upto Rs. 500/- p.m. to a suitable candidate possessing necessary qualifications and experience.

Applications stating (1) age on the 1st January, 1947, (2) home district, (3) community, (4) educational qualifications, (5) previous experience and pay expected and (6) present occupation, if any, together with copies of certificates (which will not be returned) should reach the Superintendent, office of the Assam Public Service Commission, Shillong, on or before the 31st May, 1947.

The selected candidate will be required to join the post at once at his own expense.

An application fee of Rs. 10/- should be credited in cash by the candidates themselves into the Treasury under the Head "XXXVI—Miscellaneous Departments — Examination Fees—Receipts of the Assam Public Service Commission" and the chalan only attached to the application. This fee will not be refunded and no postal stamps or money orders will be accepted in lieu of the chalan.

Candidates who have served in the Armed Forces must apply through the Deputy Director of Resettlement and Employment, Assam, Shillong or through the Employment Exchanges according to where they have registered their names. (3371)

BOMBAY, BARODA & CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

THE UNDERSIGNED has taken over charge of the Office of GENERAL MANAGER, B.B. & C.I. Railway with effect from the afternoon of the 1st May, 1947.

K. C. BAKHLE.
General Manager. (3358)

NOTICE.

AHMEDABAD MUNICIPAL LOAN TENDERS

THE GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY have given their sanction to the raising of a loan of Rs. 25|-lacs at 3¼% by the Ahmedabad Municipality for operating Bus Transport Service within the Municipal limits and the area adjoining thereto, in one single instalment under their Health & Local Govt. Dept. Reso. No. 5736 33 dated 15-4-1947 with the condition that "THE ISSUE PRICE OF THE LOAN SHALL NOT BE BELOW PAR".

Sealed tenders are invited from the public so as to reach the Chief Officer on or before 4 p.m. of 5-5-1947. An amount equal to 5% of the face value of the debentures tendered for must be deposited with each tender without which no tender will be considered. The detailed prospectus of the loan and tender form can be had from the Chief Accountant of the Ahmedabad Municipality on application or personally during office hours on working days.

The interest will be paid from 15-5-1947 or from the date the amount of debentures allotted in full is paid into the Municipal Treasury, whichever is later.

S. P. SHAH,
Deputy Chief Officer,
Ahmedabad Municipality.
Date 21-4-47. 3378

PUBLIC NOTICES

SHA HURGOWAN ANANDJI DESAI FREE BOARDING INSTITUTION.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED so as to reach the undersigned on or before MONDAY, the 26th May, 1947, from High Caste Hindu Male Students, who having passed S. L. Examination (Matric) or its equivalent but cannot prosecute their studies further for want of means.

Applications for J. J. School of Arts and B.Sc. (except P. Y. Science) Courses only are invited.

Forms of application can be had by sending an envelope bearing Applicant's full address with 0-2-0 postage stamps or on payment of one anna personally.

SECRETARY,
Sha Hurgovan Anandji Desai Charities Trust Office, Corner of Pinjrapole Street, Bombay 4. 3359

FOR SALE

SMOKED sea fish prepared under hygienic conditions by Sind Department of Fisheries at the Government Smoke House at Karachi.

PRICE EXCLUDING PACKING & FREIGHT CHARGES.

Son (Rock Salmon)	Rs. 1-12-0 per lb.
Pomfret (Medium size)	Rs 2- 0-0 each.
Surmai (Seer)	Rs. 1-12-0 per lb.
Palla (Hilsa)	Rs. 2- 0-0 each.
Shark	Rs. 1- 0-0 per lb.

Other sea fishes also smoked and supplied according to orders

NOTE.—Payment in advance with order essential by Money Orders or Un-crossed postal orders.

DIRECTOR OF FISHERIES,
Sind, Karachi 2. (3355)

TATA INSTITUTE OF SOCIAL SCIENCES BYCULLA, BOMBAY 8

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for admission to the Institute re-opening in June next. A two and a half years course in professional social work is offered covering the general fields of Social Pathology, Family and Child Welfare, Medical and Psychiatric Social Work, Juvenile and Adult Delinquency, Labour Welfare, Social Research and Welfare Administration.

Admission is open only to graduates—men and women—of recognised universities who have taken Sociology, Psychology or Economics. Limited hostel accommodation available. Bulletin, form of application, etc., will be sent on payment of one rupee by M.O.

Applications must reach the Director of the Institute not later than 25th May, 1947. 3356

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mrs. PERRIN JEHANGIR LENTIN and Mr. JEHANGIR PEEROJSHAW LENTIN, of Bombay Parsi Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client Shrimant Parvatidevi Ghorpade, Raneesaheb of Mudhol.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 121, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim, and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground, containing by admeasurement 5,630 Square Yards or thereabouts and bearing Plot No. 29 on the Koregaon Road Area popularly known as the Koregaon Park together with the tenements buildings, outhouses, garages and servants' quarters standing thereon all which premises are called and known as "PERRINA" are situate in the survey limits of the village of Munjeri within the limits of Poona Suburban Municipality in the Registration Sub-District of Haveli, District Poona and bounded as follows:—viz: On or towards the East by a Public Road, on or towards the West by Plot No. 26, on or towards the North by plot No. 28 and on or towards the South by plot No. 30.

Dated this 2nd day of May, 1947.

CAPTAIN & VAIDYA.
Purchaser's Attorneys. 3354

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

Insolvency No. 57 of 1947.

Re: Messrs. EXCELLENT PICTURES, a firm, carrying on business as Cine Film Producers at Tribhowan Road, Bombay. ..... Debtors

ex parte: Messrs. JAWANMAL HIRACHAND & CO., a registered firm carrying on business at Thakurdwar, Bombay. ..... Petitioning Creditors.

On the 29th day of April, 1947, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed Debtors Insolvents.

Dated this 2nd day of May, 1947.

SAROSH H. A. VAKIL.
Insolvency Registrar. (3372)

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVINDRAM SEKSARIA COLLEGE OF COMMERCE, NAGPUR.

APPLICATIONS stating age, academic qualifications, and experience, and accompanied by testimonials, are invited for the posts of (1) LECTURER IN ADVANCED A C AND AUDITING preferably with additional Commercial diplomas, and ability to teach Secretarial Practice, (2) LECTURER IN ADVANCED BANKING preferably capable also of teaching Statistics, and (3) GRADUATE HEAD-CLERK who MUST know typewriting, and be familiar with keeping Office A/Cs.

ONLY MARATHI-SPEAKING CANDIDATES NEED APPLY.

Lecturers must be at least second class M.Com.'s OR second class B.Com.'s with second class M.A. Econ. in addition.

Lecturer's grade is Rs. 100-10-300 plus a D.A. of Rs. 40-; but a higher initial start for a very well qualified person is permissible. Probation period: one year.

Salary for the Graduate Head Clerk will be Rs. 75- p.m. plus a D.A. of Rs. 15-.

Applications must reach the undersigned on or before May, 20th 47.

SATISH D. KALELKAR,
Principal. 3352

NOTIFICATION.

Civil Supplies Department.
Bombay Castle, 24th April, 1947.

Bombay Essential Commodities and Cattle (Control) Act, 1946.

No. R. 44—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 4 of the Bombay Essential Commodities and Cattle (Control) Act, 1946 (Bom. XXII of 1946), the Government of Bombay is pleased to amend the Bombay Cattle-Feed Rationing Order, 1944, as follows, namely:—

In the Schedule appended to the said Order the entry No. 4 relating to Guvar shall be deleted.

By order of the
Governor of Bombay.
J. BOOTH,
Secretary 3357

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. GOPALDAS POONJA, PURSHOTTAM JETHABHAI and KHATAU KHIMJI of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitants have contracted to sell to our clients the undermentioned property as absolute owners thereof. All persons having or claiming any right, title or interest to or in the said property or any portion thereof in any manner howsoever are requested to make the same known in writing to us at our office at Esplanade House, Waudby Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such right or interest and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY:

ALL THOSE pieces of land situate in the unsurveyed Khoti village of Kanjur in the registration district and sub-district of Thana and bearing the following particulars according to title deeds:—

Name of place	Area	Assessment, Dhep fare	Rs.	a.	p.
Kulbore alias Kulbawar	16-1-2½		8	13	10

and bearing the following Khot's Survey Numbers, Pot Numbers, Paini Numbers and other particulars:—

Survey No.	Pot No.	Area A.	G.
91	2	0	8¾
91	4	0	11½
91	5	0	6
91	7	0	36¼
93	1	0	22¼
93	P.½	0	3¼
90	3	0	5¾
90	13	0	3¾
		2	6½

Dated this 1st day of May, 1947.

PAYNE & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys. 3376

IN THE COURT OF THE ADDITIONAL SUBORDINATE JUDGE, CHIKMAGALUR.

Ex No. 8/46-47

Decree holder.
JAYA LAXMI BANK LTD.,
CHIKMAGALUR.

Judgment debtors.
K. DATTATREYA RAO & 2 others.

Notice under order 21 rule 66 C.P. Code.

To
K. DATTATREYA RAO, son of Krishna Rao, residing at No. 1/14 Dattatreya Building, Tukaram Javji Road, Chikalwadi, Bombay.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the above case is posted to 19-5-1947 for settlement of the proclamation of sale of the decree schedule properties and that if you fail to appear that day either in person or by a duly constituted attorney, you will be treated exparte and the sale proclamation drawn up in your absence.

By order of the Court
S. G. SUNDER RAO.
Advocate for decreeholder
Chikmagalur.
29-4-1947. 3353

(For Further Notices See Page 20

Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADE at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.